REPORT ON AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2020

LIVINGSTON, LOUISIANA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

President and Members of the Livingston Parish School Board Livingston, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund, the budgetary comparison statement of the Disaster Special Revenue Fund, the fiduciary fund statement and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Livingston Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Livingston Parish School Board's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund, the budgetary comparison statement of the Disaster Special Revenue Fund, the fiduciary fund statement and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Livingston Parish School Board as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability by plan, the schedule of contributions by plan, and the Schedule of Changes in the School Board's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on pages 4 through 21 and 83 through 87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the primary government financial statements that collectively comprise the Livingston Parish School Board's basic financial statements. The schedules listed in the table of contents as Schedules 3 through 16 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, identified in the Table of Contents as Schedule 17, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Schedules 6 through Schedule 16 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, Schedule 17, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Schedule 4 and Schedule 5 are schedules required by state law and have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2020, on our consideration of the Livingston Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Livingston Parish School Board's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Livingston Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted, Hannis T. Bangeois, LLP

Denham Springs, Louisiana December 18, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2020

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Livingston Parish School Board provides an overview and overall review of the School System's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of the MD&A is to look in layman's terms at the School System's financial performance as a whole. Therefore, it should be read in conjunction with the School System's Annual Financial Statements and the notes thereto.

The MD&A is Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2019-2020 fiscal year include the following:

- Net assets increased by \$15,571,157 for the year ended June 30, 2020. As discussed below, the current year increase in net assets was the result of an increase in total assets of \$13,093,766 coupled with an increase in total deferred outflows of resources of \$44,655,822, an increase in total liabilities of \$50,819,497, and a decrease of total deferred inflows of resources of \$8,641,066.
- ✤ Total assets increased by \$13,093,766 attributed to the following elements:

	J	une 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Amount Increase (Decrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	106,885,805	\$ 93,960,157	\$12,925,648	13.76%
Receivables		26,820,740	27,636,860	(816,120)	(2.95)%
Inventory		2,489,626	2,249,183	240,443	10.69%
Capital Assets, Net of					
Accumulated Depreciation		251,438,343	250,694,548	743,795	0.30%
Total Assets	\$	387,634,514	\$374,540,748	\$13,093,766	3.50%

Cash increased due to a decrease in expenditures due to school closures from Mid-March of 2020 through the end of the 2019-2020 school year. Receivables decreased due to an increase in FEMA reimbursement obligations for repairs as a result of the Flood of 2016. The inventory increase reflects normal fluctuation of commodity items used by the School Food Service Program, School Supply, Textbooks/Workbooks, Computer Repair Parts and Maintenance Materials. Capital assets increased because of the continued capital outlay and construction within the Districts. Total capital outlay recorded in all funds in the current year amounted to \$10 million. At June 30, 2020, major incomplete construction projects in the Districts totaled \$6,586,404.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

✤ Total Liabilities increased \$50,819,497 due to the following items:

				Amount	Percent of
				Increase	Increase
	J	une 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Accounts, Salaries, and					
Other Payables	\$	31,149,790	\$ 27,686,146	\$ 3,463,644	12.51%
Interest Payable		509,281	778,009	(268,728)	(34.54)%
Long-Term Liabilities		697,604,682	649,980,101	47,624,581	7.33%
Total Liabilities	\$	729,263,753	\$678,444,256	\$50,819,497	7.49%

General payables increased in the short-term liabilities due to an increase in accounts payable; and increased in long-term liabilities due to an increase in compensated absences, combined with an increase in Other Post-Employment Benefits liability and an increase in net pension liabilities.

- ✤ General revenues increased by \$15,499,945 from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020. Primary increases and decreases are discussed below.
 - Property tax revenue levied increased \$355,569 (1.95%)
 - Sales and use tax revenue increased \$5,031,231 (10.36%)
 - State revenue sharing increased \$8,358 (0.86%)
 - The largest revenue source continues to be the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) distribution from the State, amounting to \$170,669,944. This is an increase of \$9,694,289 (6.02%) from the prior year. Since 1992-93, when a new MFP formula was implemented, Livingston Parish has seen its MFP funding increasing; (70% of general fund expenditures must be spent on instructional activities), and (50% of all new MFP money received must go to increase teacher salaries). However, the State has not fully funded the 2.75% growth factor that is added into the MFP formula since the 2008/09 fiscal year resulting in a loss of state revenue for each year.
 - Other state revenue and grants decreased \$328 (8.60%)
 - Earnings on investments decreased \$340,069 (14.02%)
 - Insurance Proceeds increased \$670,933 (100.00%)
 - Net gain (loss) on disposition of capital assets increased \$162,888 (100.78%)
 - Miscellaneous revenues decreased \$82,926 (41.97%)
- The largest expenditure of the School System continues to be payroll. This includes increases in benefit costs, primarily employer contributions to the retirement systems and health insurance programs. The next largest expenditure was construction costs, which includes major additions and renovations to several facilities. Other large expenditures include the cost of fuel and food, the purchase of buses, and the cost of other postemployment benefits.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The School Board's Report on the Audit of Basic Financial Statements consists of a series of financial statements and the associated notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the operations of the School Board as a whole, i.e., an entire operating entity. Beginning on page 22, the "Basic Financial Statements" Section, consisting of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, provide consolidated financial information, and render a government-wide perspective of the School Board's financial condition. They present an aggregate view of the School Board's financial view of the School Board do financially during the 2019/2020 fiscal year?" These statements include *all assets and liabilities* using the *accrual basis* of accounting used by most private-sector enterprises. The *accrual basis* takes into account all of the Board's current year revenues and expenses regardless of when paid or received.

By showing the change in net position for the year, the reader may ascertain whether the School Board's financial condition has improved or deteriorated. The changes, which are discussed in this MD&A, may be financial or non-financial in nature. Non-financial factors which may have an impact on the School Board's financial condition include increases in or erosion of the property or sales tax base within the Parish, student enrollment, facilities maintenance and condition, mandated educational programs for which little or no funding is provided, or other external factors.

To provide more in-depth reporting of the School Board's financial position and the results of operations, fund basis financial information is presented in the "Fund Financial Statements" section beginning on page 24. The Fund Financial Statements, which should be familiar to those who have read previous governmental financial statements, report governmental activities on more of a current rather than long-term basis, indicating sources and uses of funding, as well as resources available for spending in future periods.

Fund Financial Statements also provide more in-depth data on the School Board's most significant fund, its General Fund. This fund is considered a "major fund" under GASB Statement No. 34. The relationship between governmental *activities* reported in the Basic Financial Statements and the governmental *funds* reported in the Fund Financial Statements are reconciled in the financial statements (See Statements D and F).

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - presents financial information relative to assets held by the School Board on behalf of students and others in a position of trust and accounted for in the School Activity Fund and Sales Tax Collection Fund. See Schedule 14-1 for school-by-school information on the School Activity Fund and Schedule 14-2 for the receipts and disbursements of sales tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2020.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 23, the cost of the School Board's governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$270,676,225. However, not all of this cost was borne by the taxpayers of Livingston Parish. Of this amount, \$2,809,982 was paid by those who used or benefited from services rendered (e.g., charges for school lunches and summer school tuition) and \$37,137,521 was paid through various federal and state grants. The net cost of \$230,728,722, a 10.33% increase over the prior year, was paid by the taxpayers of the Parish through ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) from the State of Louisiana, and other general revenues.

Table I below shows the total cost of services and the net cost of these services (after charges for services and grants received) for the largest categories of expenses of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2020. The "net cost" presentation allows Parish taxpayers to determine the remaining cost of the various categories which were borne by them, and allows them the opportunity to assess the cost of each of these functions in comparison to the perceived benefits received.

	20	20	2019				
	Total CostNet Costof Servicesof Services		Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services			
Instruction:			······				
Regular Programs	\$105,648,945	\$101,164,381	\$ 96,971,518	\$ 94,061,125			
Special Education Programs	35,686,774	31,848,982	31,782,367	28,242,360			
Vocational Programs	3,883,796	3,606,705	3,396,218	2,910,965			
Special Programs	8,172,003	3,561,567	8,044,772	2,722,236			
Adult Continuing Ed Programs	301,301	16,518	224,155	1,460			
All Other Programs	3,561,151	2,213,290	3,666,995	1,240,859			
Support Services:							
Student Services	16,588,067	13,892,341	14,404,516	12,156,520			
Instructional Staff Support	10,141,146	6,581,485	8,587,333	5,676,949			
General Administration	10,385,705	9,228,113	10,102,497	8,874,457			
School Administration	15,007,103	14,914,158	13,575,384	13,457,406			
Business Services	2,796,986	1,625,032	2,482,405	1,519,422			
Plant Services	22,119,280	19,984,972	22,098,086	19,153,736			
Student Transportation Service	14,866,928	14,702,286	14,648,361	14,394,567			
Central Services	2,697,220	2,697,220	2,436,743	2,436,743			
Food Services	15,327,313	1,282,275	15,619,691	(1,550,671)			
Community Service Programs	100,339	17,229	116,100	21,958			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	3,392,168	3,392,168	3,807,804	3,807,804			
Totals	\$270,676,225	\$230,728,722	\$251,964,945	\$209,127,896			

TABLE ITotal and Net Cost of Governmental ActivitiesYear Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS

The School Board uses funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, some parish-wide, some by individual districts, and some by site, (e.g., dedicated taxes and grant programs). The Fund basis financial statements allow the School Board to demonstrate its stewardship over and accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. These statements also allow the reader to obtain more insight into the financial workings of the School Board, and assess further the School Board's overall financial health.

As the School Board completed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, its combined fund balance was \$90,944,720, as compared to its combined fund balance of \$78,826,555 as of June 30, 2019, an increase of \$12,118,165. The General Fund, the main operational arm of the School Board, saw its total fund balance increase by \$10,059,468. While General Fund Revenues increased by \$15,611,958, General Fund Expenditures increased by \$1,838,609 and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (Transfers to Other Funds) decreased by \$5,387,340 thereby increasing current year Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses from (\$9,101,221) to \$10,059,468 a total increase of \$19,160,689.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the School Board revises its budget to take into consideration significant changes in revenues or expenditures. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311 requires a budget amendment if either expected revenues are less than, and/or anticipated expenditures are in excess of budgetary goals by five percent (5%) or more. The Original Budget for the School Board was adopted on August 15, 2019, and the Final Budget was adopted June 18, 2020. The General Fund budget amendments increased total anticipated revenues by 2.45% and increased projected expenditures by 1.30%.

A schedule showing the School Board's General Fund's Original and Final Budget compared with Actual operating results is provided in this report, Statement G. The School Board generally did better than had been budgeted in its major fund since it practices conservative budgeting in which revenues are forecasted very conservatively and expenditures are budgeted with worse case scenarios in mind. The General Fund finished the fiscal year about \$12,112,584 more than had been budgeted.

The fiscal year 2021 General Fund budget, adopted on August 20, 2020, showed anticipated revenues of \$244,367,181 and projected expenditures of \$244,744,300 resulting in a projected decrease of \$377,119 for the year. Transfers out include \$2,300,000 to the School Food Service Fund, \$2,005,000 to the Maintenance Fund, \$3,347,510 to the Sinking Fund (Debt Service) and \$800,000 to the Capital Projects fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2020, the School Board had \$251,438,343 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture, vehicles, computers, and other equipment. This amount is net of accumulated depreciation to date. Increases during the year represent additions to those categories, while decreases represent retirements of assets during the year, and depreciation of depreciable assets for the year. Table II below shows the net book value of capital assets at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

TABLE II

Net Capital Assets at June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Land	\$ 16,200,203	\$ 16,200,203
Construction in Progress	6,586,404	11,805,318
Buildings and Improvement	214,592,834	207,349,294
Furniture and Equipment	3,280,385	3,501,373
Library Books and Textbooks	3,921,565	3,909,866
Vehicles	6,856,952	7,928,494
Total	\$ 251,438,343	\$ 250,694,548

During the current fiscal year, \$11,538,993 of assets were capitalized as additions while \$789,607 were deleted, consisting of obsolete items. Depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2020 amounted to a net of \$7,647,812 on buildings and improvements and \$3,144,186 on movables such as furniture, vehicles, and equipment.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the school system had \$14,832,571 in completed capital projects and incomplete construction totaled \$6,586,404.

All funding is coming from the individual districts, except for the Denham Springs District No. 1 in which \$38 million in revenue bonds were sold, in June 2017, for the purpose of restoring flood damaged school facilities and contents.

The School Board has no significant infrastructure assets which would require capitalization and depreciation. All parking lots, sidewalks, etc. are considered to be part of the cost of buildings, and depreciated with the buildings. All depreciation of capital assets is under the straight-line method. Useful lives for buildings are for 40 years, while those for furniture, fixtures, vehicles and equipment vary for 5 to 10 years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

<u>DEBT</u>

At June 30, 2020, the School System had outstanding long-term indebtedness of \$96,191,747 as compared to \$103,804,804 at June 30, 2019. This included General Obligation Bonds, Qualified School Construction Bonds, Revenue Bonds and capital leases for the purchase of new buses.

Based on the 2020 Grand Recapitulation from the Parish Assessor's office, the legal debt limit of the School System fixed by Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562(L) at 35% of the total assessed valuation of property in the Parish was approximately \$399,000,000 at June 30, 2020.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Livingston Parish is located in the southeastern portion of Louisiana approximately 30 miles east of the state capital of Baton Rouge. The parish consists of 703 square miles of which 648 square miles is land and 55 square miles is water; it is 32 miles long by 30 miles wide. The geographical landscape of the parish varies. The northern part of the parish consists of rolling terrain covered by slash pine and hardwood forests approximately 50 feet above sea level. In the southern end of the parish, the land submerges into rich cypress forests and marshes that border on Lake Maurepas and the Amite River. Between lie a variety of streams, bayous and swales. It is bordered by St. Helena Parish on the north, Tangipahoa Parish on the east, East Baton Rouge Parish on the west, and Lake Maurepas, St. John the Baptist Parish and Ascension Parish on the south.

Livingston Parish's ideal location near Baton Rouge and New Orleans makes it a smart choice for access to both metropolitan areas. The parish is minutes from Baton Rouge, less than an hour from New Orleans and is within just a couple of hours drive of the major industrial area of the coast of the Gulf of Mexico. Livingston Parish is just 15 miles from deep water at the Port of Greater Baton Rouge which provides direct connections to the Ports of New Orleans and Mobile. Interstate 12, which runs east/west throughout the entire parish, provides highway access to Interstates 10, 55 and 59 within a 60-mile radius. The Interstate 12 corridor has been a "national hot spot" for business development and will continue to be a driver of Louisiana's economy. The Canadian National Railway operates within the parish, including the Livingston Industrial Park, and runs through the southeastern major distribution markets south into Mexico and north across Canada. The Baton Rouge Metropolitan Airport is only 15 miles away, and New Orleans' Louis Armstrong International Airport in New Orleans is 80 miles away; both provide passenger and freight services. The parish also has two electric utility providers and several natural gas distributors and pipelines.

EDUCATION

The Livingston Parish School System is the eighth largest school system in the state of Louisiana with its present enrollment at approximately 26,050. It has forty-four schools (pre-K through high school) and one alternative school. October 1, 2020 numbers reflect a decrease of approximately 100 students from the previous October. It is the largest employer in the parish with 3,800 employees and an annual budget of \$313 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The latest Cohort Graduation Rates released by the Louisiana Department of Education confirm that Livingston Parish students continue to be among the highest performing students in the state. The district ranks 16^{th} in the state for students graduating with more than a standard diploma (72.1% of students) and ranks 1^{st} in the state for students graduating with advanced credentials (42.3% of students). Students graduating with advanced credentials (42.3% of students). Students graduating with advanced credentials increased 12.8% compared to the previous year. The Graduation Rate for the class of 2020 was 88.4% as compared to 80.1% for the State of Louisiana. This is a 1% increase from the previous year.

In addition, Livingston Parish students continue to be among the state's top performers in Advanced Placement (AP) exams. According to the Louisiana Department of Education's report, 698 students in the 2019-2020 school year earned an AP exam score that resulted in college credit. AP courses in high school offer students the opportunity to earn college credit in the same subject. This is an increase of 153 students from the previous year and ranks 3rd in the State of Louisiana.

Livingston Parish Public Schools was honored to be recognized by *Forbes* as *Best Employer in Louisiana*. The second annual Forbes list of top employers, which is based on a survey of 80,000 workers nationwide, consists of 51 separate rankings, one for each of the 50 states and Washington, D.C. Only employers with at least 500 workers on their payrolls were included in the survey. A total of 40 employers in Louisiana were recognized. The number of businesses ranked in each state was dependent on two factors – the number of qualifying employers and the size of the state's workforce – and those with operations in more than one state had the opportunity to be listed multiple times.

Northside Elementary Pre-K Program was named a Top 10-rated early childhood education site, according to the Louisiana Department of Education's 2019-2020 performance profile report. At the same time, five other parish early childhood education sites received the state's top excellent rating. Northside Elementary received an excellent rating of 6.53 – the state's fifth-highest rating, tying for the No. 8 ranking. The school scored high in emotional support (6.85) and classroom organization support (6.83).

Livingston's top tier public K-12 schools and close proximity to major universities, community colleges, and technical colleges make it a prime training ground for a competitive workforce. The school system is one of the best in Louisiana, consistently ranked in the top ten systems for students' academic performance. Our college students enjoy an easy commute to Louisiana State University, Southern University, and Baton Rouge Community College all located in Baton Rouge, Southeastern Louisiana University in Hammond, River Parishes Community College in Gonzales, and Northshore Community College with campuses in Hammond and Greensburg.

In September 2018, officials broke ground on the new community college and workforce training center that will offer a wide range of programs, including, but not limited to general education, allied health, welding, electrical, scaffolding, and technology. The 20,000 square foot building currently host approximately 650 students, with plans to double on site enrollment over the next 18 months once we are free from the threat of COVID. Currently 400 of the parish's 8,500 high school students are dually enrolled at Northshore Technical and Community College, taking classes at their schools with teachers who are certified as adjunct instructors. Now that the school has acquired its full SACS accreditation, this number will continue to increase with new opportunities presenting themselves each semester. Northshore opened its facility at the Walker location in October 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The Livingston Parish Literacy and Technology Center located in Walker is a joint project between Southeastern Louisiana University and the Livingston Parish School Board. It offers high school and college courses, literacy and enrichment programs for adults and children, and after-school tutoring. Vocational training includes automotive service technology, computer service technology, criminal justice, patient care technology, pharmacy technician, and medical office assistant. The Family Resource Center is also located at the Lit/Tech Center. It provides resources and assistance to support parents with their children's education.

Livingston Parish Public Schools opened a full-time virtual program in August 2020, open to students in grades 6-12, who are well-suited for rigorous online instruction, or who may find it to be a better alternative to current home school, charter or private instruction formats. This program is designed to successfully take virtual students to the same destination as our traditional students, but just by a different path. The content standards in the curriculum of the program will be the same as those in the traditional brick-and-mortar schools. The program will offer some students the opportunity to excel in a different learning environment. The virtual instruction will be supported with online interaction with the instructor, as well as required face-to-face sessions, which will be held at the Livingston Parish Literacy and Technology Center in Walker. The Livingston Virtual program includes community field trips within the structure to offer positive opportunities for service and social interaction, as well as mandatory class attendance, a minimum GPA requirement, and participation in standardized testing to adhere to statemandated policies.

WHY LIVINGSTON PARISH?

Livingston Parish is primarily described as a rural parish with a population of 143,616 based on the July 1, 2020 estimate from Louisiana.HometownLocator.com. Sales of new homes increased from 1,245 through July of 2019 to 1,381 through July of 2020 which is an increase of 10.9% according to The Greater Baton Rouge Association of Realtors. Housing here is affordable with a median sales price of \$189,900. Residential developments continue to expand, with upscale homes available as well. The Palms at Juban Lakes opened in June 2018. It is a \$24.5 million luxury apartment complex located one mile from the Juban interchange near Interstate 12. The parish anticipates this growth trend to continue as people learn about the advantages of the quality of life in Livingston Parish.

The total assessed property value on the Livingston Parish Tax Roll in June 2020 is approximately \$871,551,320. The taxable value is \$621,770,371, which is a 11% increase over the prior year. Increased population and development of rural lands, in addition to re-assessments of existing properties every four years, continue to elevate property values.

Livingston Parish has earned a growing reputation as a great place to live. In addition, the parish is considered a hot location for business and is in the midst of a commercial boom. The once rural community offers almost everything businesses want when they are looking to invest. It has great schools, a growing population, abundant family housing, high quality of life, unbeatable location, untapped opportunity, well-planned infrastructure and business-friendly leadership. Livingston Parish consists of two cities (Denham Springs and Walker), three towns (Livingston, Albany and Springfield), three villages (Killian, French Settlement and Port Vincent), one major unincorporated area (Watson), and other rural unincorporated developments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

CITY of DENHAM SPRINGS – population 10,216

The parish's largest city, Denham Springs, includes a historic downtown antique district with 30 antique shops in addition to numerous restaurants, hotels and other retail stores. In November 2018, the Denham Springs Antique Village was placed on the National Register of Historic Places. Denham Springs was named Readers' Choice Award for "Best Louisiana Main Street" and ranked by AAA's Southern Travel as one of the three best antique shopping destinations in the country.

Located off Wax Road, south of I-12 is Greystone Golf and Country Club. Greystone is a 350-acre development featuring a golf course, clubhouse, dining, gift shop, pool, fitness area, tennis and basketball courts, playground, lake and trails along with some 350 upscale homes. Greystone's golf course is recognized as one of the more challenging in the state even for highly skilled golfers.

In Denham Springs, Bass Pro Shop is the anchor to a 75-acre development at I-12 and Range Avenue. The 163,000 square foot outdoor gear and apparel store features hand-painted murals from renowned artists depicting scenes that are typical of southern Louisiana. Record wildlife mounts are displayed alongside local historical prints depicting early Louisiana residents enjoying sporting adventures. The bayou theme includes a uniquely designed aquarium, an alligator pit, a huge snapping turtle and museum quality wildlife dioramas. There is an expansive boat showroom featuring Gator Trax boats built right here in the town of Springfield. The entire store is a tribute to the vast diversity of the Louisiana landscape and its people. It is estimated the Bass Pro Shop and accompanying hotels and restaurants achieve annual sales of \$70 million.

Sam's Club is located on 17 acres next to the Bass Pro Shops development and opened its 136,000 square foot facility in June 2012. The store has 175 employees and estimates gross sales of approximately \$40 million annually. Nearby, restaurants and other shops are installing themselves in the Amite Crossing strip mall and in Riverside Landing.

Juban Crossing is a \$350 million multi-use development at the intersection of Interstate 12 and Juban Road. The 471-acre development is being built in three phases over a span of 5 to 7 years. Retail stores began opening in October 2014. The project leaders estimate the development will create about 3,500 jobs and generate about \$6 million annually in ad valorem taxes alone and about \$22 million in tax collections over 25 years. Spanning over 1.2 million square feet of easily accessible space in one of south Louisiana's most desirable growth areas, Juban Crossing provides the ideal destination for anyone and every taste. It offers approximately 55 businesses including popular retailers, restaurants, a multi-screen theater, and an upscale supermarket with more opening soon and others on the drawing board.

Also located in Denham Springs are Superior Steel and CAP Technologies. Superior Steel employs 85 employees supplying structural steel to commercial and industrial customers across the country. In 2012, the company purchased nearly 20 acres, where they renovated buildings, invested more than \$1 million in new equipment and expanded the fabrication plant to 90,000 square feet. Superior Steel was presented the 2018 NuHeights Design Award Building of the Year honor. The company provided the steel and erection work on The Water Institute of the Gulf in Baton Rouge. In June 2011, CAP Technologies fully renovated and constructed its current 50,000 square foot facility in Denham Springs and began production in

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

February of 2013. The company offers a patented, environmentally friendly, unique single process for the surface texturing, cleaning, and/or coating of metals. Electro Plasma Technology (EPT) process allows CAP Technologies to process materials of different sizes and shapes, while retaining the properties of the base metal.

