Financial Report

South Central Planning &

Development Commission, Inc.

Houma, Louisiana

June 30, 2006

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date /-24-07

TABLE OF CONTENTS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

June 30, 2006

	<u>Exhibits</u>	Page <u>Number</u>
Introductory Section		
Title Page		i
Table of Contents		ii – iii
Principal Officials		iv
Financial Section		
Independent Auditor's Report		1 – 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis		3 – 9
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Assets	Α	10
Statement of Activities	В	11
Fund Financial Statements:		
Fund Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	C	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	D	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	E	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	F	15

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(Continued)

		Page <u>Number</u>
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	G	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund	Н	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Grant Fund	I	18
Notes to Financial Statements	J	19 – 32
Supplementary Information Section	<u>Schedules</u>	
Combining Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Grant Fund Programs	1	33 – 34
Special Reports of Certified Public Accountants		
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance And Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	e e	35 – 36
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133		37 – 38
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		39 – 40
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		41
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		42 – 43
Reports By Management		
Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs		44
Management's Corrective Action Plan		45

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

June 30, 2006

Officers

Charlotte Randolph

Chairman Lafourche Parish

Donald Schwab

Vice Chairman Terrebonne Parish

Dale Hymel, Jr.

Secretary/Treasurer St. James Parish

Commissioners

Martin Triche Assumption Parish Calvin James **Assumption Parish** Willie Reed Assumption Parish Charles Caillouet City of Thibodaux Lafourche Parish Mark Atzenhoffer St. Charles Parish Albert Laque St. Charles Parish Desmond Hilarie Debra Dufresne Vial St. Charles Parish St. James Parish Elton Aubert St. James Parish Howard Jones

Cleveland Farlough
Nickie Monica
St. John the Baptist Parish
St. John the Baptist Parish
Ann Tatje
St. John the Baptist Parish

Joey Palmisano

Arlanda Williams

Terrebonne Parish

Terrebonne Parish

Town of Golden Meadow

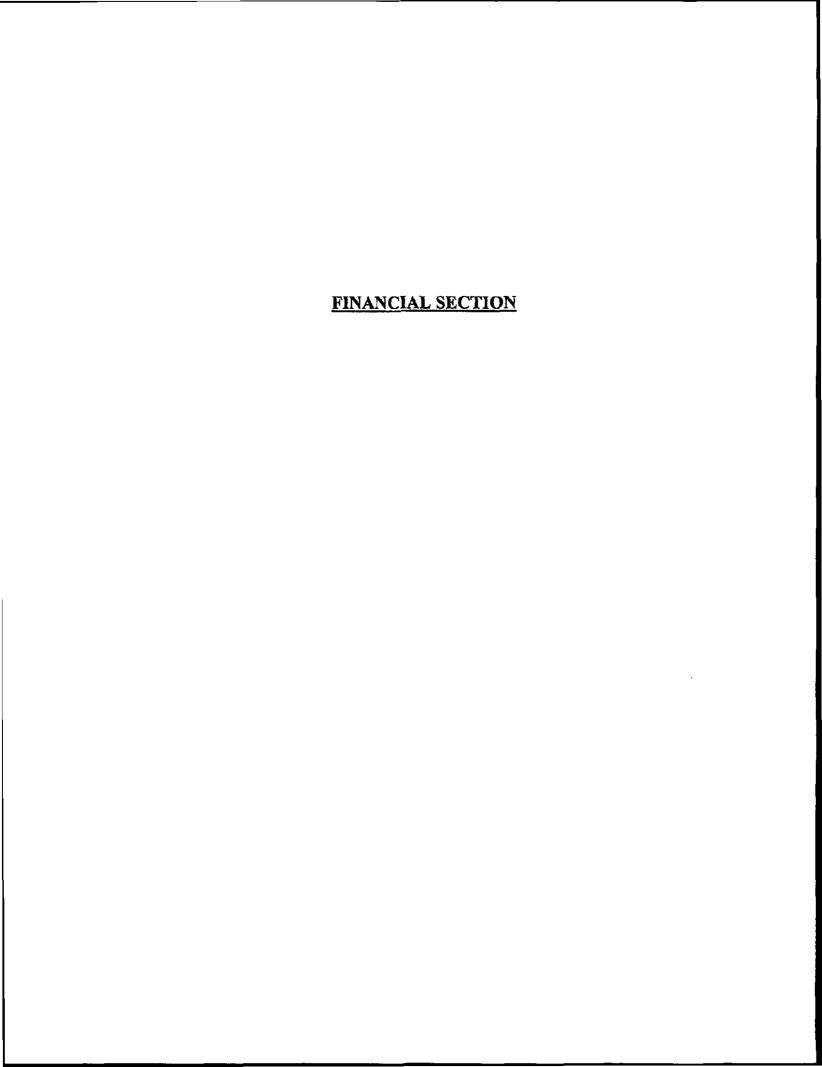
Joey Bouziga Town of Golden Mea
Herman Bourgeois Town of Gramercy
Richard Champagne Town of Lockport