In 2019, the All-Star Automotive Group expanded its franchise in Livingston Parish to include All-Star Nissan and All-Star Kia located at the Juban/I-12 interchange in Denham Springs. In 2020, a new Hobby Lobby store opened in Denham Springs located across from Juban Crossing at the Juban/I-12 interchange. These larger retail stores have brought many new jobs to Livingston Parish.

CITY of WALKER – population 6,832

The City of Walker is one of the fastest growing cities in Louisiana and was recently ranked second among the top ten best places in the state to raise a family. Walker is the home of Wal-Mart, Stine Lumber Company, CVS Pharmacy, Walgreens, LaQuinta Inn and a Best Western hotel. One of the town's major thoroughfares, Highway 447, hosts numerous restaurants and businesses with many more already under construction.

Walker is also home to the Livingston Parish Industrial Park Area. The 200-acre Livingston Parish Industrial Park is located on U.S. Hwy. 190 just two miles from Interstate-12. Approximately 120 acres of the park have been developed including sewer & water, electricity, access road and signage. Having sites pre-certified helps to expedite the process when developers are ready to invest. The Livingston Parish Industrial Park is the first parcel of land in Livingston Parish to be certified as "development ready" through a program of Louisiana Economic Development. It is home to CB&I, Waste Management, Miscellaneous Steel Specialties and Compressor Engineering Corporation (CECO) and construction is underway for a new food distribution facility. The park currently generates over \$1.2 million in property taxes to the parish, with several sites still under 10-year property tax alleviation programs that are provided as incentives by state and local governments. There are roughly 800 employees who work inside the industrial park with over \$1 million in payroll paid out annually.

CB&I is the most complete energy infrastructure focused company in the world. The pipe fabrication facility at the Livingston Parish Industrial Park employs more than 600 people. The facility sits on 70 acres, houses an average of \$35 million worth of piping inventory on site and makes or supplies piping products for the many plants and refineries in Louisiana and beyond.

In May 2015, Waste Management of Louisiana opened a new compressed natural gas fleet facility in Walker. The new CNG facility, servicing routes in Livingston Parish and the greater Baton Rouge area, is a major step toward the company's goal of reducing its fleet emissions and increasing its fuel efficiency. Waste Management's CNG-powered vehicles cut smog-producing nitrogen oxide emissions by up to 50 percent compared to the cleanest diesel trucks.

Miscellaneous Steel Specialties offers an 11,000 square foot fabrication facility. Located within the Livingston Parish Industrial Park, the company is committed to the safe production of fabricated steel products which meet the specifications required by their clients while incorporating industry specification standards.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The Livingston Parish Industrial Park is also home to Compressor Engineering Corporation (CECO) which is the world's largest independent manufacturer of engine and compressor replacement parts. CECO offers pipeline construction and maintenance and is an industry leader in training and technical services. Customers include gas pipelines, gathering and processing companies, petrochemical, industrial and refrigeration plants worldwide.

The Martin-Brower Company's \$16 million distribution facility in Walker sits on a 22-acres site within the Livingston Parish Industrial Park. The facility is a food distribution plant for an international company that supplies McDonald's and other fast food restaurants around the world. In moving from its previous facilities in Port Allen, Louisiana, the company brought 160 existing jobs and created 30 new direct jobs and 26 new indirect jobs that will provide an additional \$1.3 million in new annual payroll by 2020.

Just west of the Livingston Parish Industrial Park on U.S Highway 190, you will find the Walker Industrial Park. The park offers great access to Interstate 12, concrete streets and all public utilities including sewer. In early 2014, Gilchrist Construction Company began operation of their \$2 million asphalt plant location on 12 acres. Walker Metal Express built and opened a new manufacturing facility in October 2011 and produces residential and commercial metal roofing and steel building products. The park is also home to Comfort Control Heating & Air, a licensed and insured air conditioning and heating contractor, and Walker-Hill Environmental, Inc. which provides a wide range of remediation services for sites affected with contaminated soil and/or groundwater. Petro-Chem Services provides tank barge loading and unloading, fresh air and bottle watch for all cargos where needed, and in plant and facility operations. Other businesses reside inside the park.

Our Lady of the Lake (OLOL) Livingston, located on 240 acres just off I-12 near Walker, opened for business in September 2012. The medical center includes the state's first freestanding emergency room which is open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In addition to a freestanding emergency room, OLOL Livingston includes outpatient services such as a lab with imaging services including CT, ultrasound, X-ray and MRI, as well as physician offices. The facility has 135 full-time employees with a total annual payroll of approximately \$6.6 million. OLOL Livingston is one of the latest additions to an ever-growing number of new medical facilities located throughout Livingston Parish.

✤ TOWN of LIVINGSTON, population 1,835

In Livingston, the parish seat, you will find the parish courthouse and government offices, health unit, and a Louisiana Motor Vehicles office. At the end of 2014, the construction of a new Livingston Parish Courthouse was completed. The new facility contains over 100,000 square feet and is the home of the sheriff, clerk of court and district attorney. It also includes judges' chambers and courtrooms all with state of art security equipment.

Probably the biggest economic impact to hit the parish was the announcement in March 2015 that Livingston Parish will be home to EPIC Piping. EPIC invested \$45.3 million to establish an advanced pipe fabrication facility and corporate headquarters. The state-of-the-art facility is located on LA Highway 63, just south of the Interstate 12 interchange at Livingston. The 500,000 square foot facility sits on 70 acres. The company opened in November 2016 and the project created more than 600 new jobs to the parish.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The impact on the job market will be substantial.

Construction was completed in January 2017 on a new PepsiCo warehouse distribution center south of the town of Livingston and is created more than 200 jobs to Livingston Parish. The 140,000 square foot facility is located just off LA Highway 63, immediately north of EPIC Piping's plant and headquarters. The business provides daily distribution of bottled products to area stores.

Perhaps the most unique asset in Livingston Parish is the Laser Interferometer Gravitational Wave Observatory (LIGO) federal research project, one of only two sites in the world which is located near the Town of Livingston. While scientists study gravitational waves, education directors conduct free tours of the facility and the Science Education Center has over forty hands-on interactive science exhibits that relate to the science of LIGO. Tours include a 20-minute video called Einstein's Messengers and there is plenty of time to explore the exhibits that will fascinate and challenge visitors. In September 2015, Livingston LIGO and a sister site in Hanford, Washington recorded gravitational waves from the collision of two black holes more than a billion light years away. The signal confirmed a key prediction of Albert Einstein's 1916 general theory of relativity and kick-started a new era of astronomy. LIGO was awarded the 2017 Nobel Prize in Physics for the world's first direct detection of gravitational waves. In June 2018, both LIGO labs were designated Historic Physics Sites by the American Physical Society. For more information about tours and programs, see the LIGO website at www.ligo.caltech.edu/LA.

✤ TOWN of ALBANY – population 1,237

The Town of Albany is located near the eastern border of Livingston Parish, about eight miles west of Hammond. The Hungarian Settlement located just south of the Interstate 12 Albany/Springfield exit is the largest settlement of people of Hungarian descent in the United States. Each October the rural ethnic settlement draws hundreds of guests to its Hungarian Festival which was instituted to preserve Hungarian food, music, dance and culture. Restoration of the old Hungarian school to convert the school into a new Hungarian Museum has been completed. The museum is a site for preservation of artifacts, documents, photographs, immigration papers, newspapers, AV materials and oral histories of Hungarian settlers. It also provides a site for research, cultural events, Hungarian language classes, exhibit and educational programs for children and adults. More information can be found at www.hungarianmuseum.com.

Livingston Parish also boasts the Veterans' Memorial Plaza which honors living and deceased veterans across the nation. Located in Albany, the stunning plaza consists of five brick walls that display the names of men and women who have served in all branches of the military. At the center is a massive American flag mounted atop a lighted 60-foot flagpole. The memorial itself is flanked by ten 30-foot flagpoles bearing flags representing the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marines, the U.S. Coast Guard, the Merchant Marines, POWs and MIAs, the State of Louisiana, the AMVETS and the American Legion. Future phases of the memorial will include a statue overlooking the plaza and an open-air outdoor classroom with bleachers adjacent to it.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

***** TOWN of SPRINGFIELD – population 537

Springfield is the parish's easternmost and oldest town. From 1835 to 1872, the historic town served as the parish seat and is now the oldest municipality in Livingston Parish. The old courthouse still stands today and is on the National Register of Historic Places. The Springfield Cemetery is the resting place for many Civil War veterans. One weekend a year, Springfield celebrates its heritage and honors the veterans with a Civil War Reenactment held in the heart of town.

Magnificent natural resources like Lake Maurepas, Tickfaw River and Amite River which surround the Town of Springfield making boating, tubing, kayaking and fishing major activities for residents of the entire Capital Region. Other outdoor activities include camping, water skiing, swamp tours, river parades and boat races which include the annual Tickfaw 200 Poker Run and the Redneck Regatta.

Near the town of Springfield, with easy access from Interstates 12 and 55, you will find the Tickfaw State Park. It is a 1,200-acre park located along three miles of the Tickfaw River. This State Park has it all: camping, fishing, hiking, bird watching, biking, canoeing and much more. It is a stop along the Gulf Coast Birding Trail and is an excellent site for birders of all persuasions.

Carter Plantation is home to PGA champion and Louisiana native David Toms' first signature design golf course which was a recipient of Golf Magazine's "Top 10 Courses You Can Play". The spectacular 18-hole 7,000-plus yard par-72 golf course winds through three distinct Louisiana landscapes - live oak flats, cypress wetlands and upland pine forests. The residential resort and golf community located in Springfield surrounds a historic plantation home that dates back to the early 19th century and presently offers home sites, accommodations, meeting space, a first-class restaurant and recreation facilities.

✤ VILLAGE of KILLIAN – population 1,371

The small Village of Killian is one of Livingston Parish's many river communities making it a popular weekend destination with access to a number of waterways and the recreation and natural beauty they offer. Killian is located along the Tickfaw River on LA Highway 22 with easy access to Lake Maurepas. Highway 22 is bustling with residential and commercial development catering to the many visitors and growing number of residents.

✤ VILLAGE of FRENCH SETTLEMENT – population 1,247

The Village of French Settlement is located in the southwestern portion of Livingston Parish. The village population quickly multiplies when weekend boaters and anglers converge on the Amite River. The river, which divides the parishes of Livingston and Ascension, is a hotspot for many water and outdoor activities. French Settlement hosts the annual Creole Festival and is home of the Creole House. The home, an authentic Creole cottage, represents the culture and customs of the people of French, Spanish and German origin and exhibits hundreds of artifacts from the early 1800's.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

✤ VILLAGE of PORT VINCENT – population 772

Like nearby French Settlement, the Village of Port Vincent's main draw is its waterfront location, luring many recreational visitors to the Amite River. There is a mix of old and new businesses. However, the strongest appeal of the Village is the beautiful riverfront location. On any given day, sportsmen can be spotted traveling the river. As one rides the Amite River along the banks of Port Vincent, it is evident this community is one of the many reasons Louisiana is call a "Sportsman's Paradise".

♦ WATSON (unincorporated) – population 1,037

Watson is a small but growing unincorporated town located in the northwest corner of Livingston Parish just five miles north of Denham Springs. It is one of the fastest growing areas in the parish. Watson retains that small town quality of life but is located close enough to Baton Rouge and Denham Springs to take advantage of their amenities. Just to the west of Watson, the Amite River, which borders East Baton Rouge Parish, has served as a source of transportation and recreation over the years, and it currently supports a large gravel industry.

Watson has seen a steady growth in local businesses in the past few years and continues to grow as the population does. The area is home to numerous shops, restaurants and businesses. The influx of new retail development continues in Watson.

SATSUMA (unincorporated)

North Oaks Health System opened its facility in January 2012. The 2-story 47,000 square foot medical complex represents a total investment of \$32 million and is located on 34 acres of land on the south side of the I-12 Colyell/Satsuma interchange. The outpatient complex offers a wide range of outpatient diagnostic and treatment services including cardiology, laboratory, radiology and rehabilitation services, an Urgent Care Center, a Family Medicine Clinic, a Specialty Clinic, and a Conference Room for health education. North Oaks employs approximately 100 health care professionals with an estimated \$4.4 million payroll and projects economic impact of \$13.2 million cycling through the community annually.

Also at the I-12 Satsuma interchange is the Summa Crossing development. The project includes upscale traditional single-family residential neighborhoods, premium residential condominiums and apartment developments in the 2,000-acre community. Developers hope Summa Crossing will also pave the way for multiple shopping centers. The area is the home of the Suma Hill Conference Center, which boasts an 800-seat live production theater.

In Satsuma, parked along I-12 at exit 19, you will notice an F-4 Phantom Navy Jet on display as a tribute to World War II veterans. In February 2014, the Phantom jet was delivered from the National Naval Aviation Museum in Pensacola, Florida. The aircraft is elevated 20 feet and is adorned with Old Glory flying majestically atop a tall flagpole. Plans are to add other military pieces as they become available.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The Livingston Parish Airport District announced in November 2017 that it has acquired more than 242 acres near the Satsuma Exit at Interstate 12 to locate a new general aviation airport, Livingston Executive Airport. Plans for the new airport include a 5,000-foot lighted runway, a flight service station, airplane hangars and a fuel station. It promises to be a valuable economic development resource for the parish.

HOLDEN (unincorporated)

Ferrara Fire Apparatus, located just east of Baton Rouge in Holden, leads the industry in the custom design and manufacture of emergency response vehicles. Ferrara is America's premier provider of heavy-duty fire apparatus and construction materials. Their design process gives the customer input into how the truck will be built. The company is the fourth largest manufacturer of fire trucks in the United States. They did \$165 million in sales in 2016 and the company is forecasting continued increases in sales each year because of pent-up demand and expectations for more infrastructure spending. Ferrara has delivered more than 5,000 new fire apparatus to agencies in this country and around the world.

LIVINGSTON PARISH ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

In July 2015, the Livingston Economic Development Council (LEDC) announced the release of their business assistance website, "Livingston Advantages", as a medium to help cultivate and guide new and existing businesses in Livingston Parish. The website was a collaborated effort between the LEDC, parish officials and organizations, business owners and other community leaders. Livingston Advantages creates a tool for people who are thinking about starting a business or expanding their existing operation in Livingston Parish. One of the site's functions is to provide local leaders a place to send people for answers to their questions. To access the site, go to www.livingstonadvantages.com.

Businesses planning to locate in Livingston Parish have access to a number of tax incentive programs including property tax abatement, sales tax rebates, job tax credits, payroll rebates and more. For more information on these incentives, go to www.ledc.net/site-selectors/incentives.

A united effort between the public and private sectors will assist in the continued economic growth of Livingston Parish. The *Livingston Tomorrow* campaign is designed to be Livingston's economic development vehicle to capitalize on the plentiful resources of our community by bringing together a diverse group of individuals, organizations and businesses. The plan calls for the creation of thousands of new jobs, new business growth and existing business expansion, and prosperity in Livingston Parish over the next few years. The core mission of *Livingston Tomorrow* is based on the concept of "economic vitality" and the need to have a strong, healthy, local economy aimed at improving the economic quality of life for residents and businesses.

We envision Livingston Parish to be a vibrant, diversified economy with high quality jobs that continually strives to improve our infrastructure, transportation, education and workforce development, healthcare and other vital services. We will be an area that is more competitive for new business than we are today. By aggressively preparing for the future, *Livingston Tomorrow* will ensure that our current economic prosperity continues and grows well into the future.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

TOURISM

The Livingston Parish Convention & Visitors Bureau Tourist Center is located off I-12 at the Albany exit. Visitors will find a wealth of information located just inside the center. Free brochures, maps, magazines and newspapers are available. Anyone wanting additional help uncovering Livingston Parish's "treasures" can call 225-567-7899 or 888-317-7899, email info@livingstontourism.com or they can check out the website, www.livingstontourism.com. The website provides a wealth of information on cities and towns, lodging, outdoor activities, shopping, attractions, restaurants and much more. Come "Live it up in Livingston!"

FLOOD OF AUGUST 2016 – Four years later

From August 11, 2016 through August 15, 2016, the weather system that stalled over southeast Louisiana dumped up to 20 inches of rain in many places, and perhaps as much as 36 inches in other places causing catastrophic flooding of thousands of homes and businesses. The school system had eight schools that suffered severe flood damage of which three were a total loss, two had serious damage and three had mild damage.

Currently, three schools are still located on temporary campuses. Southside Elementary and Junior High students have relocated to temporary campuses next to Juban Parc Elementary and Junior High. Denham Springs Elementary is on a temporary site on land loaned to us by a local church. Construction to rebuild the three campuses are currently underway. All other schools are open and final permanent repairs on several sites were completed during the summer of 2018.

Economically, things have turned around. The majority of the retail establishments that flooded have reopened. Business owners are determined to bring their business back to life and help make their communities be better than ever. New businesses continue to open each year.

Livingston Parish has been one of the fastest growing parishes in Louisiana. We have suffered a huge misfortune, but we are on the road to recovery and we will be great again. One thing that has not changed is the fact that Livingston Parish is the place to be! We are the place to be for small and large business alike, retail and industrial sectors, for great schools, excellent quality of life and wonderful people. In the end, some things never change.

LINKS TO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information on Livingston Parish can be found at the following websites:

- Livingston Parish Public Schools www.lpsb.org
- Livingston Economic Development Council www.ledc.net
- Livingston Advantage www.livingstonadvantages.com
- Livingston Parish Government www.livingstonparishla.gov
- Livingston Parish Sheriff's Office www.lpso.org
- Livingston Parish Assessor www.livingstonassessor.com
- Livingston Parish Clerk of Courts www.livclerk.org
- Livingston Parish Convention & Visitors Bureau www.livingstontourism.com
- Livingston Parish Chamber of Commerce www.livingstonparishchamber.org
- Greater Baton Rouge Association of Realtors (GBRAR) https://gbrar.com/marketstats/

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

While this report is designed to provide full and complete disclosure of the financial conditions and operations of the Livingston Parish School Board, citizen groups, taxpayers, parents, students, other parish officials, investors or creditors may need further details. To obtain such details, please contact Kim Stewart, Business Manager, at the Livingston Parish School Board Office, 13909 Florida Blvd, P.O. Box 1130, Livingston, LA 70754-1130, or by calling 225-686-4235, during regular business hours, Monday thru Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., central time. Ms. Stewart's e-mail address is Kim.Stewart@lpsb.org.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

JUNE 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

ASSETS

		Governmen	tal Act	ivities					
		2020		2019					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	44,735,805	\$	31,810,157					
Investments (Certificates of Deposit - Maturities Greater Than 90 Days)		62,150,000		62,150,000					
Receivables		26,820,740		27,636,860					
Inventory		2,489,626		2,249,183					
Capital Assets:									
Land and Construction in Progress		22,786,607		28,005,521					
Other Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		228,651,736		222,689,027					
Total Assets		387,634,514		374,540,748					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOU	RCES								
Deferred Amount on Refunding		1,904,473		1,127,916					
Deferred Outflows - Related to Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions		53,045,445		14,963,183					
Deferred Outflows - Related to Pensions		57,956,856		52,159,853					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		112,906,774		68,250,952					
LIABILITIES									
Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables		31,149,790		27,686,146					
Interest Payable		509,281		778,009					
Long-Term Liabilities:									
Due Within One Year		12,543,426		11,782,912					
Due in More than One Year		415,852,068		376,517,016					
Net Pension Liability		269,209,188		261,680,173					
Total Liabilities		729,263,753		678,444,256					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	CES								
Deferred Inflows - Related to Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions		18,237,686		15,267,371					
Deferred Inflows - Related to Pensions		26,810,243		38,421,624					
		45,047,929		53,688,995					
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		177,488,865		173,553,355					
Restricted for:									
Debt Service Fund		7,291,519		6,724,735					
Maintenance of Schools		2,979,596		2,740,555					
General Fund		26,263,498		21,735,277					
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(487,793,872)		(494,095,473)					
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(273,770,394)	\$	(289,341,551)					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2020

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

			Program Revenues Operating	Total Governmental Activities - Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net			
	7	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		ition	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	2020	2019	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular Programs	\$ 105,648,945	\$ 369.445	\$ 4,115.119	s -	\$ (101,164,381)	\$ (94,061,125)	
Special Education Programs	35,686,774	7,393	3,830,399	-	(31,848.982)	(28,242.360)	
Vocational Programs	3,883,796	1,509	275,582	_	(3,606,705)	(2,910.965)	
Special Programs	8,172,003	-	4,610,436	_	(3,561,567)	(2,722,236)	
Adult Continuing Education	0,172,000				(5,551,507)	(2:/22,230)	
Programs	301,301	-	284,783	-	(16,518)	(1.460)	
All Other Programs	3,561,151	319.628	1,028.233	-	(2,213,290)	(1,240,859)	
Support Services:	, ,						
Student Services	16,588,067	-	2,695,726	-	(13,892,341)	(12.156,520)	
Instructional Staff Support	10,141,146	-	3,559,661	-	(6.581,485)	(5.676,949)	
General Administration	10,385,705	1,157,592	-	-	(9.228,113)	(8,874,457)	
School Administration	15,007,103	92,945	-	-	(14,914,158)	(13.457,406)	
Business Services	2,796,986	185.136	986.818	-	(1,625,032)	(1,519,422)	
Plant Services	22,119,280	167,128	1,967.180	-	(19,984.972)	(19,153.736)	
Student Transportation Services	14,866,928	138,593	26,049	-	(14,702,286)	(14,394.567)	
Central Services	2,697,220	-	-	-	(2,697,220)	(2,436.743)	
Food Services	15,327,313	370,613	13,674,425	-	(1.282,275)	1,550,671	
Community Service Programs	100,339	-	83.110	-	(17.229)	(21.958)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	3,392,168	-	-	-	(3,392,168)	(3,807.804)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 270,676.225	\$ 2,809,982	\$ 37,137.521	<u>\$</u>	\$ (230,728.722)	\$ (209,127.896)	
	Taxes:						
	Property Taxes, Le	vied for General P	urposes		\$ 12,560.290	\$ 11,932.339	
	Property Taxes, Le	vied for Debt Serv	vices		5,993,435	6,265.817	
	Sales and Use Tax	es, Levied for Gen	eral Purposes		51,199,370	46,523.410	
	Sales and Use Tax		t Services		2,410,433	2,055,162	
	State Revenue Sha	e e			985,011	976,653	
	Grants and Contribu		d to Specific Purpo	ises:			
	Minimum Foundat	ion Program			170,669,944	160,975,655	
	Other				3.484	3.812	
	Interest and Investm	ent Earnings			2,086,223	2,426.292	
	Insurance Proceeds				670,933	-	
	Net Gain (Loss) on	Disposition of Car	oital Assets		1,265	(161,623)	
	Miscellaneous			(280,509)	(197,583)		
	Total General R				246,299,879	230,799,934	
	Change in Net Posit				15,571,157	21,672,038	
	Net Position (Defici		Year		(289.341,551)	(311,013,589)	
	Net Position (Defici	it) - End of Year	\$ (273,770,394)	\$ (289,341,551)			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

	General	Disaster Capital Special Projects		Nonmajor		Total Governmental Funds					
ASSETS	 Fund	R	evenue Fund		Fund		Funds		2020		2019
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments (Certificates of Deposit	\$ 20,939,048	\$	4,744,648	S	5,861,027	\$	13,191,082	\$	44,735,805	\$	31,810,157
Maturities Greater Than 90 Days)	62,150,000		-		-		-		62,150,000		62,150,000
Receivables	6,705.384		14,101.661		14,783		5,998,912		26,820,740		27,636,860
Due from Other Funds	4,378,617		-		-		-		4,378,617		4,345,384
Inventory	 1,752,895		-		-		736,731		2,489,626		2.249,183
Total Assets	\$ 95,925,944	\$	18,846,309	\$	5,875,810	\$	19,926,725	\$	140,574,788	\$	128.191,584
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts, Salaries and Other Payables	\$ 27,041,283	\$	1,353,208	\$	170,035	\$	2,585,264	\$	31,149,790	\$	27,686,146
Due to Other Funds	 -		-		-		4,378,617		4,378,617		4,345,384
Total Liabilities	27.041,283		1,353,208		170,035		6,963,881		35,528,407		32,031,530
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Deferred Inflows of Resources -											
Unavailable Intergovernmental Revenues	-		14,101.661		-		-		14,101,661		17,333,499
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Inventory	1,752.895		-		-		736,731		2,489,626		2.249,183
Restricted For:											
Debt Service	-		-		-		7,291,519		7,291,519		6,724,735
Maintenance of Schools	-		-		-		2,979,596		2,979,596		2,740,555
Construction, Utilities and Maintenance	22,130.519		-		-		-		22,130,519		17,901,282
Educational Excellence	395,678		-		-		-		395,678		31,040
E-Rate	2,027,249		-		-		-		2,027,249		1.566,048
Career Development	1,710,052		-		-		-		1,710.052		1,379,943
Other	-		-		-		-		-		856,964
Committed To:											
Contracts	-		3,391.440		202,367		218,356		3,812,163		3,895,785
Assigned To:											
Capital Projects	-		-		5,503,408		-		5,503,408		2,722,301
School Lunch Program	-		-		-		1,736,642		1,736,642		2,886,050
Insurance Proceeds	5,000,000		-		-		-		5,000,000		5.000,000
Property Damage Insurance	1,000,000		-		-		-		1,000,000		1,000,000
General Liability Insurance	2,500.000		-		-		-		2,500,000		2.500,000
Workers Compensation Insurance	1,000,000		-		-		-		1,000,000		1,000,000
Salary Supplements	4,618.383		-		-		-		4,618,383		2,109,138
Other Post Employment Benefits	4,594,816		-		-		-		4,594,816		4,177,105
Unassigned	 22,155.069		-	••••••	-		-		22,155,069		20,086,426
Total Fund Balances	 68,884,661		3,391,440		5,705,775		12,962,844		90,944,720		78.826,555
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	 95,925,944	\$	18,846,309		5,875,810		19,926,725		140,574,788	\$	128,191,584

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

JUNE 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

	Total				
	Governme	ntal Funds			
	2020	2019			
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	S 90,944,720	\$ 78,826,555			
Cost of Capital Assets	408,019,838	397,270,452			
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(156,581,495)	(146,575,904)			
	251,438,343	250,694,548			
Elimination of Interfund Assets and Liabilities:					
Due from Other Funds	4,378,617	4,345,384			
Due to Other Funds	(4,378,617)	(4,345,384)			
	-	-			
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Accumulated Unfunded Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	(314,296,412)	(268,069,092)			
Compensated Absences	(15,697,334)	(13,846,032)			
Net Pension Liability	(269,209,188)	(261,680,173)			
Claims and Judgments	(2,210,000)	(2,580,000)			
Bonds Payable	(92,510,000)	(98,735,000)			
Capital Lease Payable	(1,830,149)	(2,934,888)			
Certificates of Indebtedness Payable	(266,685)	(333,350)			
Deferred Premium on Bonds	(1,584,914)	(1,801,566)			
Deferred Amount on Refunding	1,904,473	1,127,916			
Accrued Interest Payable	(509,281)	(778,009)			
	(696,209,490)	(649,630,194)			
Deferred Inflow of Resources - Unavailable Intergovernmental					
Revenues are not Reported in Governmental Funds	14,101,661	17,333,499			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment					
Benefits are not Reported in Governmental Funds	(18,237,686)	(15,267,371)			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions					
are not Reported in Governmental Funds	57,956,856	52,159,853			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment					
Benefits are not Reported in Governmental Funds	53,045,445	14,963,183			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions					
are not Reported in Governmental Funds	(26,810,243)	(38,421,624)			
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$ (273,770,394)	\$ (289,341,551)			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

Fund Revenue Fund Fund Funds 2020 2019 Revenues: Local Sources: Taxes: Ad Valorem \$ 5,552,529 \$ - \$ 2,794,896 \$ 9,906,300 \$ 18,553,725 \$ 18,198,156 Sales and Use 51,199,370 - - 2,410,433 53,609,803 48,578,572 Other 615,594 - - - 1003 10,672 Other 615,594 - - - 1,030 10,672 Trition 234,751 - - - 28,961 347,502 Other 4,577,077 - - 87,023 4,664,100 4,995,906 State Sources: - - 289,961 347,502 161,956,120 Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid 3,152,232 - - 3,152,232 1,947,210 Pederal Sources: - - 986,168 986,168 793,675 Unrestricted Crants-in-Aid 3,152,232 - - 96,168 793,675			Disaster	Capital	N T	Total Governmental	
Revenues: Joint Surves: Taxes: 5 5.852,529 5 - 5 2,794.896 5 9,906,300 5 18,553,725 5 18,198,156 Sales and Use 51,199,370 - - 2,410,433 55,609,803 48,578,572 Other 615,594 - - 1,003 106,722 Tuition 234,751 - - 243,751 299,961 289,961 289,961 246,292 Food Services - - 100,770 - 87,023 4,664,100 4,955,906 State Sources: - - - 87,023 4,664,100 495,506 Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid 170,776,700 - 243,248 68,491 11,658,439 161,956,120 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3,152,232 - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3,152,232 - - 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 103,455,603 43,330		General	Special Revenue Fund	Projects	Nonmajor		
Local Sources: Taxes: Ad Valorem \$ 5.5.852,529 \$ - \$ 2,794.896 \$ 9,906,300 \$ 18,553,725 \$ 18,198,156 Sales and Use \$1,199,370 - 2,410,433 \$5,600,803 44.578,572 Other 615,594 2,410,433 \$5,600,803 44.578,572 Other 615,594 2,410,433 \$5,600,803 44.578,572 Other 615,594 2,410,433 \$5,600,803 44.578,572 Other 615,594 2,410,433 \$5,600,803 44.578,572 Tuttion 234,751 2,234,751 297,700 Interest Examings 1.839,458 3,761 47,471 195,533 2,086,223 2,242,292 Food Services 2,289,961 2289,961 347,590 Other 4,577,077 - 2,87,023 4,664,100 4,995,906 State Sources: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid 3,152,232 3,152,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: Unrestricted Cost Recoveries 986,168 966,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants - 5,166,018 - 2,7060,572 23,276,730 34,292,897 Other - Commodities 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3,085,615 43,205,420 289,705,028 275,278,081 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs 103,455,603 43,330 - 878,503 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 2,551,188 - 2,275,582 3,526,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2,551,188 - 2,275,582 3,526,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 3,551,188 - 2,275,582 3,526,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 3,551,188 - 2,275,582 3,526,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 3,551,188 - 2,275,582 3,526,770 3,504,719 Differ Programs 3,551,188 - 2,275,582 3,526,770 3,504,719 Education Programs 139,159 - 4,660,099 5,504,261 3,800,036 Special Programs 139,159 - 4,660,099 5,504,261 2,837,622 2,837,622 Phil Support 6,490,093 - 4,660,91 5,5		Fullu		1 1110			
Taxes: Ad Valorem \$ 5,852,529 \$ \$ \$ 2,794,896 \$ 9,906,300 \$ 18,553,725 \$ 18,198,156 Sales and Use \$1,199,370 - 2,410,433 \$5,609,300 \$ 18,573,725 \$ 18,198,156 Other 615,594 - - - 615,594 \$ 58,752 Other 615,594 - - - 615,594 \$ 58,752 Tuition 234,751 - - 234,751 20,77,00 10,672 Food Services - - 289,961 289,961 247,502 0,464,100 4,995,906 State Sources: Uurestricted Grants-in-Aid 170,776,700 - 243,248 638,491 171,658,439 161,956,120 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3152,232 - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: - - 986,168 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3152,232 - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Total Revenues <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							
Ad Valorem \$ 5,852,529 \$ - \$ 2,794,896 \$ 9,906,300 \$ 18,553,725 \$ 18,198,156 Sales and Use 51,199,370 - - 2,410,433 53,609,803 48,578,572 Other 615,554 - - 615,594 57,663 845,578,572 Rentals, Leases and Royalties 1.903 - - 1.903 10,672 Tuttion 234,751 - - - 234,751 297,700 Interest Famings 1.839,458 3,761 47,471 195,533 2.066,223 2,426,292 Food Services - - 289,961 289,961 347,502 Umestricted Crants-in-Aid 170,776,700 - 243,248 638,491 171,658,439 161,956,120 Restricted Crants-in-Aid 152,232 - - - 3,162,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: - - 966,168 966,168 793,675 32,767,370 34,292,897 Other - Commodities - -							
Sales and Use 51,199,370 - - 2,410,433 53,609,803 445,578,572 Other 615,594 - - - 615,594 587,663 Rentals, Leases and Royalties 1,903 - - 1,903 10,672 Tuition 234,751 - - 234,751 297,700 Interest Eamings 1,839,458 3,761 47,471 195,533 2,086,223 2,426,292 Food Services - - 289,961 347,502 0ther 4,664,100 4,955,906 State Sources: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid 3,152,232 - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: Unrestricted Cost Recoveries - - 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3,152,232 - - - 1,084,759 1,04,377,436 103,452,897 Other - Commodities - - 1,084,759 1,034,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,166,319 3,08			.		0.0000.000	* 10 550 505	¢ 10 100 154
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5 -	\$ 2,794.896			
Rentals, Leases and Royalties1,9031,90310,672Tuition234,751234,751297,700Interest Earnings1.839,4583,76147,471195,5332,086,2232,426,292Food Services289,961289,961289,961289,961Other4,577,07787,0234,664,1004,995,906State Sources:3,152,2321,847,210Federal Sources:3,152,2321,847,210Federal Sources:986,168986,168Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid3,152,232Restricted Grants-in-Aid3,152,232Other - Commodities986,168986,168701,084,7591,084,759945,716Total Revenues238,249,6145,164,3793,085,61543,205,420289,705,028275,278,081Expenditures:Instruction:275,5823,826,7703,504,719Other Programs3,551,1882,75,5823,826,7703,504,719Other Programs3,475,9264,610,4368,086,3628,512,148Adult and Continuing1,88,36329,522240,476Support13,648,9752,695,72616,344,70115,440,130Instructional			-	-	2,410,435		
Tution 234,751 - - - 234,751 297,700 Intrest Earnings 1.839,458 3,761 47,471 195,533 2.086,223 2,426,292 Food Services - - 289,961 289,961 347,502 Other 4,577,077 - - 87,023 4,664,100 4,995,906 State Sources: Umenstriced Grants-in-Aid 170,776,700 - 243,248 638,491 171,658,439 161,956,120 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3.152,232 - - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: - - 986,168 986,168 793,675 Restricted - Indirect Cost Recoveries - - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3,085,615 43,205,420 289,705,028 275,278,081 Expenditures: - - 1,084,759 1,084,77.436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 3,551,188 - - <td></td> <td>· · · · · ·</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td>		· · · · · ·	-	-	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Interest Earnings 1.839,458 3,761 47,471 195,533 2.086,223 2.426,292 Food Services - - 289,961 289,961 347,502 Other 4,577,077 - - 87,023 4,664,100 4,995,906 State Sources: - - - 3,152,232 161,956,120 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3.152,232 - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: - - 986,168 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants - - - 946,716 73,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants - - 1,084,759 1004,475 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3,085,615 43,205,420 289,705,028 275,278,081 Expenditures: - - 1,084,759 1,04,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 3,254,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>,</td></t<>			-	-	-		,
Food Services - - - 289,961 289,961 347.502 Other 4,577,077 - - 87,023 4,664.100 4,995,906 State Sources: Umestricted Grants-in-Aid 170,776.700 - 243,248 638,491 171,658,439 161,956,120 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3.152,232 - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: Umestricted - Indirect Cost Recoveries - - 986,168 793,675 Unrestricted - Cost Recoveries - - - 986,168 793,675 Restricted Crants-in-Aid - Subgrants - - - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3,085,615 43,205,420 289,705.028 275,278,081 Expenditures: Instruction: - - 2,243,253 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 3,255,188 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 3,395,898			-	-	-	,	
Other 4,577,077 - - 87,023 4,664.100 4,995,906 State Sources: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid 170,776,700 - 243,248 638.491 171,658.439 161.956,120 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3.152,232 - - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: Unrestricted - Indirect Cost Recoveries - - 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Stubgrants - 5,160,618 - 27,606,752 32,767,370 34,292,897 Other - Commodities - - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3,085,615 43,205,420 289,705,028 275,278,081 Feynelitures: Instruction: - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,255,03 43,330 - 878,503 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 3,25,562 - - 680,699 3	-	1.839,458	3,761	47,471			
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Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid 170,776,700 - 243,248 638,491 171,658,439 161,956,120 Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3.152,232 - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: Unrestricted - Indirect Cost Recoveries - - 3,152,232 1,847,210 Unrestricted - Indirect Cost Recoveries - - - 986,168 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants - 5,160,618 - 27,606,752 32,767,370 34,292,897 Other - Commodities - - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3,085,615 43,205,420 289,705,028 275,278,081 Expenditures: Instruction: - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,255,608 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,51,14		4,577,077	-	-	87,023	4,664,100	4,995,906
Restricted Grants-in-Aid 3.152,232 - - 3.152,232 1,847,210 Federal Sources: Unrestricted - Indirect Cost Recoveries - - 986,168 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants - - 986,168 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants - - 986,168 986,168 793,675 Other - Commodities - - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3,085,615 43,205,420 289,705,028 275,278,081 Expenditures: - - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Instruction: Regular Programs 103,455,603 43,330 - 878,503 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 275,582 3,826,770 3,604,719 Other Programs 3,475,							
Federal Sources: 986,168 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants - 5,160,618 - 27,606,752 32,767,370 34,292,897 Other - Commodities - - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3,085,615 43,202,420 289,705,028 275,278,081 Expenditures: Instruction: - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 275,582 3,826,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2,823,562 - - 680,699 3,504,261 3,880,036 Special Programs 2,823,562 - - 680,699 3,504,261 3,880,036 Support Services: - - - 104,336 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing - - - 680,699 3,504,261 3,880,036 Support Services: - -			-	243,248	638,491	,	,
Unrestricted - Indirect Cost Recoveries - - - 986,168 986,168 793,675 Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants - 5,160,618 - 27,606,752 32,767,370 34,292,897 Other - Commodities - - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3,085,615 43,205,420 289,705,028 275,278,081 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs 103,455,603 43,330 - 878,503 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 275,582 3,826,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2,823,562 - - 680,699 3,504,261 3,880,036 Special Programs 3,475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Aduit and Continuing - - 158,363 297,522 <td< td=""><td></td><td>3.152,232</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>3,152,232</td><td>1,847,210</td></td<>		3.152,232	-	-	-	3,152,232	1,847,210
Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants - 5,160.618 - 27,606.752 32,767.370 34,292,897 Other - Commodities - - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249.614 5,164.379 3.085,615 43,205,420 289,705.028 275.278,081 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs 103,455.603 43.330 - 878,503 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197.339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 2,823,562 - - 680,699 3.504,261 3,880.036 Special Programs 3,475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing Education Programs 139,159 - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Support 13,648,975 - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6,490,930 - -							
Other - Commodities - 1,084,759 1,084,759 945,716 Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164,379 3.085,615 43,205,420 289,705,028 275,278,081 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs 103,455,603 43,330 - 878,503 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 275,582 3,826,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2,823,562 - - 680,699 3,504,261 3,880,036 Special Programs 3,475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuig - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Support Services: - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6,490,930 - - 3,326,315 9,817,245 8,947,183 General Administration 2,286,016		-	-	-			793,675
Total Revenues 238,249,614 5,164.379 3.085,615 43,205,420 289,705.028 275,278,081 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs 103,455,603 43,330 - 878,503 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 275,582 3,826,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2,823,562 - - 680,699 3,504,261 3,880,036 Special Programs 3,475,926 - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Support Services: - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 13,648,975 - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 13,648,975 - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 13,648,975 - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 1	Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants	-	5,160.618	-	27,606,752	32,767.370	34,292,897
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs 103,455.603 43.330 - 878.503 104,377.436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197.339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 2,75,582 3,826,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2.823,562 - - 680,699 3.504,261 3,880.036 Special Programs 3.475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing - - - 158,363 297.522 240,476 Support Services: - - - 15,440,130 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6.490,930 - - 3.326,315 9,817,245 8,947,183 General Administration 2.286,016 - 116.630 411,006 2.813,652 2,837,692 School Administration 14.787,212 - - - 14,787,212	Other - Commodities				1,084,759	1,084,759	945,716
Instruction: Regular Programs 103,455,603 43,330 - 878,503 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 2,75,582 3,826,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2,823,562 - - 680,699 3.504,261 3,880.036 Special Programs 3,475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Support Services: - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Pupil Support 13,648,975 - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6.490,930 - - 3,326,315 9,817,245 8,947,183 General Administration 2,286,016 - 116,630 411,006 2.813,652 2,837,692 School Administration </td <td>Total Revenues</td> <td>238,249,614</td> <td>5,164.379</td> <td>3,085,615</td> <td>43,205,420</td> <td>289,705,028</td> <td>275.278,081</td>	Total Revenues	238,249,614	5,164.379	3,085,615	43,205,420	289,705,028	275.278,081
Instruction: Regular Programs 103,455,603 43,330 - 878,503 104,377,436 103,849,133 Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 2,75,582 3,826,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2,823,562 - - 680,699 3.504,261 3,880.036 Special Programs 3,475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Support Services: - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Pupil Support 13,648,975 - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6.490,930 - - 3,326,315 9,817,245 8,947,183 General Administration 2,286,016 - 116,630 411,006 2.813,652 2,837,692 School Administration </td <td>Expenditures:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenditures:						
Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 275,582 3,826,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2.823,562 - - 680,699 3.504,261 3,880.036 Special Programs 3.475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Support Services: - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 13,648,975 - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6.490,930 - - 3.326,315 9,817,245 8,947,183 General Administration 2.286,016 - 116,630 411,006 2.813,652 2,837.692 School Administration 14,787,212 - - - 14,787,212 14,488,071 Business Services 2,692,	-						
Special Education Programs 32,954,086 - - 2,243,253 35,197,339 33,395,898 Vocational Programs 3,551,188 - - 275,582 3,826,770 3,504,719 Other Programs 2.823,562 - - 680,699 3.504,261 3,880.036 Special Programs 3.475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Support Services: - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 13,648,975 - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6.490,930 - - 3.326,315 9,817,245 8,947,183 General Administration 2.286,016 - 116,630 411,006 2.813,652 2,837,692 School Administration 14,787,212 - - - 14,787,212 14,488,071 Business Services 2,692,	Regular Programs	103,455,603	43,330	-	878,503	104,377,436	103,849,133
Vocational Programs3,551,188275,5823,826,7703,504,719Other Programs2.823,562680,6993.504,2613,880.036Special Programs3.475,9264,610,4368,086,3628,512,148Adult and Continuing158,363297,522240,476Education Programs139,159158,363297,522240,476Support Services:2,695,72616,344,70115,440,130Instructional Staff Support6.490,9303.326,3159,817,2458,947,183General Administration2.286,016-116.630411,0062.813,6522,837.692School Administration14.787,21214,787,21214,488,071Business Services2,692,380-6502,693,0302,531,682Plant Services16,040,4581,645,920-4,158,31421,844,69222,479,092Transportation Services13,549,3243,014-26,04913,578,38714,104,943		32,954,086	-	-	2,243,253	35,197,339	33,395,898
Other Programs 2.823,562 - - 680,699 3.504,261 3,880.036 Special Programs 3.475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Support Services: - - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Instructional Staff Support 13,648,975 - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6.490,930 - - 3.326,315 9,817,245 8,947,183 General Administration 2.286,016 - 116.630 411,006 2.813,652 2,837.692 School Administration 14.787,212 - - 14,787,212 14,488,071 Business Services 2,692,380 - - 650 2,693,030 2,531,682 Plant Services 16,040,458 1,645,920 - 4,158,314 21,844,692 22,479,092 Transportation Services 13,549,324		3,551,188	-	-	275,582	3,826,770	3,504,719
Special Programs 3.475,926 - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing - - - 4,610,436 8,086,362 8,512,148 Adult and Continuing - - - 158,363 297,522 240,476 Support Services: - - - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6.490,930 - - 3.326,315 9,817,245 8,947,183 General Administration 2.286,016 - 116.630 411,006 2.813,652 2,837.692 School Administration 14.787,212 - - 14,787,212 14,488,071 Business Services 2,692,380 - - 650 2,693.030 2,531,682 Plant Services 16,040,458 1,645,920 - 4,158,314 21,844,692 22,479,092 Transportation Services 13,549,324 3,014 - 26,049 13,578,387 14,104,943	-		-	-	680,699	3,504,261	
Adult and ContinuingEducation Programs139,159158,363297,522240,476Support Services:Pupil Support13,648,9752,695,72616,344,70115,440,130Instructional Staff Support6,490,9303.326,3159,817,2458,947,183General Administration2,286,016-116.630411,0062.813,6522,837,692School Administration14,787,21214,787,21214,488,071Business Services2,692,380-6502,693,0302,531,682Plant Services16,040,4581,645,920-4,158,31421,844,69222,479,092Transportation Services13,549,3243,014-26,04913,578,38714,104,943	Special Programs	3.475,926	-	-	4,610,436	8,086,362	8,512,148
Education Programs139,159158,363297,522240,476Support Services:Pupil Support13,648,9752,695,72616,344,70115,440,130Instructional Staff Support6,490,9303.326,3159,817,2458,947,183General Administration2,286,016-116.630411,0062.813,6522,837,692School Administration14,787,21214,787,21214,488,071Business Services2,692,3806502,693,0302,531,682Plant Services16,040,4581,645,920-4,158,31421,844,69222,479,092Transportation Services13,549,3243,014-26,04913,578,38714,104,943							
Support Services: - 2,695,726 16,344,701 15,440,130 Instructional Staff Support 6,490,930 - - 3,326,315 9,817,245 8,947,183 General Administration 2,286,016 - 116,630 411,006 2.813,652 2,837,692 School Administration 14,787,212 - - 14,787,212 14,488,071 Business Services 2,692,380 - - 650 2,693.030 2,531,682 Plant Services 16,040,458 1,645,920 - 4,158,314 21,844,692 22,479,092 Transportation Services 13,549,324 3,014 - 26,049 13,578,387 14,104,943	Education Programs	139,159	-	-	158,363	297,522	240,476
Pupil Support13,648,9752,695,72616,344,70115,440,130Instructional Staff Support6,490,9303,326,3159,817,2458,947,183General Administration2,286,016-116,630411,0062,813,6522,837,692School Administration14,787,21214,787,21214,488,071Business Services2,692,3806502,693,0302,531,682Plant Services16,040,4581,645,920-4,158,31421,844,69222,479,092Transportation Services13,549,3243,014-26,04913,578,38714,104,943		·					
Instructional Staff Support6.490,9303.326,3159,817,2458,947,183General Administration2.286,016-116.630411,0062.813,6522,837.692School Administration14.787,21214,787,21214,488,071Business Services2,692,3806502,693,0302,531,682Plant Services16,040,4581,645,920-4,158,31421,844,69222,479,092Transportation Services13,549,3243,014-26,04913,578,38714,104,943		13.648.975	-	-	2,695,726	16.344,701	15,440,130
General Administration2.286,016-116.630411,0062.813,6522,837.692School Administration14.787,21214,787,21214,488,071Business Services2,692,3806502,693.0302.531,682Plant Services16,040,4581,645,920-4,158,31421,844,69222,479,092Transportation Services13,549,3243,014-26,04913,578,38714,104,943		· ·	-	-	· ·	<i>,</i>	• •
School Administration14.787,21214,787,21214,488,071Business Services2,692,3806502,693,0302,531,682Plant Services16,040,4581,645,920-4,158,31421,844,69222,479,092Transportation Services13,549,3243,014-26,04913,578,38714,104,943	••		-	116.630	,		· · ·
Business Services2,692,3806502,693,0302,531,682Plant Services16,040,4581,645,920-4,158,31421,844.69222,479,092Transportation Services13,549,3243,014-26,04913,578,38714,104,943	School Administration		-	-	-	,	,
Plant Services16,040,4581,645,920-4,158,31421,844,69222,479,092Transportation Services13,549,3243,014-26,04913,578,38714,104,943			-	-	650		
Transportation Services 13,549,324 3,014 - 26,049 13,578,387 14,104,943			1,645,920	-			
	Transportation Services		, .	-			
Central Services 2,054,998 2,054,998 2,513,005	Central Services	2,654,998	-	-	-	2,654,998	2,513,005