Troas Pochè Town of Lutcher

Darrell C. Jupiter, Sr. Village of Napoleonville

Chief Executive Officer

Kevin P. Belanger





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners, South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc., Houma, Louisiana.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc. (the Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc., as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund and Grant Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2006 on our consideration of South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – grant fund programs and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bourgesis Bennett, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants.

Houma, Louisiana, November 9, 2006.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

South Central Planning and Development Commission, Inc.

This section of the Commission's financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Commission's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2006 by \$3,108,942 (net assets). Of this amount, \$273,644 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations.

The Commission's governmental funds reported that total assets decreased by \$215,937 or 9.24% and total liabilities increased by \$107,165 or 7.63%. Total governmental fund assets exceeded liabilities at June 30, 2006 by \$610,217 (fund balance) a decrease of \$323,102 or 34.61%. Of this \$610,217 in fund balance, \$315,913 is restricted for Revolving Loan Fund loans and \$294,304 is unreserved and undesignated.

Intergovernmental revenues of the Commission's governmental funds decreased by \$333,557 or 9.88% due to less money received from the State of Louisiana, Facility Planning and Control for the building construction due to construction completion in the prior year. Charges for services revenue decreased by \$250,198 or 43.37% due to fewer contracts while miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$65,030 or 15.43% due to no balloon payments of Revolving Loan Fund Loans in the current year. Interest revenues slightly decreased by \$163 or less than 1%. Total governmental fund revenues decreased by \$648,948 or 14.66%.

The Commission's total expenditures in governmental funds decreased by \$282,443 or 6.44% with personal services increasing by 2.43%, supplies and materials increasing by 88.45%, other services and charges increasing by 36.84%, loan disbursements decreasing by 45.26%, repairs and maintenance decreasing by 7.62% and capital expenditures decreasing by 91.00%. The significant increase in supplies and materials is due to additional supplies needed on various grants and the increase in other services and charges is mostly due to increased services for the EPA Waste Water grant. The significant decrease in loan disbursements is due to fewer loans closing and the decrease in capital expenditures is due to the completion of the building construction in the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, a government's presentation of financial statements has been greatly changed. The new statements focus on the Commission as a whole (government-wide) and the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the reader to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and should enhance the Commission's accountability.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Commission as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Commission's finances. For governmental activities, fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

Reporting the Commission as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the Commission's finances is, "Is the Commission as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the Commission as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most not-for-profit organizations and private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Commission's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the Commission's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the Commission's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Commission's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Commission's local, state and federal programs, to assess the overall health of the Commission.

Reporting the Commission as a Governmental Fund

The Commission's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Commission's general operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Commission's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations which are reflected on separate statements (see Exhibits D and F).

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets at June 30, 2006 with comparative figures from June 30, 2005:

TABLE A-1
Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	June 30,				Dollar		Total Percent	
	_	2006		2005		Change	Change	
Current and other assets	\$	2,110,711	\$	2,313,932	\$	(203,221)	-8.8%	
Capital assets		1,425,103		1,389,342		35,761	2.6%	
Total assets	\$	3,535,814	\$	3,703,274	\$	(167,460)	-4.5%	
Long-term liabilities	\$	20,660	s	24,055		(3,395)	-14.1%	
Other liabilities		406,212		412,308		(6,096)	-1.5%	
Total liabilities		426,872		436,363		(9,491)	-2.2%	
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets		1,425,103		1,389,342		35,761	2.6%	
Restricted for EDA/RLF		1,410,195		1,386,859		23,336	1.7%	
Unrestricted		273,644		490,710		(217,066)	-44.2%	
Total net assets	****	3,108,942		3,266,911		(157,969)	-4.8%	
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>s</u>	3,535,814	\$	3,703,274	S	(167,460)	-4.5%	

For more detailed information see Exhibit A, the Statement of Net Assets.