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

		Disaster	Capital		Total Governmental	
	General	Special	Projects	Nonmajor	Fu	nds
	Fund	Revenue Fu	nd Fund	Funds	2020	2019
Expenditures (Continued):						
Non-Instructional Services:						
Food Services	-	11,3	87 -	15.082,348	15,093,735	15,989,346
Community Service Programs	16,961	-	-	83,110	100,071	118,381
Capital Outlay	446,760	3,495,0	4,858.906	1.259,732	10.060,416	19,043.951
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	1,104,739	-	-	7,216,665	8,321,404	9,119,311
Interest and Bank Charges	87,594	_	-	3,654,309	3,741,903	3,932,937
Total Expenditures	220,205,871	5,198,6	69 4,975,536	46.761,060	277,141,136	284,928,134
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	18,043,743	(34.2	90) (1.889,921)	(3,555.640)	12,563,892	(9,650,053)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Disposition of Assets	4,465	-	-	-	4,465	200,919
Insurance Proceeds	670,933	-	-	-	670,933	-
Other	(898,006)	-	-	-	(898,006)	(795,918)
Issuance of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	18.315,000	18.315,000	1,782.822
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	-	(235,917)	(235,917)	-
Transfers In	986,168	-	3,800,000	4,947,835	9,734,003	16,414,565
Transfers Out	(8,747,835)	-	-	(986,168)	(9,734,003)	(16,414,565)
Payment to Refund Bonds		-		(18,302,202)	(18,302,202)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,984,275)	_	3,800,000	3.738,548	(445,727)	1,187,823
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Uses	10.059,468	(34,25	90) 1,910.079	182,908	12.118,165	(8,462.230)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	58,825,193	3,425,7	30 3,795,696	12,779,936	78,826,555	87,288,785
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 68,884,661	\$ 3,391.4	40 \$ 5,705,775	\$ 12,962.844	\$ 90,944,720	\$ 78,826,555

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	Total Governmental Funds	
	2020	2019
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 12,118,165	\$ (8,462,230)
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Deferred Inflow of Resources - Unavailable Intergovernmental Revenues	(3,231,838)	(683,557)
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlays	10,060,416	19,043,951
Library Books and Textbooks Purchased	1,478,577	2,821,687
Depreciation Expense	(10,791,998)	(10,157,934)
Add accumulated depreciation on capital assets retired and impaired during the year	786,407	4,883,380
Less cost basis of capital assets retired and impaired during the year	(789,607)	(5,397,925)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	(18,315,000)	-
Issuance of Capital Lease	-	(1,782,822)
General Obligation Bond Principal Repayments	7,150,000	6,885,000
Certificates of Indebtedness Principal Repayments	66,665	866,665
Capital Lease Principal Payments	1,104,739	1,367,646
Payment to Refund Bonds	18,302,202	-
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		
(Increase) Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable	(1,851,302)	(143,462)
(Increase) Decrease in Claims and Judgments Payable	370,000	(450,000)
(Increase) in OPEB Expense	(11,115,373)	(4,879,601)
(Increase) Decrease in Pension Expense	9,879,369	17,636,107
Amortization of Deferred Amounts on Refunding	(132,834)	(126,892)
Amortization of Premium Received on Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	213,841	204,563
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense		
is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	268,728	47,462
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,571,157	\$ 21,672,038

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem	\$ 5,590,000	\$ 5,825,000	\$ 5,852,529	S 27,529
Sales and Use	47,232,000	48,674,379	51,199,370	2,524,991
Other	590,000	590,000	615,594	25,594
Rentals, Leases and Royalties	13,200	5,500	1,903	(3,597)
Tuition	307,500	307,500	234,751	(72,749)
Interest Earnings	2,080,000	1,828,292	1,839,458	11,166
Other	4,203,300	3,815,800	4,577,077	761,277
State Sources:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	167,466,770	170,781,921	170,776,700	(5,221)
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	1,786,919	3,057,269	3,152,232	94,963
Total Revenues	229,269,689	234,885,661	238,249,614	3,363,953
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs	105,878,483	106,166,916	103,455,603	2,711,313
Special Education Programs	32,048,015	33,227,550	32,954,086	273,464
Vocational Programs	3,506,663	3,792,918	3,551,188	241,730
Other Programs	3,266,994	3,362,325	2,823,562	538,763
Special Programs	2,174,263	3,314,928	3,475,926	(160,998)
Adult and Continuing				
Education Programs	156,585	153,720	139,159	14,561
Support Services:				
Pupil Support	13,536,500	13,671,500	13,648,975	22,525
Instructional Staff Support	6,468,350	6,659,750	6,490,930	168,820
General Administration	2,398,058	2,383,012	2,286,016	96,996
School Administration	14,733,004	14,939,053	14,787,212	151,841
Business Services	2,798,900	3,072,500	2,692,380	380,120
Plant Services	17,208,196	17,795,963	16,040,458	1,755,505
Transportation Services	15,456,207	13,936,783	13,549,324	387,459
Central Services	2,730,500	2,948,500	2,654,998	293,502

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures (Continued):				
Non-Instructional Services:				
Community Service Programs	30,001	30,001	16,961	13,040
Capital Outlay	-	59,000	446,760	(387,760)
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,330,000	1,105,000	1,104,739	261
Interest and Bank Charges	87,600	87,600	87,594	6
Total Expenditures	223,808,319	226,707,019	220,205,871	6,501,148
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	5,461,370	8,178,642	18,043,743	9,865,101
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Disposition of Assets	100,000	10,000	4,465	(5,535)
Insurance Proceeds	-	655,482	670,933	15,451
Other	(765,500)	(898,006)	(898,006)	-
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt	1,100,000	-	-	-
Transfers In	770,814	628,751	986,168	357,417
Transfers Out	(8,952,985)	(10,627,985)	(8,747,835)	1,880,150
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(7,747,671)	(10,231,758)	(7,984,275)	2,247,483
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues and Other				
Sources Over Expendi-				
tures and Other Uses	(2,286,301)	(2,053,116)	10,059,468	12,112,584
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	58,825,193	58,825,193	58,825,193	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 56,538,892	\$ 56,772,077	\$ 68,884,661	<u>S 12,112,584</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL -DISASTER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Local Sources:					
Interest Earnings	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 3,761	\$ (41,239)	
Federal Sources:					
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	10,350,000	10,350,000	5,160,618	(5,189,382)	
Total Revenues	10,395,000	10,395,000	5,164,379	(5,230,621)	
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular Programs	1,250,000	1,250,000	43,330	1,206,670	
Support Services:					
Plant Services	351,000	351,000	1,645,920	(1,294,920)	
Transportation Services	4,000	4,000	3,014	986	
Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Services	-	-	11,387	(11,387)	
Capital Outlay	8,790,000	8,790,000	3,495,018	5,294,982	
Total Expenditures	10,395,000	10,395,000	5,198,669	5,196,331	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	-	-	(34,290)	(34,290)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,425,730	3,425,730	3,425,730		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 3,425,730	\$ 3,425,730	\$ 3,391,440	\$ -	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

ASSETS

	2020	2019
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,919,066	\$ 10,486,892
Total Assets	\$ 10,919,066	\$ 10,486,892
LIABILITIES		
Amounts Held for School Activities Deposits Due to Others	\$ 6,087,713 4,831,353	\$ 6,085,885 4,401,007
Total Liabilities	\$ 10,919,066	\$ 10,486,892

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2020

INTRODUCTION

The Livingston Parish School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within Livingston Parish. The School Board is authorized by LSA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of nine members who are elected from nine districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates forty-three schools, an alternative education center, the Livingston Parish Literacy and Technology Center and the Pathways Center, within the parish with a total enrollment of approximately 26,000 pupils. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

A. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Livingston Parish School Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

For financial reporting purposes, the School Board includes all funds, schools, and agencies that are within the oversight responsibility of the School Board. The oversight responsibility derived by the School Board is related to its scope of public service and gives it the authority to establish public schools as it deems necessary. This oversight responsibility also allows the School Board to determine the number of teachers and employees to be employed, to establish the financial interdependency of the funds, to appoint management, and to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Certain units of local government over which the School Board exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the Parish Council, other independently elected parish officials, and municipalities within the parish, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the Livingston Parish School Board.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, the Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Livingston Parish School Board for financial reporting purposes. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

- 1. Legal status of the potential component unit.
- 2. Financial accountability:
 - a. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body and the primary government is able to impose its will on the potential component unit (or)
 - b. When a potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has separately elected officials or boards.
- 3. Financial benefits/burden relationship between the School Board and the potential component unit, and misleading to exclude which covers other potential component units for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Based on the previous criteria, the School Board's management has determined the following entity to be a discretely presented component unit in the financial reporting entity. At June 30, 2020, no financial transactions have occurred by the entity that would require it to be included in the current year financial statements.

The Livingston Parish Public Benefit Corporation was formed on May 20, 2002 as a private Louisiana nonprofit corporation and a public benefit corporation established for charitable, scientific and educational purposes for the benefit of the Livingston Parish School Board. Once created, the Corporation entered into a cooperative endeavor agreement with the School Board and the Southeastern Educational Foundation (the Foundation), a Louisiana nonprofit corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Southeastern Development Foundation, a Louisiana nonprofit corporation organized for the benefit of Southeastern Louisiana University. Under the terms of the cooperative endeavor agreement, the Corporation entered into a lease for land from the School Board and the Corporation is authorized to sublease the land to the Foundation. In addition, the Foundation is required to construct and operate the Livingston Parish Literacy and Technology Center in accordance with a court order issued in the matter of "In Re Combustion, Inc." Civil Action 94-MDL-4000, United States District Court, Western District of Louisiana. Once the facility is completed, the cooperative endeavor agreement authorizes the Corporation to lease a portion of the completed facility from the Foundation. Due to the substance of the lease the School Board is handling this lease as a capital lease within these financial statements. The initial lease payment of \$1,000,000 was paid by the School Board upon receipt of evidence of substantial completion of the facility which occurred during the year ended June 30, 2006. The School Board was required to make five additional annual lease payments of \$260,475 due on January 1 each year. The School Board has made all payments as required by the agreement. At June 30, 2020, the Livingston Parish Public Benefit Corporation had no assets or liabilities to report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

C. <u>Funds</u>

The School Board uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School Board functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds of the School Board are classified into two categories: Governmental and Fiduciary, as discussed below.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the School Board's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the School Board. The following are the School Board's primary governmental funds:

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs for each district.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and for the major repairs thereto.

Fiduciary Fund Type:

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the School Board as an agent for schools and school organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the school board, except for the fiduciary fund. The Fiduciary Fund is only reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the Fund Financial Statement level.

The GWFS were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Section N50.

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from parties outside the School Board's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense which can be specifically identified by function is included in the direct expenses of each function. Depreciation on buildings is assigned to the "general administration" function due to the fact that school buildings serve many purposes. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Funds

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of Governmental Funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School Board. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. The major funds of the School Board are the General Fund, Disaster Special Revenue Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by Governmental Funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (generally 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. The Governmental Funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, become due on November 15 of each year, and become delinquent on December 31. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year.

Federal and State entitlements (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded when available and measurable. Federal and State grants are recorded when the reimbursable expenditures have been incurred.

Sales and use tax revenues are recorded in the month collected by the vendor even though not paid to the School Board until the subsequent month.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when earned. Nine-month employee salaries are earned over a 9-month period, but are paid over a 12-month period. Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees (or heirs) are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death. Principal and interest on general long-term obligations are recognized when due. All other expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid, sale of fixed assets, long-term debt proceeds, bank loan proceeds, etc., are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

E. Budget Practices

The School Board adopts budgets for the General Fund, each Special Revenue Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

The proposed budgets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were made available for public inspection and comments from taxpayers. The budgets, which included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, were published in the official journal fifteen days prior to the public hearing on the budgets for the year ended June 30, 2020. At this meeting, the proposed budgets were legally adopted by the School Board.

The budgets are prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbrances are not recognized within the accounting records for budgetary control purposes. Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. The superintendent of parish schools is authorized to transfer between line items within any fund. However, when actual revenues within a fund fail to meet budgeted revenues by five percent or more, a budget amendment is adopted by the School Board in an open meeting. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

F. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, outstanding purchase orders are taken into consideration before expenditures are incurred in order to assure that applicable appropriations are not exceeded.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include interest bearing demand deposits and amounts in time deposits with maturities less than 90 days. Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market value.

Certificates of deposit with maturities greater than 90 days are classified as investments and are stated at cost, which also approximates market value.

H. Inventory

Inventory of the General Fund is valued at cost and consists of expendable materials and supplies, which are recorded as an expenditure when consumed, using the first-in, first-out method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Inventory of the School Lunch Special Revenue Fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues when received; however, all inventory items are recorded as expenditures when consumed. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out basis) or market, and commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their acquisition value. The system for accumulation of fixed assets cost data does not provide the means for determining the percentage of assets valued at actual and those valued at estimated cost.

Capital assets are recorded in the GWFS, but are not reported in the FFS. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purposes by the School Board, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 40 to 50 years for buildings, and 6 to 20 years for equipment.

The School Board does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks and parking lots. Amounts expended for such items prior to June 30, 2003 were considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other immovable property such as stadiums. Since 2003, if such items are built or constructed, they are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

J. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows and (or) inflows of financial resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of a net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

In Government-Wide Financial Statements, a portion of the School Board's deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position are a result of deferrals concerning bonded debt. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. Deferred amount on refunding of debt is reported in the deferred outflow section of the statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

In Government-Wide Financial Statements, the School Board also has deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position that are related to pensions and other postemployment benefits. In Governmental Fund Financial Statements, deferred inflows of resources - unavailable intergovernmental revenues are reported for receivables recorded in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements for which revenue is not available.

K. Compensated Absences

All 12-month employees earn from 5 to 20 days of vacation leave each year, depending on their length of service with the School Board. A minimum of 10 vacation days must be used each year with the remaining unused vacation leave accumulated without limitation. The employee has the option to have the accumulated balance paid at termination or used to extend years of service for retirement or the accumulated amount is paid to an authorized representative upon death.

All school board employees earn from 10 to 18 days of sick leave each year, depending upon the number of months employed. Sick leave may be accumulated without limitation. Upon retirement or death, unused accumulated sick leave of up to twenty-five days is paid to the employee or to the employee's estate at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers Retirement System, the total unused accumulated sick leave, including the twenty-five days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service for leave earned prior to July 1, 1988. For sick leave earned between July 1, 1988 and June 30, 1990 under the Louisiana Teachers Retirement System, all unpaid sick leave, which excludes the Louisiana School Employees Retirement System, all unpaid sick leave, which excludes the twenty-five days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service. For sick leave earned after June 30, 1990, a maximum of one year of accumulated sick leave earned, which excludes the twenty-five days paid, can be converted to one year of earned service. All remaining accumulated sick leave earned after June 30, 1990, after converting one year of sick leave into one year of earned service, may only be added to the member's service credit if purchased.

Sabbatical leave may only be granted for medical leave and for professional and cultural improvement. Any employee with a teaching certificate is entitled, subject to approval by the School Board, to one semester of sabbatical leave after three years of continuous service or two semesters of sabbatical leave after six or more years of continuous service. Sabbatical leave benefits are recorded as expenditures in the period paid.

L. Pensions

The School Board is a participating employer in cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans as described in Note 8. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

The School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees as described in Note 10. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. <u>Sales and Use Taxes</u>

The School Board receives a two and one-half percent sales and use tax. The sales and use tax is collected by the sales tax department of the School Board and is included in the revenues of the General Fund. The proceeds of the tax are dedicated to the payment of salaries of school teachers and other school employees; the payment of utilities; and constructing, maintaining or operating school buildings and other school related facilities, including the acquisition of sites.

In addition, on October 5, 2002, the voters in School Board District No. 22 approved a $\frac{1}{2}$ percent sales and use tax for the purpose of constructing and acquiring a new elementary school and providing renovations and improvements to the existing buildings within the school district. Also, on September 18, 2004, the voters in School Board District No. 33 approved a one percent sales and use tax for the purpose of constructing and improving or renovating school buildings within the School District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The School Board is also authorized to collect sales and use taxes levied by the following governmental entities:

Livingston Parish Council Law Enforcement Subdistrict A Gravity Drainage District No. 1 Gravity Drainage District No. 2 Gravity Drainage District No. 5 City of Denham Springs City of Walker Town of Livingston Village of Albany Town of Springfield Livingston Parish Tourist Commission Denham Springs Economic Development District Juban Crossing Economic Development District

The School Board receives a collection fee that varies by entity and ranges from a high of 4% to a rate of 2% on the first \$1,000,000 collected and then 1.5% on the amounts collected in excess of \$1,000,000 on most entities. The collection and distribution of the sales taxes are accounted for in the Sales Tax Agency Fund.

P. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. Equity Balances

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position. Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources. It is displayed in three components:

1. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by:
 - a. External groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or
 - b. Law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. The School Board has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 which redefined how fund balances are presented in fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School Board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned - Amounts that are designated as committed by the School Board but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The School Board has not adopted a policy to maintain the general fund's unassigned fund balance above a certain minimum level.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Statement C). As noted above, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the School Board or the Assignment has been changed by the School Board. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

R. Summary Financial Information for 2019 and Reclassifications

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total. Such information does not include sufficient details to constitute a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the School Board's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Certain items in the 2019 columns have been reclassified to conform to the presentation in the current year financial statements. Such reclassification had no effect on the previous reported deficiency of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses or change in net position.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents -

The School Board maintains various deposit accounts for the current operations of certain individual funds of the School Board. In addition, it maintains a cash investment pool with the Board's paying agent for all remaining funds. Each fund's portion of the cash and investment pool is included in that fund's Cash and Cash Equivalent account.

The School Board also maintains certificates of deposits with maturities greater than 90 days. These certificates are classified as Investments.

Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the participating funds based upon their combined participating balances.

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the School Board's Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (checking accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits) was \$117,804,871 the confirmed bank balances were \$117,919,756. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market.

The following is a summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments at June 30, 2020:

	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Deposits in Bank Accounts per Balance Sheets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposits	\$ 44,735,805 <u>62,150,000</u>	\$10,919,066	\$ 55,654,871 <u>62,150,000</u>
Total	\$106,885,805	\$10,919,066	\$117,804,871

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits and Investments

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School Board's deposits may not be returned to it.

To mitigate this risk, state law requires for these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) to be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The pledged securities are deemed by Louisiana State Law to be under the control and possession and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

in the name of the School Board regardless of its designation by the financial institution in which it is deposited. As of June 30, 2020, none of the School Board's bank balance of \$117,919,756 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

(3) Ad Valorem Taxes -

All taxable property in Louisiana is required by law to be assessed annually at a percentage of its fair market value by the Parish Assessor, except for public utility property which is assessed by the Louisiana Tax Commission.

The 1974 Louisiana Constitution (Article 7 Section 18) provided that land and improvements for residential purposes be assessed at 10% of fair market value; other property and electric cooperative properties, excluding land are to be assessed at 15% and public service properties, excluding land, are to be assessed at 25% of fair market value. Fair market value is determined by the elected assessor of the parish on all property subject to taxation except public service properties, which is valued by the Louisiana Tax Commission (LRS 47:1957). The correctness of assessments by the assessor is subject to review and certification by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The Assessor is required to reappraise all property subject to taxation at intervals of not more than four years.

Ad Valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Parish Assessor during the year and are billed to taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on December 31. Revenues from Ad Valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed and recognized as revenue when billed. The Parish Assessor bills the property taxes using the assessed value determined by his office and the Livingston Parish Sheriff actually collects the tax for the Parish of Livingston.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized <u>Millage</u>	Lev	vied
Parish-wide Taxes:			
Constitutional	3.29	3.2	29
Additional Support	7.18	7.1	18
Maintenance	7.00	7.0	00
Construction	5.00	5.0	00
	Low High	Low	High
District Taxes - Bond and Interest	- 23.44	-	23.44

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Any differences between authorized and levied millages are the result of reassessment of the tax rolls required by Article 7, Section 23 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

Total Ad Valorem Taxes Levied	\$18,951,975
Less: Amounts Deemed Uncollectible	<u>(398,250</u>)
Net Ad Valorem Taxes Collectible	\$18,553,725

Ad Valorem taxes receivable at June 30, 2020, totaled \$72,810.

(4) Receivables -

The receivables at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Federal	State	Sales	 Valorem				
	Grants	Grants	Taxes	 Taxes	I	nterest	Other	Total
General Fund	\$ 168.471	\$ 308,782	\$5,054,951	\$ 23,866	\$	7,090	\$ 1,142.224	\$ 6,705.384
Disaster Fund	14,101.661	-	-	-		-	-	14,101.661
Capital Projects Fund	-	-		11,397		3,386		14,783
Nonmajor Funds	5,705,229	-	232,877	 37,547		3,117	20,142	5,998,912
	\$19,975,361	\$ 308,782	\$ 5,287,828	\$ 72,810	S	13,593	<u>S 1,162,366</u>	\$26,820,740

(5) Interfund Receivables, Payables - Transfers In, Transfers Out -

	Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds		
General Fund	\$ 4,378,617	\$ -		
Special Revenue Funds:				
Elementary and Secondary				
Education Act: Title I	-	1,202,314		
Special Education Fund	-	1,691,127		
Special Federal Fund	-	42,352		
Other Federal ESEA Fund	-	424,298		
Strong Start Fund	-	1,018,526		
Total Special Revenue Funds	-	4,378,617		
Total	\$ 4,378,617	\$ 4,378,617		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	
General Fund	\$ 986,168	\$ 8,747,835	
Special Revenue Funds:			
Elementary and Secondary			
Education Act: Title I	-	268,676	
Special Education Fund	-	364,596	
Maintenance of Schools	1,600,000	-	
Special Federal Fund	-	34,968	
Other Federal ESEA Fund	-	107,968	
Strong Start Fund	-	209,960	
Total Special Revenue Funds	1,600,000	986,168	
Debt Service Funds:			
District No.1	3,278,670	-	
District No. 31	69,165		
Total Debt Service Funds	3,347,835	-	
Capital Projects Fund:			
District No. 22	3,500,000	-	
District No. 26	300,000		
Total Capital Projects Fund	3,800,000		
Total	\$ 9,734,003	\$ 9,734,003	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

(6) Changes in Capital Assets -

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	S 16,200,203	S -	S -	\$ 16,200,203
Construction in Progress	11,805,318	9,613,657	(14,832,571)	6,586,404
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	28,005,521	9,613,657	(14,832,571)	22,786,607
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	328,053,333	14,891,352	-	342,944,685
Furniture and Equipment	8,720,789	289,044	(38,007)	8,971,826
Library Books and Textbooks	18,957,405	1,478,577	(515,519)	19,920,463
Vehicles	13,533,404	98,934	(236,081)	13,396,257
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	369,264,931	16,757,907	(789,607)	385,233,231
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	120,704,039	7,647,812	-	128,351,851
Furniture and Equipment	5,219,416	506,832	(34,807)	5,691,441
Library Books and Textbooks	15,047,539	1,466,878	(515,519)	15,998,898
Vehicles	5,604,910	1,170,476	(236,081)	6,539,305
Total Accumulated Depreciation	146,575,904	10,791,998	(786,407)	156,581,495
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	222,689,027	5,965,909	(3,200)	228,651,736
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 250,694,548	\$ 15,579,566	\$ (14,835,771)	\$ 251,438,343

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Depreciation expense of \$10,791,998 for the year ended June 30, 2020 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Instruction:	
Regular Education	\$ 1,181,506
Special Education	10,727
Vocational Education	19,415
Other Education Programs	4,349
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff Support	367,478
General Administration (Including All	
Buildings)	7,685,734
School Administration	3,253
Pupil Support	4,748
Business Services	77,417
Plant Services	146,901
Student Transportation Services	1,152,245
Central Services	21,069
School Food Services	117,156
Total	\$ 10,791,998

(7) Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables -

The payables at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Accounts	Salaries and Benefits	Payroll Deductions and	Total
General Fund	\$ 2,948,766	\$ 9,558,979	\$ 14,533,538	\$ 27,041,283
Capital Projects Fund	170,035	-	-	170,035
Disaster Fund	1,353,208	-	-	1,353,208
Nonmajor Funds	1,532,447	1,052,817	-	2,585,264
Total	\$ 6,004,456	\$ 10,611,796	\$ 14,533,538	\$ 31,149,790

(8) Pension Plans

Instruction

The School Board follows the requirements of GASB Statement 68. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an amendment to GASB 68. These standards revise and establish new financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. These standards require the School Board to record its proportionate share of each of the pension plans net pension liability and report the following disclosures:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

Employees of the School Board are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL). Chapter 2 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) grants to TRSL Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefit terms, investments, and funding of the plan. TRSL issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.trsl.org</u>.