Approximately 45.84% of the Commission's net assets as of June 30, 2006, reflect the Commission's investment in capital assets (building, office furniture and equipment), 45.36% is restricted for future Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund loans and the remaining 8.80% of net assets, referred to as unrestricted, may be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the Commission.

The table on the following page provides a summary of the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2006, with comparative figures from June 30, 2005:

Table A-2
Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	 Jur	ne 30,			Dollar	Total Percent
	 2006		2005		Change	Change
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charge for services	\$ 326,637	\$	576,835	\$	(250,198)	-43.4%
Operating grants and contributions	1,082,282		650,241		432,041	66.4%
Capital grants and contributions	2,065,506		2,582,160		(516,654)	-20.0%
General revenues:						
Dues assessment	127,542		127,183		359	0.3%
Grants and contributions not restricted	·					
to specific programs	58,705		93,910		(35,205)	-37.5%
Unrestricted investment earnings	7,724		3,601		4,123	114.5%
Miscellaneous	 9,529		11,381		(1,852)	-16.3%
Total revenues	3,677,925		4,045,311		(367,386)	-9.1%
Expenses						
Economic Development and Assistance	 3,835,894		2,958,669		877,225	29.6%
Change in net assets	(157,969)		1,086,642		(1,244,611)	-114.5%
Beginning net assets	3,266,911		2,180,269		1,086,642	49.8%
Ending net assets	\$ 3,108,942	\$	3,266,911	\$	(157,969)	-4.8%

The Commission's net assets decreased by \$157,969 during the current year, primarily due to the decreases in revenue described in the financial highlights and the increase in current year expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S FUNDS

Revenues for the Commission's activities for the year ended June 30, 2006 were approximately \$3.78 million. There are four funding categories: intergovernmental (80.54%), charges for services (8.65%), interest earned (1.38%), and miscellaneous (9.43%).

The cost of all the Commission's activities was approximately \$4.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2006. There are six categories of expenditures. The Commission is a provider of services, typically the personal services category is our largest expense category, however for the year ended June 30, 2006 the other services and charges was the largest category at 71.45%. The personal services category was at 17.86%, supplies and materials at 2.73%, loan disbursements at 5.49%, repairs and maintenance at .17% and capital expenditures at 2.3%. The increase in other services and charges was due to additional expenses for the River and Bayou Parishes Mutual Aid and Assistance Task Force and the EPA Waste Water grant. The personal services category increased due to the pay out of accumulated annual leave for one employee, annual salary increases to employees and hiring of part-time employees.

The increase in the supplies and materials category was due to additional supplies needed for various grants. There was a decrease in the loan disbursements category due fewer loans closing over the year and a slight decrease in the repairs and maintenance category. The decrease in capital expenditures was due to the construction of our new office building in the prior year.

The Commission's financial position declined over the past year due to an excess of expenditures over revenues of \$323,102. It was difficult to complete several contracts due to delays created by Hurricanes Katrina and Rita. Factors, which will affect the Commission's results of operation, follow. The Commission has received additional grant awards and contracts. Because, the Commission constantly faces the possibility of funding cuts from state and federal funding sources there is a continued effort to aggressively seek additional revenue sources for future funding.

Fund Analysis

General Fund:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Commission. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$294,304, which is all unreserved. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Commission's General Fund, decreased by \$220,461 (Exhibit E). The key factor of this decrease was due to expenditures exceeding revenues.

Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund:

The Revolving Loan Fund is the Title IX Sudden and Severe Economic Dislocation grant, received from the Economic Development Administration, a division of the U.S. Department of Commerce. The fund balance of the Revolving Loan Fund was \$315,913 at the end of the current fiscal year. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance decreased by \$102,641 (Exhibit E). The key factor of this decrease was due to loan disbursements in excess of loan collections.

Grant Fund:

The Commission maintains fifteen individual grant programs. These programs are reimbursed by federal/state grants and expenditures that are not covered by the grants, are covered by transfers from the General Fund.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budgets are presented to the Board of Commissioners and adopted as required by Louisiana Revised Statutes. As needed budget adjustments are made to account for any significant deviation from beginning year projections. The major difference between the original General Fund budget and the final amended budget for revenues and expenditures was for the grant received from the State of Louisiana on behalf of the River and Bayou Parishes Mutual Aid and Assistance Task Force and additional contracts for member services obtained during the year. This difference was a revenue increase of \$1,001,109 in intergovernmental revenues and an expenditures increase of \$1,129,347 in other services and charges, due to an oversight in recording emergency preparedness equipment that was paid for directly from the State of Louisiana out of grant funds.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

The Commission's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2006, amounts to \$1,425,103 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes a building, furniture, fixtures, and equipment as shown in Table A-3. This amount represents a net increase of \$35,761 over last year.

Table A-3
Capital Assets
(Net of depreciation)

		June 2006	30,	2005		Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
Construction in progress Building Office furniture, equipment	\$	1,292,715	\$	1,318,097	\$	(1,318,097) 1,292,715	-100.0% 100.0%
and fixtures		132,388		71,245	·	61,143	85.8%
Totals	<u>\$</u>	1,425,103	\$	1,389,342	\$	35,761	2.6%

The major capital asset event during the current year was the completion of the construction of our new office building.

More detailed information about the Commission's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Board of Commissioners and management considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2007 budget. These factors include any unusual conditions, one time expenditures and increases in rates or fees that occurred during the 2006 fiscal year or that have already been announced for the 2007 fiscal year.

Revenues for fiscal year 2007 are projected to be \$2,974,717, approximately \$800,000 less than the 2006 fiscal year revenues. The most significant change in revenue results from the decrease in funding from the State of Louisiana on behalf of the River and Bayou Parishes Mutual Aid and Assistance Task Force. Budgeted expenditures are expected to decrease to \$2,949,715, approximately \$1,150,000 less than 2006 fiscal year expenditures. The most significant decrease is due to the decreased activity for the River and Bayou Parishes Mutual Aid and Assistance Task Force Grant. The Commission's fund balance is budgeted with an increase of approximately \$25,000. However, as additional contracts are obtained, amendments will be executed during the year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Commission's finances for all those with an interest in the Commission's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact South Central Planning and Development Commission, 5058 West Main Street, Houma, Louisiana 70360 or P.O. Box 1870, Gray, Louisiana 70359.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

June 30, 2006

Assets		
Cash	\$	521,600
Investments		100,000
Receivables:		
Miscellaneous		34,144
Economic loans		1,094,282
Due from other governmental units		358,829
Deposits		1,856
Capital assets -		
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		1,425,103
Total assets		3,535,814
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		193,405
Deferred revenue		212,807
Non-current liabilities -		
Due after one year		20,660
Total liabilities	***************************************	426,872
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets		1,425,103
Restricted for Economic Development		
Administration Revolving Loan Fund		1,410,195
Unrestricted		273,644
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	3,108,942

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revent Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: Economic development and assistance	\$ 3,835,894 General revenues:	\$ 326,637	\$ 1,082,282	\$ 2,065,506	\$ (361,469)
	ograms	127,542 58,705 7,724 9,529			
		Potal general rev	enues		203,500
		Change in n	et assets		(157,969)
	Net assets: Beginning				3,266,911
	Ending				\$ 3,108,942

FUND BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

June 30, 2006

	General Fund		Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund		Grant Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets							
Cash	\$	194,397	\$	327,203		\$	521,600
Investments	ŭ	100,000	•				100,000
Receivables:		,					•
Miscellaneous		34,144					34,144
Economic loans		,		1,094,282			1,094,282
Due from other governmental units		358,829		-			358,829
Due from other funds		11,290		-			11,290
Deposits		1,856		-			1,856
- • • • •							
Total assets and other debits	\$	700,516	\$	1,421,485	<u>\$</u>	\$	2,122,001
				•			
Liabilities						_	
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	193,405	\$	-		\$	193,405
Due to other funds		-		11,290			11,290
Deferred revenue		212,807	_	1,094,282			1,307,089
Total liabilities		406,212		1,105,572			1,511,784
Fund Balances							
Unreserved, reported in:							
General Fund		294,304		-			294,304
Special Revenue Funds		<u>-</u>		315,913			315,913
Total fund balances		294,304		315,913			610,217
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	700,516	\$	1,421,485	\$	<u>\$</u>	2,122,001

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

June 30, 2006

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$ 610,217
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$	1,609,164 (184,061)	1,425,103
Deferred revenues, represent future collections of revolving loan fund receivables, are accounted for as increases in net assets in			
the government-wide financial statements.	•		1,094,282
Non-current liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Compensated absences payable			 (20,660)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities			\$ 3,108,942