State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

The State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) was established and provided for by R.S. 11:1001 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes as a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. LSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.lsers.net</u>.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

LASERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) grants to LASERS Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefit terms, investments, and funding of the plan. LASERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.lasersonline.org</u>.

Benefits Provided:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general informational purposes only. TRSL provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits:

1. Normal Retirement

Regular Plan - Members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011 may retire with a 2.5% accrual rate after attaining age sixty with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. All other members, if initially hired on or after July 1, 1999, are eligible for a 2.5% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service. Members may retire with an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. If hired before July 1, 1999, members are eligible for a 2% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

with 5 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service and are eligible for a 2.5% accrual rate at the earliest of age 65 with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service.

Plan A - Members may retire with a 3.0% annual accrual rate at age 55 with 25 years of service, age 60 with 5 years of service or 30 years of service, regardless of age. Plan A is closed to new entrants.

Plan B - Members may retire with a 2.0% annual accrual rate at age 55 with 30 years of service, or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Benefit Formula

For all plans, retirement benefits are based on a formula which multiplies the final average compensation by the applicable accrual rate, and by the years of creditable service. For Regular Plan and Lunch Plan B members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 60-month period. For all other members, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 36-month period.

Payment Options

A retiring member is entitled to receive the maximum benefit payable until the member's death. In lieu of the maximum benefit, the member may elect to receive a reduced benefit payable in the form of a Joint and Survivor Option, or as a lump sum that can't exceed 36 months of the members' maximum monthly benefit amount.

Effective July 1, 2009, members may make an irrevocable election at retirement to receive an actuarially reduced benefit which increases 2.5% annually, beginning on the first retirement anniversary date, but not before age 55 or before the retiree would have attained age 55 in the case of a surviving spouse. This option can be chosen in combination with the above options.

2. Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible member can begin participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed the 3rd anniversary of retirement eligibility. Delayed participation reduces the three year participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account.

Upon termination of DROP, the member can continue employment and earn additional accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit.

Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

3. Disability Benefits

Active members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system before January 1, 2011, and who have five or more years of service credit are eligible for disability retirement benefits if certified by the State Medical Disability Board (SMDB) to be disabled from performing their job. All other members must have at least 10 years of service to be eligible for a disability benefit. Calculation of the disability benefit as well as the availability of a minor child benefit is determined by the plan to which the member belongs and the date on which the member's first employment made them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system.

4. Survivor Benefits

A surviving spouse with minor children of an active member with five years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) 50% of the member's benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service. When a minor child(ren) is no longer eligible to receive survivor benefits, the spouse's benefit reverts to a survivor benefit in accordance with the provisions for a surviving spouse with no minor child(ren). Benefits for the minor child(ren) cease when he/she is no longer eligible.

Each minor child (maximum of 2) shall receive an amount equal to the greater of (a) 50% of the spouse's benefit, or (b) \$300 (up to 2 eligible children). Benefits to minors cease at attainment of age 18, marriage, or age 23 if enrolled in an approved institution of higher education.

A surviving spouse without minor children of an active member with 10 years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) the option 2 equivalent of the benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service.

5. Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the System allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

6. Optional Retirement Plan (ORP)

The Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) was established for academic employees of public institutions of higher education who are eligible for membership in TRSL. This plan was designed to provide certain academic and unclassified employees of public institutions of higher education an optional method of funding for their retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The ORP is a defined contribution pension plan which provides for portability of assets and full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted on behalf of the affected employees to the approved providers. These providers are selected by the TRSL Board of Trustees. Monthly employer and employee contributions are invested as directed by the employee to provide the employee with future retirement benefits. The amount of these benefits is entirely dependent upon the total contributions and investment returns accumulated during the employee's working lifetime. Employees in eligible positions of higher education can make an irrevocable election to participate in the ORP rather than TRSL and purchase annuity contracts—fixed, variable, or both—for benefits payable at retirement.

State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general informational purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

1. Eligibility Requirements

Membership is mandatory for all persons employed by a Louisiana Parish or City School Board or by the Lafourche Special Education District #1 who work more than twenty hours per week or for part-time employees who have ten years of creditable service in the System as a school bus driver, school janitor, school custodian, school maintenance employee, school bus aide or any other regular school employee who actually works on a school bus helping with the transportation of school children. If a person is employed by and is eligible to be a member of more than one public agency within the state, he must be a member of each such retirement

system. Members are vested after 10 years of service or 5 years if enrolled after June 30, 2010. All temporary, seasonal and part-time employees as defined in Federal Regulations 26 CFR 31:3121(b)(7)-2 are not eligible for membership in the System. Any part-time employees who work 20 hours or less per week and who are not vested will be refunded their contributions.

2. Benefits

Benefit provisions are authorized under Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1141 - 11:1153.

A member who joined the System on or before June 30, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of creditable service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 55, 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. A member who joined the system on or after July 1, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

For members who joined the System prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to 3 1/3% of the average compensation for the three highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2.00 per month for each year of service. For members who joined the System on or after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010, 3 1/3% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits, however, the calculation consists of the five highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation. For members who join the System on or after July 1, 2010, 2 1/2% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the five highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the System on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

3. Disability

A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has become totally and permanently disabled and is certified as disabled by the Medical Board. A vested person with twenty or more years of creditable service is eligible for a disability benefit until normal retirement age. A member who joins the System on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least ten years of service to qualify for disability benefits. Upon the death of a member with five or more years of creditable service, the System provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the member's benefit.

4. Deferred Retirement Option Plan

Members of the System may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan, (DROP) and defer the receipt of benefits. The election may be made only one time and the duration is limited to three years. Once an option has been selected, no change is permitted. Upon the effective date of the commencement of participation in the DROP Plan, active membership in the regular retirement plan of the System terminates. Average compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the System. The monthly retirement benefits, that would have been payable had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan Fund Account.

The System maintains subaccounts within this account reflecting the credits attributed to each participant in the DROP program. Interest credited and payments from the DROP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3). Upon termination of participation in both the DROP program and employment, a participant may receive his DROP monies either in a lump sum payment from the account or systematic disbursements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The System also provides for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable.

5. Initial Benefit Retirement Plan

Effective January 1, 1996, the state legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Retirement Plan (IBRP) program. IBRP is available to members who have not participated in DROP and who select the maximum benefit, Option 2 benefit, Option 3 benefit or Option 4 benefit. Thereafter, these members are ineligible to participate in the DROP. The IBRP program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of a regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest credited and payments from IBRP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3).

Louisiana Employees' Retirement System

1. Retirement

The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. The majority of LASERS rank and file members may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service or at age 60 upon completing five to ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement benefits under any one of six different options providing for reduced retirement benefits payable throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification but generally is ten years of service.

2. Deferred Retirement Benefits

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

3. Disability Benefits

All members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age. Upon reaching age 60, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees. For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation.

- 4. Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased member who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.
- 5. Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost of Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the System allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Contributions:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

The employer contribution rate is established annually under La. R.S. 11:101-11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Each sub plan pays a separate actuarially determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of TRSL are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members, regardless of their plan. The rates in effect during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

2020	Contributions		
TRSL Sub Plan	Employee Employe		
K-12 Regular Plan	8.00%	26.00%	
Plan A	9.10%	26.00%	
ORP			
2020	8.00%	22.20%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The contractually required composite contribution rate was actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contributions to the TRSL from the School Board were \$31,004,216 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

In accordance with state statute, TRSL receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. The amount of non-employer contributions recognized as revenue in the government-wide governmental activities statement of activities was \$615,594 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

Contributions for all participating school boards are actuarially determined as required by Act 81 of 1988 but cannot be less than the rate required by the Constitution. For the year ending June 30, 2020, the employer contribution rate was 26.0% and the employee rate was 7.5% of their annual covered salary for members employed prior to July 1, 2010, and 8.0% for members employed subsequent to July 1, 2010. Contributions to LSERS from the School Board were \$3,282,400 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

Contribution requirements of active employees are governed by Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) and may be amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Employee and employer contributions are deducted from a member's salary and remitted to LASERS by participating employers. The contribution rates in effect during the year ended June 30, 2020 for the plan Regular Employees Pre Act 75 (hired before July 1, 2006) were 7.5% for the employee and 40.70% for the employees Post Act 75 (hired after June 30, 2006) were 8.0% for the employee and 40.70% for the employer. The status of the plan Regular Employees Pre Act 75 (hired after June 30, 2006) were 8.0% for the employee and 40.70% for the employer.

The School Board's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 40.70% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contributions to LASERS from the School Board were \$159,786 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported a liability of \$269,209,188 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of TRSL, LSERS, and LASERS combined. For all plans, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The School Board's proportion at June 30, 2019 and change in proportion measured as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Proportion at	Change in
Plan	June 30, 2019	Proportion
TRSL	2.44117%	0.03742%
LSERS	3.64780%	0.05184%
LASERS	0.01855%	(0.00217%)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized pension expense as follows:

Plan	Pension Expense
TRSL	\$ 20,870,810
LSERS	3,699,509
LASERS	171,271
	\$ 24,741,590

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Differences between expected and actual				
Experience	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,252	\$ 8,252
Changes in Assumptions	17,227,589	740.331	11,516	17,979,436
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	-	982,414	46,431	1,028,845
Changes in proportion and differences between				
Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	4 070 070	222.050		4 402 021
Employer contributions subsequent to	4,270,962	222,959	-	4,493,921
the measurement date	31,004,216	3,282,400	159,786	34,446,402
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 52,502,767	\$ 5,228,104	\$ 225,985	\$ 57,956,856
	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			·····	
Differences between expected and actual				
Experience	\$ 7,572,840	\$ 636,498	\$ 2,793	\$ 8,212,131
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	8,968,821	-	-	8,968,821
Changes in proportion and differences between				
Employer contributions and proportionate	0.007.007	* * * * * * *	07.050	a
share of contributions	9,087,297	444,644	97,350	9,629,291
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 25,628,958	\$ 1,081,142	\$ 100,143	\$ 26,810,243

\$34,446,402 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS	Total
2021	\$ (1,308,763)	\$ 417.833	\$ (50,610)	\$ (941,540)
2022	(6,718,043)	(335,533)	(13,513)	(7,067,089)
2023	340,773	447,803	12,774	801,350
2024	3,555,626	334,459	17,405	3,907,490
	\$ (4,130,407)	\$ 864,562	\$ (33,944)	\$ (3,299,789)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions:

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 for all plans are as follows:

	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.55%	7.00%	7.60%
	3.3% to 4.8% - varies	3.25% (2012- 2017	
	depending on	experience	3.8% to
Salary increases	duration of	study)	13.0%

For TRSL, the mortality rates were projected based on RP-2000 Mortality Table with projections to 2025 using Scale AA. Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five year (2009-2013) experience study of system's members.

For LSERS, the mortality rates were based on 130% of the RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment for females, each with the full generational MP-2017 scale for non-disabled members; and RP-2014 Disabled Tables for Males and Females, with the fully generational MP-2017 scale for disabled members.

For LASERS, mortality rates were based on MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale for nondisabled members; and RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement was selected for disabled members. Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2014-2018) experience study of the system's members.

For all plans' cost of living adjustments, the present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Systems and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increase not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

For TRSL, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return was 7.48% for 2019. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the TRSL's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Expected Portfolio Real Rate of		
Return		
4.60%		
5.70%		
1.69%		
2.10%		
8.67%		
3.65%		

For LSERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long- term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting long-term arithmetic nominal expected return in 8.76%. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of
26%	1.07%
39%	2.93%
17%	1.43%
12%	0.73%
6%	0.60%
100%	6.76%
	2.00%
1	8.76%
	Allocation 26% 39% 17% 12% 6% 100%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

For LASERS the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Long_Term

Target Asset Allocation	Eong-Ferm Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
0%	0.24%
23%	4.83%
32%	5.83%
6%	2.79%
10%	4.49%
22%	8.32%
7%	5.06%
100%	6.09%
	Allocation 0% 23% 32% 6% 10% 22% 7%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55% for TRSL and 7.60% for LASERS which were a decrease of .10% and 0.05%, respectively, from the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018. For LSERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% which was a decrease of 0.0625% from its prior measurement date of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

TRSL:	Changes in Discount Rate Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.55%	7.55%	8.55%
Net pension liability	\$322,573,895	\$242,328,489	\$ 174,693,864
LSERS:	Changes in Discount Rate		
	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Net pension liability	\$ 34,607,534	\$ 25,536,839	\$ 17,782,666
LASERS:	Changes in Discount Rate Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.60% 7.60% 8.60%		8.60%
Net pension liability	\$ 1,696,121	\$ 1,343,860	\$ 1,046,315

Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position

TRSL issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: <u>www.trsl.org</u> or on the Office of Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website: <u>www.lla.state.la.us</u>.

LSERS issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: <u>www.lsers.net</u> or on the Office of Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website: <u>www.lla.state.la.us</u>.

Detailed information about LASERS' pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LASERS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at <u>www.lasersonline.org</u> or on the Office of Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website: <u>www.lla.state.la.us</u>.

Payables to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2020 included in liabilities are payables to the pension plans as follows: TRSL \$5,786,042, LSERS \$499,445 and LASERS \$27,654. These payables are normal legally required contributions to the pension plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Deferred Compensation Plan -

In addition to the above mentioned retirement plans, on May 5, 1994, the School Board adopted a resolution establishing a deferred compensation plan pursuant to Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. All part-time, seasonal and temporary employees of the School Board are eligible to participate in this plan. Participation in this plan is at a rate of 7.5% of compensation with contributions to the plan funded 1.3% by the employer and 6.2% by the employee. During the current fiscal year, total contributions to the plan amounted to \$454,333 which consisted of \$78,754 from the School Board and \$375,579 from the employees.

The School Board has implemented GASB Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans". Under this statement governments who have no responsibility for the plan and are not formally considered the plan's trustee are not required to report the plan in its financial statements. Since the School Board's plan is held in a custodial account with a third party administrator, the assets and liabilities are not presented in the School Board's financial statements as of June 30, 2020.

(9) Changes in Agency Fund Deposits Due Others -

A summary of changes in agency fund deposits due others follows:

	School Activity		
	Fund	Sales Tax Fund	Total
Balance - June 30, 2019	\$ 6,085,885	\$ 4,401,007	\$ 10,486,892
Additions	12,337,701	109,777,231	122,114,932
Deductions	(12,335,873)	(109,346,885)	(121,682,758)
Balance - June 30, 2020	\$ 6,087,713	\$ 4,831,353	\$ 10,919,066

(10) Long-Term Debt -

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Deat

	 Bonded Debt	 tificates of lebtedness	Capital Lease	Compensated Absences	Claims and Judgments	Post- Employment Benefits	Total
Long-Term Obligations - July 1, 2019	\$ 100,536,566	\$ 333,350	\$ 2,934,888	\$13,846,032	\$ 2,580,000	\$ 268,069,092	\$ 388,299,928
Additions Amortization of Premium Received on Issuance	18,315,000	-	-	5,312,519	845,996	61,481,873	85,955,388
of Bonds Deductions	(213,841) (24,542,811)	- (66,665)	- (1,104,739)	- (3,461,217)	- (1,215,996)	- (15,254,553)	(213,841) (45,645,981)
Long-Term Obligations - June 30, 2020	\$ 94.094.914	\$ 266,685	\$ 1,830,149	\$15,697,334	\$ 2,210,000	\$ 314.296,412	\$ 428,395,494

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The following is a summary of the current (due in one year or less) and the long-term (due in more than one year) portions of long-term obligations as of June 30, 2020:

	 Bonded Debt	tificates of lebtedness	-	Capital Lease	Compensated Absences	Claims and Judgments	Post- Employment Benefits	Total
Current Portion Long-Term Portion	\$ 7,635,000 86,459,914	\$ 66,665 200,020	\$	917,427 912,722	\$ 3,924,334 11,773,000	\$ 	\$ 314,296,412	\$ 12,543,426 415,852,068
Total	 94,094,914	 266,685	\$	1,830,149	\$15,697,334	\$ 2,210,000	\$ 314,296,412	\$ 428,395,494

Bonded Debt

All of the School Board's bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 in the amount of \$92,510,000 consist of general obligation bonds with final maturities from 2021 to 2034 and interest rates from 1.95 percent to 5.00 percent. Bond principal and interest payable in the next fiscal year is \$7,635,000 and \$3,010,636, respectively. Bonded debt is comprised of the following individual issues which are payable from the debt service funds:

			Final	Interest	
	Original	Interest	Payment	to	Principal
	Issue	Rates	Due	<u>Maturity</u>	Outstanding
General Obligation					
Bonds - Secured					
by Ad Valorem Taxes:					
School District No. 1:					
05/28/15	\$16,285,000	3.50-5.00%	2027 \$	2,042,925	\$ 12,270,000
School District No. 4:					
08/04/14	\$8,500,000	2.00-4.00%	2024	410,700	4,120,000
12/30/14	\$25,000,000	3.00-5.00%	2034	7,075,462	22,280,000
School District No. 22:					
06/01/10	\$20,000,000	3.75%	2021	38,250	1,020,000
11/01/11	\$10,000,000	3.625-4.00%	2031	56,575	1,000,000
06/07/12	\$7,165,000	1.95%	2022	40,560	1,380,000
05/19/20	\$18,315,000	2.50%	2031	2,852,293	18,315,000
School District No. 33:					
06/01/10	\$1,750,000	3.75-5.00%	2024	58,537	525,000
Parish-Wide:					
06/20/17	\$27,000,000	2.68%	2032	4,026,566	22,270,000
06/20/17	\$11,000,000	5.00%	2032	3,303,250	9,330,000
Total General Oblig	gation Bonds			19,905,118	92,510,000
Total Bonded Debt			\$	19,905,118	\$ 92,510,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

All principal and interest requirements are funded in accordance with Louisiana law by the annual ad valorem tax levy on taxable property within the parish and the avails of a ½% sales and use tax within School Board District No. 22 within Livingston Parish. At June 30, 2020 the School Board has accumulated \$7,291,519 in the Debt Service Funds for future debt requirements. The bonds are due, by years, as follows:

Year Ending	Principal	Interest		
June 30,	Payments	Payments	Total	
2021	\$ 7,635,000	\$ 3,010,636	\$ 10,645,636	
2022	7,940,000	2,836,651	10,776,651	
2023	7,525,000	2,556,906	10,081,906	
2024	7,825,000	2,277,313	10,102,313	
2025	8,000,000	1,985,676	9,985,676	
2026-2030	37,700,000	6,081,120	43,781,120	
2031-2034	15,885,000	1,156,816	17,041,816	
	92,510,000	\$19,905,118	\$112,415,118	
Unamortized Premium				
on Bond Issuance	1,584,914			
	\$94,094,914			

Advance Refundings

On May 19, 2020, the School Board issued \$18,315,000 General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 for School District No. 22 for the purpose of refunding \$11,595,000 of the outstanding balance of the General Obligation School Bonds Series 2010A for School District No. 22 and interest associated with the Series 2010A Bonds, and \$5,795,000 of the outstanding balance of the General Obligation School Bonds Series 2011 for School District No. 22 and interest associated with the Series 2011 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$18,302,202 (after payment of \$235,918 in cost of issuance plus an additional \$223,121 of the sinking fund monies) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2010A Series bonds and 2011 Series Bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$737,564 and resulted in an economic gain of \$634,449.

The advance refunding of the Series 2010A Bonds and the Series 2011 Bonds resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$909,391 which were deferred and are being amortized over the life of the new bonds. These differences are reported in the accompanying financial statements as Deferred Outflow of Resources and are being charged to operations as components of interest expense. At June 30, 2020, the unamortized balance is \$900,205. Also, as a result of the advance refunding of the Series 2010A Bonds and the Series 2011 Bonds, \$11,595,000 of the 2010A Series Bonds and \$5,795,000 of the 2011 Series

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Bonds were considered in-substance defeased and the liability for those bonds were removed from the School Board's books. At June 30, 2020, the 2010A Series defeased bonds outstanding balance is \$11,595,000. The 2011 Series defeased bonds outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 is \$5,795,000.

On August 5, 2014, the School Board issued \$8,500,000 General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 for School District No. 4 for the purpose of refunding \$8,705,000 of the outstanding balance of the General Obligation School Refunding Bonds Series 2005 for School District No. 4 and interest associated with the Series 2005 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$9,051,613 (after payment of \$151,563 in cost of issuance plus an additional \$108,800 of the sinking fund monies) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2005 Series bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 9 years by \$563,953 and resulted in an economic gain of \$491,385.

On May 28, 2015, the School Board issued \$16,285,000 General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 for School District No. 1 for the purpose of refunding \$16,590,000 of the outstanding balance of the General Obligation School Refunding Bonds Series 2007 for School District No. 1 and interest associated with the Series 2007 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$17,824,164 (after payment of \$248,058 in cost of issuance plus an additional \$66,359 of the sinking fund monies) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2007 Series bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$606,552 and resulted in an economic gain of \$509,481.

The advance refunding of the Series 2005 Bonds and the Series 2007 Bonds resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$346,613 and \$1,097,714, respectively, which were deferred and are being amortized over the life of the new bonds. These differences are reported in the accompanying financial statements as Deferred Outflow of Resources and are being charged to operations as components of interest expense. At June 30, 2020, the unamortized balance is \$995,082. Also, as a result of the advance refunding of the Series 2005 Bonds and the Series 2007 Bonds, \$8,705,000 of the 2005 Series Bonds and \$16,590,000 of the 2007 Series Bonds were considered in-substance defeased and the liability for those bonds were removed from the School Board's books. At June 30, 2020, the 2007 Series defeased bonds were paid off and none are outstanding at June 30, 2020. The 2005 Series defeased bonds have also been paid off and none are outstanding at June 30, 2020.

On June 7, 2012, the School Board issued \$7,165,000 of general obligation school refunding bonds, series 2012 for the purpose of refunding the outstanding balance of the Series 1996, 2002 and 2003 bonds. The 2012 Series bonds are scheduled to mature on March 1, 2022. The outstanding principal balance of the general obligation, series 1996, 2002 and 2003 bonds as of the refunding date of June 7, 2012, was \$5,940,000, \$1,035,000, and \$475,000, respectively. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 5 years by \$698,052 and resulted in an economic gain of \$634,085.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt funded by ad valorem taxes, in excess of thirty-five percent of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2020, the statutory limit is approximately \$285,146,000 and outstanding general obligation bonded debt funded by ad valorem taxes totals \$92,510,000.

Certificates of Indebtedness

On October 1, 2009, the School Board issued two Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) Certificates of Indebtedness Series 2009 A for \$8,000,000 in School District 4 and Series 2009 B for \$1,000,000 in School District 31. The QSCB were allocated to the School Board by the Louisiana Department of Education from its allocation received by section 54F of the Internal Revenue Code and according to provisions of section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. Under the provisions of the QSCB program, the School Board was able to borrow the funds at a .75% interest rate and the bank loaning the funds receives a tax credit of 25% of 5.96% credit rate on the outstanding balance of the bonds. The actual interest on these Certificates of Indebtedness is 2.24% after factoring the tax credits received by the bank. At June 30, 2020 the Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) Certificates of Indebtedness Series 2009 for \$8,000,000 in School District 4 had been paid off and no balance was outstanding. The following schedule lists the Certificates of Indebtedness outstanding by District:

	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Final Payment Due	Interest to Maturity	Principal Outstanding
Certificates of Indebtedness: School District No. 31:					
10/01/09	\$1,000,000	0.75%	2024	\$	\$ <u>266,685</u>
Total Certificates of		\$ 5,000	\$ 266,685		

The Certificates of Indebtedness are due, by years, along with actual interest and interest saved is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal Payments	Interest Payments at 0.75%	Total	Interest Payments at 2.24%	Interest Saved Under QSCB
2021	\$ 66,665	\$ 2,000	\$ 68,665	\$ 5,974	\$ 3,974
2022	66,665	1,500	68,165	4,480	2,980
2023	66,665	1,000	67,665	2,987	1,987
2024	66,690	500	67,190	1,494	994
	\$266,685	\$ 5,000	\$271,685	\$14,935	\$ 9,935

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

As indicated in the above schedule, the School Board will pay \$5,000 in interest using the 0.75% rate instead of \$14,935 using the 2.24% rate or a difference of \$9,935. The difference or contribution is netted with interest expense in the debt service fund.

Capital Lease Payable

The School Board entered into a capital lease agreement on April 6, 2019, for financing the purchase of twenty-two school buses at a cost of \$1,782,822. The lease requires 5 annual payments of principal and interest of \$379,587. The first payment was due at inception of lease with a final payment due on April 6, 2023. The lease agreement contains a non-appropriation exculpatory clause that allows cancellation if the School Board does not make an annual appropriation for the lease payments. The capital lease payable at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Description/Purpose	Original Lease Amount	Interest Rate	Final Maturity	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital lease to finance the purchase of twenty-two school buses	\$1,782,822	3.23%	04/06/2023	\$1,116,463

The School Board entered into a capital lease agreement on May 25, 2018, for financing the purchase of two school buses at a cost of \$176,744. The lease requires 5 annual payments of principal and interest of \$38,843. The first payment was due at inception of lease with a final payment due on May 25, 2022. The lease agreement contains a non-appropriation exculpatory clause that allows cancellation if the School Board does not make an annual appropriation for the lease payments. The capital lease payable at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Description/Purpose	Original Lease Amount	Interest Rate	Final Maturity	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital lease to finance the purchase of two school buses	\$176,744	4.95%	05/25/2022	\$72,278

The School Board entered into a capital lease agreement on February 20, 2018, for financing the purchase of ten school buses at a cost of \$493,389. The lease requires 5 annual payments of principal and interest of \$108,756. The first payment was due at inception of lease with a final payment due on July 1, 2022. The lease agreement contains a non-appropriation exculpatory clause that allows cancellation if the School Board does not make an annual appropriation for the lease payments. The capital lease payable at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Description/Purpose	Original Lease <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital lease to finance the purchase of ten school buses	\$493,389	4.27%	07/01/2022	\$204,340

The School Board entered into a capital lease agreement on April 20, 2017, for financing the purchase of fourteen school buses at a cost of \$1,117,090. The lease requires 5 annual payments of principal and interest of \$234,273. The first payment was due at inception of lease with a final payment due on April 20, 2021. The lease agreement contains a non-appropriation exculpatory clause that allows cancellation if the School Board does not make an annual appropriation for the lease payments. The capital lease payable at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Description/Purpose	Original Lease <u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate	Final Maturity	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital lease to finance the purchase of fourteen school buses	\$1,117,090	2.43%	04/20/2021	\$212,624

The School Board entered into a capital lease agreement on October 26, 2016, for financing the purchase of fourteen school buses at a cost of \$1,098,370. The lease requires 5 annual payments of principal and interest of \$229,425. The first payment was due at inception of lease with a final payment due on October 6, 2020. The lease agreement contains a non-appropriation exculpatory clause that allows cancellation if the School Board does not make an annual appropriation for the lease payments. The capital lease payable at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Description/Purpose	Original Lease <u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital lease to finance the purchase of fourteen school buses	\$1,098,370	2.22%	10/06/2020	\$224,444

The School Board entered into a capital lease agreement on October 28, 2015, for financing the purchase of fourteen school buses at a cost of \$1,128,138. The lease requires 5 annual payments of principal and interest of \$234,380. The first payment was due at inception of lease with a final payment due on October 28, 2019. The lease agreement contains a non-appropriation exculpatory clause that allows cancellation if the School Board does not make an annual appropriation for the lease payments. The lease agreement was paid off and no lease payments were outstanding at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Capital lease payments to maturity including interest requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total
2021	\$ 917,427	\$ 56,974	\$ 974,401
2022	497,520	29,665	527,185
2023	415,202	12,246	427,448
	\$1,830,149	\$ 98,885	\$1,929,034

Compensated Absences

At June 30, 2020, employees of the School Board have accumulated and vested \$15,697,334 of employee leave benefits, which was computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60.

Post-Employment Benefits

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – The Livingston Parish School Board (the School Board) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The Livingston Parish School Board's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the School Board. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the School Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.

Benefits Provided – Medical benefits are provided through the Louisiana Office of Group Benefits (OGB) and involve several statewide networks and one HMO with a premium structure by region. The OGB plan is a fully insured, multiple-employer arrangement and this plan has been deemed to be a single employer defined OPEB plan (within the meaning of GASB 74/75) for financial reporting purposes and for this valuation. Medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement. Most of the employees are covered by the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL), whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; or, age 60 and 5 years of service. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 must have attained at least age 60 at retirement (or D.R.O.P. entry) to avoid actuarial reduction in the retirement benefit.

Life insurance coverage under the OGB program is available to retirees by election and a blended rate (active and retired) is used. The employer pays 50% of the blended rate cost of the retiree life insurance. Insurance coverage amounts are reduced by 25% at age 65 and by an additional 25% at age 70 according to the OGB plan provisions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,063
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active Employees	2,706
	3,769

Total OPEB Liability

The School Board's total OPEB liability of \$314,296,412 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	4.0%, including inflation
Discount rate	3.50% annually (Beginning of Year to Determine ADC)
	2.21% annually (As of End of Year Measurement Date)
Healthcare cost trend rates	Flat 5.5% annually for ten years and 4.5% annually thereafter

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of June 30, 2020, the end of the applicable measurement period.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Table without projection with 50%/50% unisex blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2020.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 268,069,092
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	5,082,282
Interest	9,204,558
Difference between expected and actual experience	(5,091,114)
Changes in assumptions	47,195,033
Benefit payments and net transfers	(10,163,439)
Net changes	46,227,320
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 314,296,412

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	Changes in Discount Rate							
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase						
	1.21%	2.21%	3.21%					
Total OPEB Liability	\$373,783,579	\$314,296,412	\$267,874,473					

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates							
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase						
	4.50%	5.50%	6.50%					
Total OPEB Liability	\$281,323,910	\$314,296,412	\$356,228,293					

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$21,278,812. At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions	\$ 53,045,445	\$	8,637,068 9,600,618			
Total	\$ 53,045,445		18,237,686			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:			
2021	\$ 9,112,771	\$	(2,120,799)
2022	9,112,771		(2,120,799)
2023	9,112,771		(2,120,799)
2024	9,112,771		(2,120,799)
2025	9,112,771		(2,120,799)
2026 and Later	 7,481,589	•	(7,633,690)
	\$ 53,045,444		(18,237,685)

(11) Risk Management/Fund Balances Assigned To Insurance -

Property Damage Insurance

The School Board continues to carry an excess coverage insurance policy to cover annual losses in excess of \$100,000 and has assigned \$1,000,000 of fund balance of the General Fund at June 30, 2020, to cover the cost of future property damage not covered by insurance.

General Liability Insurance

The School Board is exposed to losses relating to any potential general liability claim it may face. Because of the prohibitive cost of carrying commercial insurance, the School Board established a limited risk management program for liability claims. The School Board has an excess coverage insurance policy to cover annual losses in excess of \$250,000.

The School Board made disbursements for liability claims of \$13,637 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The General Fund reports the claims expenditures when paid. The estimated claims liability at June 30, 2020, amounted to \$1,077,413.

Each year the School Board compares the claims paid and the assigned fund balance for general liability insurance to determine the amount of funds to be set aside that year. At June 30, 2020, the School Board has assigned \$2,500,000 of the fund balance of the General Fund to cover future general liability damage claims.

Worker's Compensation Insurance

The School Board is exposed to losses relating to any potential worker's compensation claims it may face. Because of the prohibitive cost of carrying commercial insurance, the School Board established a limited risk management program for worker's compensation claims. The School Board has purchased an excess coverage insurance policy to cover worker's compensation claims in excess of \$400,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Each year the School Board compares the claims paid and the assigned fund balance for worker's compensation insurance to determine the amount of funds to be set aside that year. At June 30, 2020, the School Board has assigned \$1,000,000 of the fund balance of the General Fund to cover future worker's compensation damage claims.

All workers' compensation claims are paid out of the General Fund resources. The School Board made disbursements for worker's compensation claims of \$1,255,681 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The General Fund reports the claims expenditures when paid. The estimated claims liability at June 30, 2020, amounted to \$1,132,586.

A certificate of deposit in the amount of \$150,000 purchased by the School Board in the name of the Office of Workers' Compensation through the Department of Employment and Training is held in trust for the School Board.

(12) Fund Balance - General Fund - Assigned To

<u>Other Postemployment Benefits</u> - During the current fiscal year, the School Board has assigned \$4,594,816 in the General Fund to be used to fund the Other Postemployment Benefits trust fund plan when adopted.

<u>Insurance Proceeds</u> - During the 2017 fiscal year, the School Board received \$5,000,000 in insurance proceeds to assist with the rebuilding of the schools damaged in the August 2016 flooding event. The School Board assigned these funds in the General Fund to be used to fund the rebuilding of the three school that received substantial damage. Construction to rebuild the three campuses is scheduled to begin in late 2020.

<u>Salary Supplement</u> - During the current fiscal year, the School Board has assigned \$4,618,383 in the General Fund to be used to fund salary supplements.

(13) Fund Equity - Committed to Capital Projects Fund, Maintenance of Schools Fund, and Disaster Special Revenue Fund -

The Capital Projects Fund shows total fund equity of \$5,705,775. A summary of commitments under construction contracts for each individual school district at June 30, 2020, follows:

			Caj	oital Projects		Maintenance of Schools					Disaster Special Revenue Fund						
	Ai	Project athorization		pended to ae 30, 2020	expended mmitment		Project thorization		pended to e 30, 2020		nexpended ommitment	А	Project authorization		xpended to ne 30. 2020		Jnexpended Commitment
District #1	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	131,868	\$	80,267	\$	51,601	\$	21.202,318	\$	5,641,637	\$	15,560,681
District #4		-		-	-		142,300		128,070		14.230		-		-		-
District #24		-		-	-		105.700		21,140		84.560		-		-		-
District #25		84,006		84,006	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
District #26		1.266,809		482,114	784.695		139,000		132,000		7,000		-		-		-
District #31		17.170		17.170	 -		60.965		-		60.965		-		-		-
Total	\$	1,367.985	ŝ	583,290	\$ 784,695	\$	579,833	\$	361,477	\$	218.356	ŝ	21,202.318	\$	5,641,637	Ŝ	15,560,681

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

	Total All Funds						
	Project	Expended to	Unexpended				
	Authorization	June 30, 2020	Commitment				
District #1	\$ 11,415,142	\$ 5,721,904	\$ 5,693,238				
District #4	142,300	128,070	14,230				
District #24	105,700	21,140	84,560				
District #25	84,006	84,006	-				
District #26	1,405,809	614,114	791,695				
District #31	78,135	17,170	60,965				
Total	\$ 13,231,092	\$ 6,586,404	\$ 6,644,688				

Capital Projects Fund - Fund Balance and Unexpended Commitments:

				District		Actual Fund			
	Fund Balance			nexpended	Ba	Balances Less			
		at	Co	mmitment	C	Commitment			
	June	e 30, 2020	Jun	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2020			
District #1	\$	2,231,346		-	\$	2,231,346			
District #4		691,173		-		691,173			
District #22		896,705		-		896,705			
District #24		111,826		-		111,826			
District #25		196,974		-		196,974			
District #26		202,367		784,695		(582,328)			
District #27		798,763		-		798,763			
District #31		388,815		-		388,815			
District #32		140,923		-		140,923			
District #33		46,883		-		46,883			
Total	\$	5,705,775	\$	784,695	\$	4,921,080			

At June 30, 2020 for District #26, the unexpended commitments are recorded in the Capital Projects Fund as fund balance committed to contracts to the extent of available fund balances of \$202,367. The unavailable amount of \$582,328 will have to be resolved in future years by anticipated Property Tax revenues and General Fund Transfers.

(14) Fund Balance - General Fund - Restricted For -

<u>Salaries</u> - In May 1967, the voters of Livingston Parish approved the levy of a 1% sales tax for the purpose of paying salaries of the employees of the School Board. In addition, in October 1987 the voters of Livingston Parish approved the levy of an additional 1/2 of 1% sales tax, 80% of which is restricted for the purpose of paying salaries of the employees of the School Board. At June 30, 2020, a balance of \$-0- is restricted for salaries as a result of these sales tax levies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

<u>Construction, Utilities, and Maintenance</u> - In May 1978, the voters of Livingston Parish approved the levy of a 1% sales tax for the purpose of construction, renovation, operation and maintenance of the public schools of Livingston Parish. Also, the remaining 20% of the 1/2 of 1% sales tax approved in 1987, is restricted to pay the cost of utility services of the public schools of Livingston Parish. At June 30, 2020, a balance of \$22,130,519 is restricted for utilities and maintenance as a result of these sales tax levies.

<u>Educational Excellence</u> - In the current year and prior years, the School Board received payments from the State of Louisiana in connection with the State's settlement of its lawsuit with the tobacco industry. These funds can only be spent on classroom improvements as required by the State. Accordingly, the unspent monies at June 30, 2020 of \$395,678 are reflected as a restriction of fund balance.

<u>E-Rate</u> - The Federal Communications Commission's E-rate program makes telecommunications and information services more affordable for schools and libraries. With funding from the Universal Service Fund, E-rate provides discounts for telecommunications, Internet access and internal connections to eligible schools and libraries. At June 30, 2020, a balance of 2,027,249 is restricted for the School Board's E-Rate programs.

<u>Career Development</u> – The Career Development Funds are currently being used to equip the new STEM & Robotics Center, as well as to support the implementation of new and existing Career & Technical programs listed on the state's focus list of high wage high demand jobs in the districts eleven high schools. These funds also support new programs going in the middle schools' implementation of STEM and CTE courses. At June 30, 2020, a balance of \$1,710,052 is restricted for Career Development programs.

<u>Other</u> - At June 30, 2020, a balance of \$-0- is restricted for the School Board's Driver's Education Program.

(15) Litigation and Claims -

At June 30, 2020, the School Board is involved in several lawsuits. It is the opinion of the legal adviser for the School Board that the ultimate resolution of these lawsuits will not involve any material liability to the School Board in excess of insurance coverage and amounts recorded in these financial statements.

(16) Summary of Parish Sales Tax Collections Remitted to Other Taxing Authorities -

Act 711 of the 2010 Louisiana Legislative Session amended LRS 24:51(B) to provide required footnote disclosure in the financial statements for local governments that collect tax for other taxing jurisdictions. Listed below are sales tax collections and distributions to other parish governmental agencies during fiscal year 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

	Total Collections	Collection Cost	Final Distribution
Livingston Parish Council	\$19,553,867	\$ 278,203	\$19,275,664
Law Enforcement Subdistrict A	10,021,451	152,820	9,868,631
Livingston Parish Drainage Districts:			
No. 1	1,942,874	25,143	1,917,731
No. 2	1,177,783	22,818	1,154,965
No. 5	1,903,582	33,554	1,870,028
City of Denham Springs	7,539,139	110,713	7,428,426
City of Walker	4,304,258	69,566	4,234,692
Town of Livingston	580,413	11,609	568,804
Village of Albany	498,724	9,975	488,749
Town of Springfield	424,379	8,489	415,890
Livingston Parish Tourist Commission	314,193	9,426	304,767
Denham Springs Economic Development District	4,857,622	215,373	4,642,249
Juban Crossing Economic Development District	3,788,429	156,679	3,631,750
Total	\$56,906,714	\$1,104,368	\$55,802,346

(17) Tax Abatements -

Tax Increment Financing Tax Abatements - In prior years, the School Board entered into cooperative endeavor agreement with the Denham Springs Economic Development District (DSEDD) under provisions of the LA.R.S. Chapter 27 of Title 33 - Sales Tax Increment Financing. Under the provisions of the law, entities may enter into the cooperative endeavor agreements to dedicate a portion or all of the sales tax collected within the economic development district area for the purpose of repaying revenue bonds issued to fund economic development projects within the districts. Under the agreement, the School Board dedicated 100 percent of the General Fund's 1 cent sales tax and 100 percent of School District No. 1's .50 cent sales tax collected within the DSEDD area for the purposes of repaying revenue bonds issued to fund DSEDD projects. Once the DSEDD revenue bonds are paid in full, the School Board will start receiving 100 percent of both sales tax collected within the DSEDD area. The abated sales tax amounted to \$1,772,908 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Industrial Tax Exemption Program - The Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption (ITEP) program (Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 13, Chapter 5) is a state incentive program which abates, up to 10 years, local ad valorem taxes on manufacturer's new investment and annual capitalized additions related to the manufacturing site. Businesses must be classified as a manufacturer or related to the manufacturing project in order to receive the benefits of the ITEP program. ITEP is only available for activities related to manufacturing. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, \$259,170 in the School Board's ad valorem tax revenues were abated as a result of this program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

(18) Current Accounting Pronouncements -

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No 84, Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a businesstype activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. A fiduciary component unit, when reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements of a primary government, should combine its information with its component units that are fiduciary component units and aggregate that combined information with the primary government's fiduciary funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

In May 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No 87, *Leases.* The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged. Leases should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the period of implementation (or, if applied to earlier periods, the beginning of the earliest period restated). However, lessors should not restate the assets underlying their existing sales-type or direct financing leases. Any residual assets for those leases become the carrying values of the underlying assets.

In June 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5-22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. This Statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively.

In August 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No 90, *Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.* The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements should be applied retroactively, except for the provisions related to (1) reporting a majority equity interest in a component unit and (2) reporting a component unit if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest. Those provisions should be applied on a prospective basis.

Management is currently evaluating the effects of the new GASB pronouncements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

(19) Flood of August 2016 -

From August 11, 2016 through August 15, 2016, a weather system that stalled over southeast Louisiana dumped up to 20 inches of rain in many places, and perhaps as much as 36 inches in other places causing catastrophic flooding of thousands of homes and businesses. The School Board had eight schools that suffered severe flood damage of which three were a total loss, two had serious damage and three had mild damage. Currently, three schools are still located on temporary campuses. Southside Elementary and Southside Junior High students have relocated to temporary campuses next to Juban Parc Elementary and Juban Parc Junior High. Denham Springs Elementary is on a temporary site on land loaned to the School Board by a local church. All other school repairs were completed as of June 30, 2019. The School Board applied for and is receiving federal financial assistance with the cleanup, remediation, and other repair cost of the affected campuses.

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the School Board received approval for approximately \$38 million from FEMA for funding of the rebuilding of the three schools destroyed in the August 2016 flood - Southside Elementary, Southside Junior High, and Denham Springs Elementary. Construction to rebuild the three campuses is scheduled to begin in late 2020.

(20) Contingency -

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States and globally has caused business disruption through mandated and voluntary closings of schools and businesses. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration and its impacts on the School Board's students, employees and vendors. Therefore, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact the School Board's financial condition or results of operations cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

(21) Subsequent Event -

On August 6, 2020, the School Board accepted a contractor bid for the Southside Elementary School and Southside Junior High School construction project in the amount of \$50,090,000.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 18, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY BY PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020*

Fiscal Year	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Employ Proportic Share of th Pension Li	nate 1e Net		Employer's vered Payroll	Employ Proportic Share of the Pension Lia a Percentag Covered F	onate he Net bility as ge of its	Plan Fiduc Position Percentag Total Po Liabi	n as a ge of the ension
Teachers' I	Retirement Syste	m of Louisia	nna:						
2015	2.57000%	S 262,69	0,448	S :	110,632,857	2	37.44%		63.65%
2016	2.50888%	269,76	1,283		111,321,600	2	42.33%		62.47%
2017	2.53824%	297,91	2,099		112,486,220	2	64.84%		59.90%
2018	2.52642%	259,00	4,771		112,669,135	2	29.88%		65.55%
2019	2.40375%	236,24	1,276	-	110,770,800	2	13.27%		68.17%
2020	2.44117%	242,32	8,489		115,483,860	2	.09.84%		68.57%
State of Lor	uisiana School E	mployees' R	etireme	ent S	ystem:				
2015	3.62140%	S 20,99	2,658	S	10,155,219	2	06.72%		76.18%
2016	3.63994%	23,08	1,854		10,323,143	2	23.59%		74.49%
2017	3.73557%	28,17	9,145		10,610,241	2	65.58%		70.09%
2018	3.79181%	24,26	4,806		10,854,676	2	23.54%		75.03%
2019	3.59596%	24,02	5,953		10,372,671	2	31.63%		74.44%
2020	3.64780%	25,53	6,839		10,664,326	2	39.46%		73.49%
Louisiana S	State Employees'	Retirement	System	1:					
2015	0.01172%		3,025	S	230,983	3	17.35%		65.02%
2016	0.01442%	98	0,626		325,509	3	01.26%		62.66%
2017	0.01813%	1,42	3,589		322,558	4	41.34%		57.73%
2018	0.02082%	1,46	5,132		386,245	3	79.33%		62.54%
2019	0.02072%	1,41	2,944		388,716	3	63.49%		64.30%
2020	0.01855%	1,34	3,860		356,730	3	76.72%		62.90%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become

Schedule 2

LIVINGSTON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS BY PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal Year		ontractually Required ontributions] C	ntributions in Relation to ontractually Required ontributions	De	atribution ficiency Excess)	Employer's vered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
<u>Teachers' l</u>	<u>Retir</u>	ement Syster	m of]	Louisiana:				
2015	\$	31,140,077	\$	31,140,077	5	-	\$ 111,321,600	27.97%
2016		29,558,885		29,558,885		-	112,486,220	26.28%
2017		28,705,949		28,705,949		-	112,669,135	25.48%
2018		29,436,541		29,436,541		-	110,770,800	26.57%
2019		30,842,504		30,842,504		-	115,483,860	26.71%
2020		31,004,216		31,004,216		-	119,873,974	25.86%
State of Lo	uisia	na School Ei	nploy	yees' Retireme	nt Sys	tem:		
2015	\$	3,405,111	\$	3,405,111	\$	-	\$ 10,323,143	32.99%
2016		3,204,293		3,204,293		-	10,610,241	30.20%
2017		2,963,326		2,963,326		-	10,854,676	27.30%
2018		2,862,857		2,862,857		-	10,372,671	27.60%
2019		2,986,011		2,986,011		-	10,664,326	28.00%
2020		3,282,400		3,282,400		-	11,164,625	29.40%
Louisiana S	State	Employees'	Retii	rement System				
2015	\$	119,500	\$	119,500	\$	-	\$ 325,509	36.71%
2016		119,681		119,681		-	322,558	37.10%
2017		138,276		138,276		-	386,245	35.80%
2018		147,323		147,323		-	388,716	37.90%
2019		135,201		135,201		-	356,730	37.90%
2020		159,786		159,786		-	393,008	40.66%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL BOARD'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>	2020	2019	2018
Service Cost	S 5,082,282	\$ 4,652,576	\$ 4,910,809
Interest	9,204,558	9,464,446	9,134,602
Changes in Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(5,091,114)	(2,211,328)	(3,211,535)
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	47,195,033	16,210,115	(12,218,966)
Benefit Payments	(10,163,439)	(9,212,073)	(9,212,073)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	46,227,320	18,903,736	(10,597,163)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	268,069,092	249,165,356	259,762,519
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 314,296,412	\$ 268,069,092	\$ 249,165,356
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 133,254,268	\$ 128,129,092	\$ 128,165,356
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	235.86%	209.22%	194.41%

Notes to Schedule

There are no plan assets accumulated in a trust to pay OPEB benefits. Benefit Changes - There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2018. Changes of Assumptions - The discount rate as of 6/30/2017 was 3.58% and it changes to 3.87% as of 6/30/2018.

Benefit Changes - There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2019. *Changes of Assumptions* - The discount rate as of 6/30/2018 was 3.87% and it changes to 3.50% as of 6/30/2019.

Benefit Changes - There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2020. *Changes of Assumptions* - The discount rate as of 6/30/2019 was 3.50% and it changes to 2.21% as of 6/30/2020.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes of Benefit Terms include

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL):

• A 1.5% cost of living adjustment (COLA), effective July 1, 2014, provided by Act 102 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session.

State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS):

• There were no changes of benefit terms for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, and 2015

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS):

- A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2016, provided by Acts 93 and 512 of the 2016 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, and,
- Added benefits for members of the Harbor Police Retirement System which was merged with LASERS effective July 1, 2015 by Act 648 of 2014
- A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2014, provided by Act 102 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, and,
- Improved benefits for certain members employed by the Office of Adult Probation and Parole within the Department of Public Safety and Corrections as established by Act 852 of 2014.

Changes in Assumptions

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL):

- Assumptions regarding the investment rate of return changed from 7.65% to 7.55% in performing the June 30, 2019 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2020 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding salary increases changed from 3.5% (lower range)/10.0% (upper range) to 3.3% (lower range)/4.8% (upper range) in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the investment rate of return changed from 7.70% to 7.65% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.70% to 7.65% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.75% to 7.70% in performing the June 30, 2017 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2018 net pension liability).

State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS):

• Assumptions regarding the investment rate of return changed from 7.0625% to 7.00% in performing the June 30, 2019 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2020 net pension liability).

- Assumptions regarding salary increases changed from no defined range (varied based on years of service) to 3.25% (2013-2017 experience study) in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability). Assumptions regarding the investment rate of return changed from 7.125% to 7.063% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the inflation rate changed from 2.625% to 2.5% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.125% to 7.0625% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.00% to 7.125% in performing the June 30, 2016 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2017 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.25% to 7.00% in performing the June 30, 2015 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2016 net pension liability).

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS):

- Assumptions regarding the inflation rate of return changed from 2.75% to 2.50% in performing the June 30, 2019 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2020 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the investment rate of return changed from 7.65% to 7.60% in performing the June 30, 2019 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2020 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding salary increases changed from 3.8% (lower range)/14.3% (upper range) to 3.8% (lower range)/13.0% (upper range) in performing the June 30, 2019 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2020 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding salary increases changed from 3.8% (lower range)/12.8% (upper range) to 3.8% (lower range)/14.3% (upper range) in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the investment rate of return changed from 7.70% to 7.65% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.70% to 7.65% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the investment rate of return changed from 7.75% to 7.70% in performing the June 30, 2017 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2018 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the inflation rate changed from 2.75% to 3.0% in performing the June 30, 2017 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2018 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding salary increases changed from 3.6% (lower range)/14.5% (upper range) to 3.4% (lower range)/14.3% (upper range) in performing the June 30, 2017 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2018 net pension liability).
- There were no changes of benefit assumptions for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015.

SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY STATE LAW

(R.S. 24:514 - PERFORMANCE AND STATISTICAL DATA)



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> Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

President and Members of the Livingston Parish School Board Livingston, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of the Livingston Parish School Board; the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Livingston Parish School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020; and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE), in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514 I. Management of the Livingston Parish School Board is responsible for its performance and statistical data. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified parties. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures enumerated below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Our procedures and findings relate to the accompanying schedules of supplemental information and are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 4)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions, reviewed supporting documentation, and observed that the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures,
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue,
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

(No Differences Noted)

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 5)

2. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule. We then traced a random sample of 10 classes to the October 1 roll books for those classes and observed that the class was properly classified on the schedule.

(No Differences Noted)

Education Levels/Experience of Public School Staff (NO SCHEDULE)

3. We obtained October 1st PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education and experience, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's education level and experience was properly classified on the PEP data or equivalent listing prepared by management.

(No Differences Noted)

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (NO SCHEDULE)

4. We obtained June 30th PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).

(No Differences Noted)

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the performance and statistical data. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Livingston Parish School Board, as required by Louisiana Revised Statue 24:514.I, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted, Hannis T. Bourgeois, LLP

Denham Springs, Louisiana December 18, 2020

GENERAL FUND INSTRUCTIONAL AND SUPPORT EXPENDITURES AND CERTAIN LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures		Column A	 Column B
General Fund Instructional Expenditures:			
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities:	à		
Classroom Teacher Salaries	\$	80,850,783	
Other Instructional Staff Activities		10,130,960	
Instructional Staff Employee Benefits		45,832,140	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		406,191	
Instructional Materials and Supplies		8,245,256	
Instructional Equipment		45,408	
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities			\$ 145,510,738
Other Instructional Activities			874,559
Pupil Support Services		13,656,852	
Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Services		7,878	
Net Pupil Support Services			13,648,974
Instructional Staff Services		6,490,929	
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services		-	
- Net Instructional Staff Services			6,490,929
School Administration		14,787,210	
Less: Equipment for School Administration		=	
Net School Administration			14,787,210
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures (Total of Column B))		\$ 181,312,410
Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures			\$ 308,445

GENERAL FUND INSTRUCTIONAL AND SUPPORT EXPENDITURES AND CERTAIN LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Certain Local Revenue Sources

Local Taxation Revenue:	
Ad valorem Taxes	
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 1,839,047
Renewable Ad Valorem Tax	4,013,482
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax	5,993,777
Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes	615,594
Penalties/Interest on Ad Valorem Taxes	16,475
Sales and Use Taxes	53,609,803
Sales and Use Taxes Collected Due to TIF	 1,772,908
Total Local Taxation Revenue	\$ 67,861,086
Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property:	
Earnings from 16th Section Property	\$ 1,903
Earnings from Other Real Property	 -
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property	\$ 1,903
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:	
Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax	\$ 400,911
Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes	584,100
Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion	-
Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	 -
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 985,011
Nonpublic Textbook Revenue	 2,267
Nonpublic Transportation Revenue	\$ -

CLASS SIZE CHARACTERISTICS

AS OF OCTOBER 1, 2019

	Class Size Range												
	1 -	20	21 ·	- 26	27	- 33	34+						
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number					
Elementary	54.7%	1,639	43.6%	1,307	1.6%	48	0.1%	3					
Elementary Activity Classes	38.9%	240	59.5%	367	1.6%	10	0.0%	_					
Middle/Jr. High	28.6%	424	36.7%	545	34.4%	511	0.3%	4					
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	22.5%	64	23.5%	67	39.3%	112	14.7%	42					
High	57.0%	1,876	23.5%	773	18.3%	601	1.2%	41					
High Activity Classes	79.5%	584	9.9%	73	5.7%	42	4.9%	36					
Combination	92.1%	443	7.3%	35	0.6%	3	0.0%	-					
Combination Activity Classes	77.8%	63	8.6%	7	11.1%	9	2.5%	2					

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - BY DISTRICT

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The capital projects fund excludes those types of capital related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Schedule 6

LIVINGSTON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - BY DISTRICT

JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

	School Districts													Total Capital Projects Fund								
ASSETS	No	. 1		No. 4		No. 22		No. 24		No. 25		No. 26	 No. 27	<u>No. 31</u>		No. 32]	No. 33		2020		2019
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$ 2.2	26,674 4,672	\$	687,509 3,664	69	965,643 2,512	\$	110,677 1,149	\$	196,587 387	\$	300,214 738	\$ 797,995 768	\$ 388,615 200	\$	140,442 481	\$	46,671 212	\$	5,861,027 14,783	\$	7,212,129 16,935
Total Assets	\$ 2,2	31.346	\$	691.173	\$	968,155		111,826		196,974	\$	300,952	\$ 798.763	\$ 388,815	\$	140.923	<u></u>	46,883	\$	5,875.810	\$	7.229,065
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY																						
Liabilities: Accounts and Other Payables	<u>\$</u>			-	\$1 ³	71,450	449)	-		-	\$	98,585	 	<u>\$ -</u>	\$3	-	_\$	-		170,035		3,433,369
Total Liabilities		-		-		71,450		-		-		98,585	-	-		-		-		170,035		3,433.369
Fund Equity: Fund Balances: Committed To: Contracts Assigned To:		-		-		-		-		-		202,367	-	-		-		-		202.367		1.073,395
Capital Projects	2,2	31,346		691,173		896,705		111.826		196,974		-	 798,763	388,815		140,923		46,883		5,503,408		2,722,301
Total Fund Equity	2,2	31,346		691,173		896,705		111,826		196,974		202,367	 798,763	388,815		140,923		46,883		5.705,775		3,795.696
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 2,2	31,346	\$	691,173	\$	968,155		111,826		196,974	\$	300,952	\$ 798,763	\$ 388,815	60)	140,923		46,883		5,875,810		7,229,065

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BY DISTRICT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

					School I	Districts			Total Capita	Projects Fund		
	No. 1	No. 4	No. 22	No. 24	No. 25	No. 26	No. 27	No. 31	No. 32	No. 33	2020	2019
Revenues:												
Local Sources:	• • • • • • •	* ***		*		*					* * ***	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 883,175	\$ 692,577	\$ 475,130	\$ 217,441	\$ 73,510	\$ 139,743	\$ 145,615	\$ 36,890	\$ 90,841	\$ 39,974	\$ 2,794.896	\$ 2,655,170
Interest Earnings	14,962	11.769	8,064	3.689	1,262	2,369	2,477	619	1,562	698	47.471	49,177
Other State Sources:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109,323
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	76,867	60.277	41,352	18.925	6,397	12,162	12,673	3.211	7,906	3,478	243.248	241,185
Total Revenues	975,004	764.623	524,546	240.055	81,169	154,274	160,765	40.720	100,309	44,150	3,085.615	3,054,855
Expenditures:												
Support Services:												
General Administration	36,855	28,901	19,827	9,074	3,067	5,832	6,076	1,539	3,791	1,668	116,630	105,410
Capital Outlay	63,240	49,591	4,065,356	228,877	5,264	417,566	10,427	2,640	6,504	9,441	4,858,906	12,508,155
Total Expenditures	100.095	78,492	4,085.183	237,951	8,331	423,398	16,503	4,179	10,295	11,109	4.975,536	12,613,565
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
over Expenditures	874,909	686,131	(3,560,637)	2,104	72,838	(269,124)	144,262	36,541	90,014	33,041	(1,889,921)	(9,558,710)
Other Financing Sources:												
(Uses):												
Proceeds from Disposition of Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,223
Transfers In	-	-	3.5 0 0,000	-	-	300,000	-	-	-	-	3,800.000	9,890,000
Transfers Out						-						(285,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	-	-	3,500,000	-	-	300,000	-	-	-	-	3,800.000	9.622,223
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over												
Expenditures and Other Uses	874,909	686,131	(60,637)	2,104	72,838	30,876	144,262	36,541	90,014	33,041	1,910,079	63,513
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1.356,437	5.042	957,342	109.722	124,136	171,491	654,501	352.274	50,909	13,842	3,795.696	3,732,183
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 2,231.346	\$ 691,173	\$ 896.705	\$ 111,826	\$ 196.974	\$ 202,367	\$ 798,763	\$ 388,815	\$ 140,923	\$ 46,883	\$ 5,705,775	\$ 3,795,696

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt services or capital projects.

- Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) Title I Fund ESEA Title I are federal fundsadministered by the state and granted for programs for economically and educationally deprived school children to help ensure that all children meet state academic content and student academic achievement standards. The funds supplement rather than supplant activities that are state or locally mandated.
- Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Fund The IDEA (Special Education) fund accounts for a federally financed program of free education in the least restrictive environment for children with exceptionalities, as provided for under Public Law 94-142.
- Maintenance of Schools Fund The Maintenance of Schools Fund is funded by ad valorem taxes levied on all assessed property in the parish. The net proceeds of the taxes are dedicated to providing maintenance on all of the equipment and facilities owned by the School Board.
- School Food Service Fund The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the operations of the school food service program in the School System during the regular school year. The basic goals of the program is to serve nutritionally adequate, attractive and moderately priced meals, to help children grow socially and emotionally, to extend educational influences to the homes of school children, and to provide learning experiences that will improve children's food habits with the ultimate goal of physically fit adults.
- Special Federal Fund The Special Federal Fund is used to account for various federal funds not reported elsewhere. Some of the programs include vocational education, preschool programs and adult education.
- Other Federal ESEA Fund The Other Federal ESEA Fund is used to account for all other ESEA programs except for the Title I program. Those programs include Title II (Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting Fund) and Title III (English Language Acquisition Grants) programs, as well as various other programs.
- Strong Start Fund The Strong Start Fund is used to account for all Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act federal funding. These funds are used to assist K-12 schools with the coronavirus (COVID-19) national pandemic and are received based on the same proportion received under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) Title-IA.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The debt service fund is used to accumulate monies for the payment of bond issues. The bonds were issued by the respective school districts to acquire and improve sites, erect and/or improve school buildings, and acquire the necessary equipment and furnishings. The bond issues are financed by a special property tax levy on property within the territorial limits of the respective school districts and by one percent of the two and one-half percent parish sales and use tax collected by the School Board.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

ASSETS	Elementary and Secondary Education Act Title 1	Special Education	Maintenance of Schools	School Lunch	Special Federal Fund	Other Federal ESEA Fund	Strong Start	Debt Service Fund		onmajor ntal Funds 2019
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables Inventory	\$ 1,371,756	\$ 1,993,460	\$ 3,999,127 20.696	\$ 2,162,010 9,933 736,731	\$ 264,927	\$ 679,242	\$ 1,397,324	\$ 7,029,945 261,574	\$ 13,191,082 5,998,912 736,731	\$ 13,412,402 5,176,727 222,251
Total Assets	1,371,756	1,993,460	4,019,823	2,908,674	264,927	679,242	1,397,324	7,291,519	19,926,725	18.811,380
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY										
Liabilities: Accounts, Salaries and Other Payables Due to Other Funds	169,442 1.202,314	302,333 1,691,127	821,871	435,301	222,575 42,352	254,944 424,298	378,798 1,018,526	-	2,585,264 4,378,617	1.686,060 4,345,384
Total Liabilities	1,371,756	1,993,460	821,871	435,301	264,927	679,242	1,397,324	-	6,963,881	6,031,444
Fund Equity: Fund Balances - Nonspendable: Inventory	-	-	-	736,731	-	-	-	-	736,731	222,251
Restricted For: Debt Service Maintenance of Schools Committed To:	-	-	2,979.596		-	-	-	7,291,519	7,291,519 2,979,596	6,724,735 2,740,555
Contracts Assigned To:	-	-	218.356	-	-	-	-	-	218,356	206,345
School Lunch Program	-		-	1,736,642	_		-	-	1,736,642	2,886,050
Total Fund Balances			3,197,952	2,473,373			-	7,291,519	12,962,844	12,779,936
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 1,371,756	\$ 1,993,460	\$ 4,019,823	\$ 2,908,674	<u>\$ 264,927</u>	\$ 679,242	\$ 1,397,324	\$ 7,291,519	\$ 19,926,725	\$ 18.811,380

Schedule 9

LIVINGSTON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

			Spe	cial Revenue Fur	ıds					
	Elementary and Secondary Education Act Title 1	Special Education	Maintenance of Schools	School Lunch	Special Federal Fund	Other Federal ESEA Fund	Strong Start	Debt Service Fund		fonmajor ntal Funds 2019
Revenues:										
Local Sources:										
Ad Valorem Taxes	s -	\$ -	\$ 3.912,865	s -	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ 5,993,435	\$ 9,906,300	\$ 9,983,057
Sales Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,410,433	2,410,433	2,055,162
Interest Earnings	-	-	44,872	132	-	-	-	150,529	195,533	257,020
Food Services	-	-	-	289,961	-	-	-	-	289,961	347,502
Other	-	-	-	80,652	-	-	-	6,371	87,023	232,854
State Sources - Unrestricted:										
Grants-in-Aid	-	-	236,241	402.250	-	-	-	-	638,491	636,487
Federal Sources:										
Unrestricted - Indirect Cost Recoveries	268,676	364,596	-	-	34,968	107,968	209,960	-	986,168	793,675
Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants	4,649,704	6,309,702	-	12,574,684	1,012,301	1,872,997	1,187,364	-	27,606,752	31,045,787
Other - Commodities				1,084,759					1,084,759	945,716
Total Revenues	4,918,380	6,674,298	4,193,978	14,432,438	1,047,269	1,980,965	1,397,324	8,560,768	43,205,420	46,297,260
Expenditures:										
Instruction:										
Regular Programs	-	-	-	-	-	-	878,503	-	878,503	348,269
Special Education Programs	-	2,243,253	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,243,253	2,240,095
Vocational Programs	-	-	-	-	275,582	-	-	-	275,582	282,250
Other Programs	-	-	-	-	213,799	466,900	-	-	680,699	868,905
Special Programs	4,217,801	-	-	-	204,315	70,720	117,600	-	4,610,436	6,320,936
Adult and Continuing Education Program	ı -	-	-	-	158,363	-	-	-	158,363	135,095
Support Services:										
Pupil Support	-	2,274,423	-	-	100,121	275,167	46,015	-	2,695,726	2,247,996
Instructional Staff Support	361,573	1,754,470	-	-	58,198	1,021,810	130, 2 64	-	3,326,315	2,765,309
General Administration	-	-	163,280	-	-	-	-	247,726	411,006	396,243
Business Services	-	-	-	-	650	-	-	-	650	2,449
Plant Services	-	-	4,119,914	-	-	38,400	-	-	4,158,314	3,768,984

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	Elementary and					_				
	Secondary	~			a i i	Other				onmajor
	Education Act	Special	Maintenance	School	Special	Federal	C . C	Debt Service		ntal Funds
E	Title 1	Education	of Schools	Lunch	Federal Fund	ESEA Fund	Strong Start	Fund	2020	2019
Expenditures (Continued): Transportation Services		24 776			1,273				26.049	26 201
Non-Instructional Services	-	24,776	-	-	1,273	-	-	-	20,049	36,391
Food Services				15,067,366			14,982		15 000 240	15,983,090
Community Service Programs	70,330	12,780	-	15,007,500	-	-	14,982	-	15,082,348 83,110	94,142
Capital Outlay	70,550		1,259,732	-	-	-	-	-	1,259,732	94,142 1,745,376
Debt Service:	-	-	1,239,132	-	-	-	-	-	1,239,732	1,740,570
Principal Retirement								7,216,665	7,216,665	7,751,665
Interest and Bank Charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,654,309	3,654,309	3,867,322
•	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Total Expenditures	4,649,704	6,309,702	5,542,926	15,067,366	1,012,301	1,872,997	1,187,364	11,118,700	46,761,060	48,854,517
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								<i>(</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		·
Over Expenditures	268,676	364.596	(1.348,948)	(634.928)	34,968	107,968	209,960	(2,557,932)	(3,555,640)	(2,557,257)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bond Proceeds								10 215 000	10 315 000	
Premium on Bond Issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-		18,315,000	18,315,000	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	(225.017)	-
Bond Issuance Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-		(235,917)	(235,917)	- -
Transfers In Transfers Out	-	-	1,600,000	-	-	- (307.0/9)	- (300.040)	3,347,835	4,947,835	5,730,890
	(268,676)	(364.596)	-	-	(34,968)	(107,968)	(209,960)	-	(986,168)	(793,675)
Payment to Refund Bonds	-	-	-	-	-			(18,302,202)	(18,302,202)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(268,676)	(364,596)	1,600,000	_	(34,968)	(107,968)	(209,960)	3,124,716	3,738,548	4,937,215
Excess (Deficiency) of Expenditures										
and Other Uses Over Revenues										
and Other Sources	-	-	251,052	(634,928)	-	-	-	566,784	182,908	2,379,958
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	-	2,946,900	3,108,301	_			6,724,735	12,779,936	10,399,978
Fund Balances at End of Year	s -	\$-	\$ 3,197,952	\$ 2,473,373	s -	s -	s -	\$ 7,291,519	\$ 12,962,844	\$ 12,779,936
			<u></u>							

Schedule 10-1

LIVINGSTON PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT - TITLE 1

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Federal Sources:				
Federal Grants	\$ 4,784,450	\$ 6,224,106	\$ 4,918,380	\$ (1,305,726)
Total Revenues	4,784,450	6,224,106	4,918,380	(1,305,726)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Special Programs	4,051,252	5,409,303	4,217,801	1,191,502
Support Services:				
Instructional Staff Support	411,038	389,803	361,573	28,230
Community Service Programs	75,000	85,000	70,330	14,670
Total Expenditures	4,537,290	5,884,106	4,649,704	1,234,402
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	247,160	340,000	268,676	(71,324)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(247,160)	(340,000)	(268,676)	71,324
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(247,160)	(340,000)	(268,676)	71,324
Excess of Expenditures and Other Uses Over Revenues and Other Sources	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ -

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PUBLIC LAW 94-142 -SPECIAL EDUCATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Variance	
	Original	Final		with	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Federal Sources:					
Federal Grants	\$ 4,692,775	\$ 7,904,551	\$ 6,674,298	\$ (1,230,253)	
Total Revenues	4,692,775	7,904,551	6,674,298	(1,230,253)	
Expenditures:					
Special Education Programs	1,606,546	2,991,093	2,243,253	747,840	
Special Programs	7,804	-	-	-	
Support Services:					
Pupil Support	1,570,413	2,297,581	2,274,423	23,158	
Instructional Staff Support	1,226,207	2,115,346	1,754,470	360,876	
Transportation Services	21,473	49,186	24,776	24,410	
Non-Instructional Services:					
Community Service Programs	23,050	23,050	12,780	10,270	
Total Expenditures	4,455,493	7,476,256	6,309,702	1,166,554	
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	237,282	428,295	364,596	(63,699)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers Out	(237,282)	(428,295)	(364,596)	63,699	
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(237,282)	(428,295)	(364,596)	63,699	
Excess of Expenditures					
and Other Uses Over					
Revenues and Other Sources	-	-	-	-	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	-	-	-	_	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - MAINTENANCE OF SCHOOLS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 3,710,000	\$ 3,900,000	\$ 3,912,865	\$ 12,865
Interest Earnings	60,000	47,000	44,872	(2,128)
State Sources:				
Unrestricted:				
Grants-in-Aid	234,238	236,241	236,241	
Total Revenues	4,004,238	4,183,241	4,193,978	10,737
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs	10,000	10,000	-	10,000
Support Services:				
General Administration	147,519	166,453	163,280	3,173
Plant Services	4,005,250	4,595,465	4,119,914	475,551
Capital Outlay	1,527,000	1,640,000	1,259,732	380,268
Total Expenditures	5,689,769	6,411,918	5,542,926	868,992
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(1,685,531)	(2,228,677)	(1,348,948)	879,729
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	1,555,000	2,180,000	1,600,000	(580,000)
Total Other Financing				
Sources	1,555,000	2,180,000	1,600,000	(580,000)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Uses	(130,531)	(48,677)	251,052	299,729
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,946,900	2,946,900	2,946,900	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,816,369	\$ 2,898,223	\$ 3,197,952	\$ 299,729

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SCHOOL LUNCH

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Local Sources:					
Interest Earnings	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 132	\$ (168)	
Food Services	375,040	333,220	289,961	(43,259)	
Other	287,000	84,291	80,652	(3,639)	
State Sources -					
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	402,250	402,250	402,250	-	
Federal Sources:					
Restricted Grants-in-					
Aid-Subgrants	15,635,348	12,629,750	12,574,684	(55,066)	
Other - Commodities	1,062,263	1,062,263	1,084,759	22,496	
Total Revenues	17,762,201	14,512,074	14,432,438	(79,636)	
Expenditures:					
Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Services	16,153,212	15,466,334	15,067,366	398,968	
Total Expenditures	16,153,212	15,466,334	15,067,366	398,968	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	1,608,989	(954,260)	(634,928)	319,332	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,108,301	3,108,301	3,108,301	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 4,717,290	\$ 2,154,041	\$ 2,473,373	\$ 319,332	
·····		,,	,		

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL FEDERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original	Final		Variance with	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Federal Sources:	* • • • • • • • •	* • • • • • • • •			
Federal Grants	\$ 2,305,148	\$ 1,222,807	\$ 1,047,269	\$ (175,538)	
Total Revenues	2,305,148	1,222,807	1,047,269	(175,538)	
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular Programs	638,394	-	-	-	
Vocational Programs	214,682	258,391	275,582	(17,191)	
Other Programs	83,467	216,193	213,799	2,394	
Special Programs	1,255,026	323,516	204,315	119,201	
Adult and Continuing					
Education Programs	140,395	176,410	158,363	18,047	
Support Services:					
Pupil Support	51,948	132,193	100,121	32,072	
Instructional Staff Support	62,576	68,797	58,198	10,599	
Business Services	2,300	2,027	650	1,377	
Transportation Services	-	-	1,273	(1,273)	
Total Expenditures	2,448,788	1,177,527	1,012,301	165,226	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(143,640)	45,280	34,968	(10,312)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	216,574	-	-	-	
Transfers Out	(72,934)	(45,280)	(34,968)	10,312	
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	143,640	(45,280)	(34,968)	10,312	
Excess of Expenditures and Other Uses Over					
Revenues and Other Sources	-	-	-	-	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	-				
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$ -		\$ -	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - OTHER FEDERAL ESEA FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Variance		
	Original	Final		with		
Revenues:	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget		
Federal Sources:						
Federal Grants	¢ 1 515 012	¢ 2.507.250	¢ 1 000 045	¢ (1.54£ 295)		
redetat Grains	\$ 1,515,813	\$ 3,527,350	\$ 1,980,965	\$ (1,546,385)		
Total Revenues	1,515,813	3,527,350	1,980,965	(1,546,385)		
Expenditures:						
Instruction:						
Other Programs	632,151	901,479	466,900	434,579		
Special Programs	89,480	78,241	70,720	7,521		
Support Services:						
Pupil Support	149,793	389,611	275,167	114,444		
Instructional Staff Support	526,337	1,923,778	1,021,810	901,968		
Plant Services	42,000	42,000	38,400	3,600		
Total Expenditures	1,439,761	3,335,109	1,872,997	1,462,112		
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	76,052	192,241	107,968	(84,273)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	-	-	-	-		
Transfers Out	(76,052)	(192,241)	(107,968)	84,273		
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(76,052)	(192,241)	(107,968)	84,273		
Excess of Expenditures						
and Other Uses Over						
Revenues and Other						
Sources	-	-	-			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		-	-			
Fund Balance at End of Year						

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STRONG START FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original	Final		Variance with
_	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Federal Sources:	<i>.</i>	* * * * * * * *	<i></i>	
Federal Grants		\$ 4,360,478	\$ 1,397,324	\$ (2,963,154)
Total Revenues	-	4,360,478	1,397,324	(2,963,154)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs	-	2,863,730	878,503	1,985,227
Special Education Programs	-	75,000	-	75,000
Special Programs	-	117,600	117,600	-
Support Services:				
Pupil Support	-	33,986	46,015	(12,029)
Instructional Staff Support	-	334,297	130,264	204,033
Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Services		289,380	14,982	274,398
Total Expenditures		3,713,993	1,187,364	2,526,629
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	-	646,485	209,960	(436,525)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	-	(646,485)	(209,960)	436,525
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	-	(646,485)	(209,960)	436,525
Excess of Expenditures				
and Other Uses Over				
Revenues and Other				
Sources	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	-	-	-	_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>

DEBT SERVICE FUND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - BY DISTRICT

JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

					s	School District	5						otal vice Fund
ASSETS	No. 1	No. 4	No. 4-1	No. 22	No. 24	No. 25	No.26	No.27A	No. 31	No. 32A	No. 33	2020	2019
Cash and Cash Equivalents Sales Tax Receivable Due from Other Government	\$ 1.078,180 	\$ 638.198 - 4,005	\$ 2,113.792 - 5,195	\$ 2,467,434 232,877 2,193	\$ 206,361	\$ 68,577 - -	\$ 77,320 - -	\$ 108,435 - -	\$ 91,710	\$ 41,674 	\$ 138.263 673	\$ 7,029,944 232,877 	\$ 6,532,149 153,771 40,065
Total Assets	1,094,812	642,203	2,118,987	2,702,504	206,361	68,577	77,320	108,435	91,710	41,674	138,936	7,291,519	6,725,985
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY													
Accounts, Salaries and Other Payables													1,250
Total Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,250
Fund Equity - Fund Balances: Restricted For:													
Debt Service	1,094.812	642,203	2,118,987	2,702,504	206,361	68.577	77,320	108,435	91,710	41,674	138,936	7,291,519	6,724,735
Total Fund Equity	1.094,812	642.203	2,118,987	2,702,504	206,361	68,577	77,320	108.435	91,710	41,674	138,936	7,291,519	6,724,735
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 1,094.812	\$ 642,203	\$ 2,118,987	\$ 2,702,504	\$ 206,361	\$ 68,577	\$ 77,320	\$ 108,435	\$ 91,710	\$ 41,674	\$ 138,936	\$ 7,291,519	\$ 6,725,985

DEBT SERVICE FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BY DISTRICT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

														То	tal
					Scho	ool Districts								Debt Serv	rice Fund
	No. 1	No. 4	No. 4-1	No. 22	No. 24	No. 25	No. 26	No. 2	27A	No. 31	No. 32A		No. 33	2020	2019
Revenues:															
Local Sources:								_		_	_	_			
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 2.177,145	\$ 1,165,734	\$ 1,520,456	\$ 983.373	\$ 5	s -	s -	5	-	\$-	s -	S	146,722	\$ 5,993,435	\$ 6,265,817
Sales Taxes	-	-	-	2,410,433	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	2,410,433	2,055,162
Miscellaneous	-	6,371	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	6,371	-
Interest Earnings	48,251	21,924	18,637	24,755	10,397	3,563	6,667		7,825	1,738	4,412		2,360	150,529	196,622
Total Revenues	2,225,396	1,194,029	1,539,093	3,418,561	10,402	3,563	6,667		7,825	1,738	4,412		149,082	8,560,768	8,517,601
Expenditures:															
Support Service:															
General Administration	89,151	47,722	62,827	41,087	-	-	-		-	-	-		6,939	247,726	248,724
Debt Service:															
Principal Retirement	3,550.000	935,000	455,000	2,095,000	-	-	-		-	66,665	-		115,000	7,216,665	7,751,665
Interest and Bank Charges	1,718.915	186,510	812,863	905,218						2,500			28,303	3,654,309	3,867,322
Total Expenditures	5.358,066	1,169,232	1,330,690	3,041,305	-	-	-		-	69,165	-		150,242	11.118,700	11,867,711
Excess (Deficiency) of															
Revenues over Expenditures	(3.132,670)	24,797	208,403	377.256	10,402	3,563	6,667		7,825	(67,427)	4,412		(1,160)	(2,557,932)	(3,350,110)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):															
Bond Proceeds	-	-	-	18,315,000	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	18,315,000	-
Bond Issuance Cost	-	-	-	(235,917)	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	(235,917)	-
Transfers In	3.278,670	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	69,165	-		-	3.347,835	4,152,385
Payment to Refund Bonds	-			(18,302,202)									-	(18,302,202)	
Total Other Financing															
Sources	3.278,670	-		(223,119)						69.165		·		3,124,716	4,152,385
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over															
Expenditures	146,000	24,797	208,403	154,137	10,402	3,563	6,667		7,825	1,738	4,412		(1,160)	566,784	802,275
Fund Balances at Beginning															
of Year	948,812	617,406	1,910,584	2,548,367	195,959	65,014	70,653	10	0,610	89,972	37,262	-	140,096	6,724,735	5,922,460
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,094,812	\$ 642,203	\$ 2,118,987	\$ 2,702,504	\$ 206,361	\$ 68,577	\$ 77,320	\$ 10	8,435	\$ 91,710	\$ 41,674	\$	138,936	\$ 7,291,519	\$ 6,724,735

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

- School Activity Fund The School Activity Fund accounts for monies generated by the individual schools and school organizations within the parish. While the school activity accounts are under the supervision of the School Board, they belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and are not available for use by the School Board.
- Sales Tax Fund The Sales Tax Fund accounts for the collection and distribution of a two and one-half percent sales and use tax levied by the School Board, a one and one-half percent sales and use tax levied by the City of Denham Springs and the Village of Springfield, a one percent sales and use tax levied by the Village of Albany, the Town of Livingston, the City of Walker, the Livingston Parish Council, and School Board Sales Tax District No 33, and a one-half percent sales and use tax levied by Law Enforcement Subdistrict A, Gravity Drainage District No. 1, Gravity Drainage District No. 2, Gravity Drainage District No. 5 and School Board Sales Tax District No. 22, and a hotel/motel tax levied by the Livingston Parish Tourist Commission.

The Sales Tax Fund also collects sales taxes from businesses located within the Denham Springs Economic Development District and remits the sales taxes to the following various taxing districts net of the percentage pledged in accordance with terms of a cooperative endeavor agreement. The percent of sales taxes pledged to the District is remitted to the Denham Springs Economic Development District to repay bonds issued to develop the District:

Entity	Sales and Use Tax Percent	Percent of Sales Tax Pledged to District
City of Denham Springs	1.50%	71.42857%
Livingston Parish Law Enforcement District	.50%	71.42857%
Livingston Parish School Board - General Fund	1.00%	100.00000%
Livingston Parish School Board - 2nd Sales Tax	1.00%	0.00000%
Livingston Parish School Board - District #1	.50%	100.0000%
Livingston Parish Council	1.00%	71.42857%
Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District #1	.50%	71.42857%
	6.00%	

In addition, the Sales Tax Fund collects sales taxes from businesses located within the Juban Crossing Economic Development District and remits the sales taxes to the following various taxing districts net of the percentage pledged in accordance with terms of a cooperative endeavor agreement. The percent of sales taxes pledged to the District is remitted to the Juban Crossing Economic Development District to repay bonds issued to develop the District:

	Sales and Use	Percent of Sales Tax
Entity	Tax Percent	Pledged to District
Juban Crossing Economic Development District	2.00%	100.00%
Livingston Parish Law Enforcement District	.50%	0.00%
Livingston Parish School Board - General Fund	1.00%	0.00%
Livingston Parish School Board - 2nd Sales Tax	1.00%	0.00%
Livingston Parish School Board - District #1	.50%	0.00%
Livingston Parish Council	1.00%	40.00%
Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District #1	50%	40.00%
	6.50%	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

	School	Sales		otal ry Funds
	Activity	Tax	2020	2019
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,087,713	\$ 4,831,353	\$ 10,919,066	\$ 10,486,892
Total Assets	\$ 6,087,713	\$ 4,831,353	4,831,353 \$ 10,919,066	
LIABILITIES				
Amounts Held for School Activities	\$ 6,087,713	\$ -	\$ 6,087,713	\$ 6,085,885
Deposits Due to Others	-	4,831,353	4,831,353	4,401,007
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,087,713	\$ 4,831,353	\$ 10,919,066	\$ 10,486,892

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN AMOUNTS HELD FOR SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

School	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions Deductions		Balance June 30, 2020
			•	
Albany High	\$ 138,672	\$ 452,156	\$ 476,952	\$ 113,876
Albany Middle School	187,794	315,591	279,032	224,353
Albany Upper Elementary	33,541	79,059	70,381	42,219
Albany Lower Elementary	66,539	122,227	116,216	72,550
Denham Springs High	465,420	1,437,466	1,509,652	393,234
Denham Springs Freshman High	146,987	152,666	127,992	171,661
Denham Springs Junior High	272,814	425,891	434,729	263,976
Denham Springs Elementary	99,345	93,255	92,046	100,554
Doyle High	181,205	333,744	331,186	183,763
Doyle Elementary	141,443	123,501	148,226	116,718
Eastside Elementary	134,507	130,108	133,632	130,983
French Settlement High	119,938	321,236	314,483	126,691
French Settlement Elementary	147,607	84,798	81,060	151,345
Freshwater Elementary	84,562	102,773	94,892	92,443
Frost Elementary	97,643	147,137	132,358	112,422
Gray's Creek Elementary	68,979	170,409	157,071	82,317
Holden High	166,941	351,372	341,776	176,537
Juban Parc Junior High	174,286	198,511	220,277	152,520
Juban Parc Elementary	80,273	146,731	123,653	103,351
Levi Milton Elementary	110,649	163,100	154,358	119,391
Lewis Vincent Elementary	96,175	126,638	115,509	107,304
Live Oak High	480,923	1,678,291	1,679,683	479,531
Live Oak Junior High	255,641	560,553	580,993	235,201
Live Oak Middle School	76,270	252,178	231,421	97,027
Live Oak Elementary	106,914	158,504	143,137	122,281
Livingston Parish Literary & Tech Center	· · · · · ·	55,759	55,121	17,166

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

<u>SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN AMOUNTS HELD FOR SCHOOL ACTIVITIES -</u> (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

School	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020
Maurepas High	68,934	211,218	216,924	63,228
North Corbin Junior High	163,666	264,292	230,700	197,258
North Corbin Elementary	158,500	135,473	129,526	164,447
North Live Oak Elementary	87,113	173,239	163,316	97,036
Northside Elementary	73,518	90,354	77,035	86,837
Pathways Center	14,533	22,947	19,438	18,042
Pine Ridge School	21,241	37,908	39,305	19,844
Seventh Ward Elementary	82,085	141,589	134,202	89,472
South Fork Elementary	32,954	113,135	126,114	19,975
South Live Oak Elementary	178,253	170,273	197,994	150,532
South Walker Elementary	136,483	162,190	143,608	155,065
Southside Junior High	118,608	194,650	155,750	157,508
Southside Elementary	125,186	80,331	72,775	132,742
Springfield High	145,249	309,359	325,887	128,721
Springfield Middle School	133,930	139,841	149,890	123,881
Springfield Elementary	108,261	94,488	119,644	83,105
Walker High	129,018	1,309,782	1,335,483	103,317
Walker Freshman High	112,119	114,963	217,943	9,139
Walker Elementary School	150,513	108,766	87,127	172,152
Westside Junior High School	94,125	279,249	247,376	125,998
Total	\$ 6,085,885	\$ 12,337,701	\$ 12,335,873	\$ 6,087,713

SALES TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN DEPOSITS DUE OTHERS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	Sales Tax Fund		
	2020	2019	
Deposits Due Others at Beginning of Year	\$ 4,401,007	\$ 4,361,241	
Additions:			
Sales Tax Collections	109,777,231	103,078,759	
Deductions:			
Transfers to:			
General Fund:			
Sales Tax	49,880,645	46,632,475	
District No. 33	196,842	125,720	
Sales Tax Collection Fee	1,112,157	1,056,481	
Debt Service - District No. 22	2,331,327	2,078,943	
Livingston Parish Sheriff	9,868,601	9,291,146	
Livingston Parish Council	19,275,605	18,173,720	
Livingston Parish Tourist Commission	304,767	325,545	
Livingston Parish Drainage Districts:			
No. 1	1,917,730	1,752,692	
No. 2	1,154,965	1,042,458	
No. 5	1,870,028	1,786,713	
City of Denham Springs	7,428,384	7,343,562	
Denham Springs Economic Development District	4,642,249	4,576,097	
Juban Crossing Economic Development District	3,631,750	3,323,828	
City of Walker	4,234,692	4,014,799	
Town of Livingston	568,772	578,128	
Town of Springfield	415,890	411,913	
Village of Albany	488,749	483,478	
Refunds to Vendors	23,732	41,295	
Total Reductions	109,346,885	103,038,993	
Deposits Due Others at End of Year	\$ 4,831,353	\$ 4,401,007	

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID BOARD MEMBERS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Jan Benton	\$ 9,600
Jeffrey Cox	9,600
Kellie Dickerson	9,600
Devin Gregoire	9,600
David Graham*	10,150
Bradley Harris	9,600
Albert C. Mincey, Jro	5,850
Frank Parrino	9,600
Cecil Harris [^]	4,000
Brad Sharp	9,600
Total	\$ 87,200

Term of Current Board Expires December 31, 2022.

*Received Board President Supplement since January 1, 2020.

•Resigned January 10, 2020.

^Appointed January 23, 2020.

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO SUPERINTENDENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Agency Head: Superintendent Purpose	Alan "	Joe" Murphy
Salary	\$	136,627
Benefits - Insurance		6,259
Benefits - Medicare		1,951
Benefits - Retirement		35,523
Professional Organization Membership Fees		525
	\$	180,885

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513A, the above is a schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments received by the acting agency head for the year ended June 30, 2020.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program Name	Federal CFDA	Agency or Pass- Through Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry -				
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities) [1]	10.555	N/A	\$ -	\$ 1,084,759
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:				
National Breakfast Program [1]	10.553	N/A	_	3,705,746
National School Lunch Program [1]	10.555	N/A	_	8,512,538
National Afterschool Snack Program [1]	10.555	N/A		12,678
After School Supper Program	10.558	N/A	-	343,722
	10.250	1.111		
Total United States Department of Agriculture				13,659,443
United States Department of Education				
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:				
Adult Education - Stated Administered Program	84.002	N/A	-	166,676
Federal Leadership	84.002A	N/A	-	-
Educationally Deprived Children - Local Educational Agencies:				
IASA Title I [2]	84.010A	05-IASA-32-1	-	4,918,380
Handicapped State Grants - Special Education IDEA [3]	84.027A	05-FT-32	-	6,674,298
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A	-	322,648
Handicapped - Preschool Grants - Preschool Flow-thru [3]	84.173A	N/A	-	145,503
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants	84.367A	N/A	-	1,544,943
Title III - Immigrant Set Aside	84.365A	N/A	-	22,202
Other NCLB Programs	84.365A	N/A	-	69,699
Striving Readers K-5	84.371C	N/A	-	226,005
Striving Readers Birth-5	84.371C	N/A	-	106,714
Title IV - Student Support and Academic	84.424A	N/A	-	344,121
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency				
Relief Fund	84.425D	N/A	5,426	1,397,324
Total Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education				15,938,513
Passed Through Louisiana Workforce Commission:				
Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126	N/A	-	45,774
Total Passed Through Louisiana Workforce Commission			-	45,774
Total United States Department of Education				15,984,287

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program Name	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass- Through Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
United States Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:				
Early Childhood Lead Agency [4]	93.575	N/A	-	18,744
Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants -				
Get Ready Cohort	93.434	N/A	-	6,496
Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants -				
Infant Class Support	93.434	N/A	-	8,709
Total United States Department of Health and Human Service	s		-	33,949
United States Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security				
& Emergency Preparedness:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	N/A	_	5,160,618
Total United States Department of Homeland Security				5,160,618
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,426	\$ 34,838,297
 Child Nutrition Cluster - Total \$13,315,721 Title I, Part A Cluster - Total \$4,918,380 Special Education Cluster (IDEA) - Total \$6,819,801 				

[3] Special Education Cluster (IDEA) - Total \$6,819,801

[4] Child Care and Development Cluster - Total \$18,744

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note A - Significant Accounting Policies -

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Livingston Parish School Board and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

Note B - Food Distribution Program

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2020, the Livingston Parish School Board had food commodities totaling \$262,649 in inventory.

Note C - Indirect Cost Rate Election

The School Board did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate during the year ended June 30, 2020.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT <u>AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

President and Members of the Livingston Parish School Board Livingston, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund, the budgetary comparison statement of Disaster Special Revenue Fund, the fiduciary fund statement and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Livingston Parish School Board (the School Board), Livingston, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Livingston Parish School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reports under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose; however, under Louisiana Revised Statue 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

> Respectfully submitted, Hannin T. Bourgeois, LLP

Denham Springs, Louisiana December 18, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM <u>GUIDANCE</u>

President and Members of the Livingston Parish School Board Livingston, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Livingston Parish School Board's (the School Board) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Livingston Parish School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Livingston Parish School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our unmodified opinions on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance.

Unmodified Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Livingston Parish School Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose; however, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis T. Bourgeois, LLP

Denham Springs, Louisiana December 18, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

A. As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), the following is a summary of the results of our audit:

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's a	report issued: unmodified			
Internal control ov • Material weakne	ver financial reporting: esses identified?	Yes	x	No
 Significant defic 	iencies identified?	Yes	Х	No
Noncompliance m	naterial to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No
Other matter repo	rted?	Yes	X	No
 Material weakned 	ver major programs: esses identified? iencies identified?	YesYes	x x	No No
Type of auditor's	report issued on compliance for major program	ms:		
Unmodified Opin				
<i>. .</i>	s disclosed that are required to be lance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	X	No
Identification of m	ajor programs:			
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program			
84.027A	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Handicapped State Grants - Special Educati	on IDEA		
84.173A	Handicapped - Preschool Grants - Preschool	ol Flow-thru		
84.367A	<u>United States Department of Education</u> Title II - Improving Teacher Quality - State	Grants		
84.425D	COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary Sch	1001 Emergency R	elief Fi	ınd
97.036	<u>United States Department of Homeland Sec</u> Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Preside		-	
·		• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 0 4 5 1	40

• The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$1,045,149.

• The School Board did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

- B. Findings Financial Reporting
 - 1. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting None.
 - 2. Compliance and Other Matters None.
- C. Findings Federal Awards Programs
 - 1. Internal Control Over Compliance of Federal Awards

None.

2. Compliance

None.

D. Other Reporting Matters -None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

- A. Findings Financial Reporting
 - 1. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting None.
 - 2. Compliance and Other Matters None.
- B. Findings Federal Awards Programs
 - 1. Internal Control Over Compliance of Federal Awards

None.

- 2. Compliance None.
- C. Other Reporting Matters -None.