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

	General Fund	Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund	Grant Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,177,188		\$ 864,685	\$ 3,041,873
Charges for services	314,921		11,716	326,637
Interest earned	7,274	\$ 44,421	449	52,144
Miscellaneous	9,529	101,273	245,492	356,294
Total revenues	2,508,912	145,694	1,122,342	3,776,948
Expenditures				
Current:				
Economic development and assistance:				
Personal services	362,417	-	369,746	732,163
Supplies and materials	28,205	-	83,809	112,014
Other services and charges	2,187,427	-	742,044	2,929,471
Loan disbursements	-	225,000		225,000
Repairs and maintenance	7,005		_	7,005
Capital expenditures	17,065	-	77,332	94,397
Total expenditures	2,602,119	225,000	1,272,931	4,100,050
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(93,207)	(79,306)	(150,589)	(323,102)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	27,487	•	154,741	182,228
Operating transfers out	(154,741)	(23,335)	(4,152)	(182,228)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(127,254)	(23,335)	150,589	*
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Sources				
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(220,461)	(102,641)	-	(323,102)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year	514,765	418,554		933,319
End of year	\$ 294,304	\$ 315,913	<u>s -</u>	\$ 610,217

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (323,102)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 94,397 (58,636)	35,761
Revolving loan transactions are reported as revenue and expenditures in the governmental funds. In the government-wide financial statements, these transactions are accounted for as increases/decreases in assets and liabilities.		
Revenue - loan collections Expenditures - loan disbursements	 (99,023) 225,000	 125,977
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		4 8 8 5
Decrease in compensated absenses		 3,395
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ (157,969)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 908,933	\$ 1,910,042	\$ 2,177,188	\$ 267,146	
Charges for services	244,765	336,915	314,921	(21,994)	
Interest earned	3,000	4,800	7,274	2,474	
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	9,529	(471)	
Total revenues	1,166,698	2,261,757	2,508,912	247,155	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Economic development and assistance:					
Personal services	341,381	363,544	362,417	1,127	
Supplies and materials	43,105	29,873	28,205	1,668	
Other services and charges	802,276	1,931,623	2,187,427	(255,804)	
Repairs and maintenance	8,159	7,051	7,005	46	
Capital expenditures	10,000	17,500	17,065	435	
Total expenditures	1,204,921	2,349,591	2,602,119	(252,528)	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(38,223)	(87,834)	(93,207)	(5,373)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in	37,710	32,515	27,487	(5,028)	
Operating transfers out	(81,128)	(153,797)	(154,741)	(944)	
Total other financing uses	(43,418)	(121,282)	(127,254)	(5,972)	
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Sources					
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(81,641)	(209,116)	(220,461)	(11,345)	
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year	410,948	514,765	514,765	-	
End of year	\$ 329,307	\$ 305,649	\$ 294,304	\$ (11,345)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION REVOLVING LOAN FUND

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Ongmai	Linei	Actual	(Tregative)
Interest earned	\$ 31,121	\$ 44,500	\$ 44,421	\$ (79)
Miscellaneous	505,000	102,250	101,273	(977)
Total revenues	536,121	146,750	145,694	(1,056)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Beonomic development and assistance:				
Loan disbursements	500,000	225,000	225,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	36,121	(78,250)	(79,306)	(1,056)
Other Financing Uses				
Operating transfers out	(18,060)	(23,375)	(23,335)	40
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures and Other Uses	18,061	(101,625)	(102,641)	(1,016)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year	367,388	418,554	418,554	•
End of year	\$ 385,449	\$ 316,929	\$ 315,913	\$ (1,016)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANT FUND

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

				Variance with Final Budget
		d Amounts	A1	Positive
Revenues	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	£ 1 044 740	\$ 841.887	\$ 864,685	\$ 22,798
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,044,749			•
Charges for services	175,298	13,000	11,716	(1,284)
Interest earned	100	450	449	(1)
Miscellaneous	90,574	248,064	245,492	(2,572)
Total revenues	1,310,721	1,103,401	1,122,342	18,941
Expenditures				
Current:				
Economic development and assistance:				
Personal services	413,619	367,456	369,746	(2,290)
Supplies and materials	71,882	37,827	83,809	(45,982)
Other services and charges	840,272	718,601	742,044	(23,443)
Repairs and maintenance	2,426	-	•	-
Capital expenditures	44,000	124,174	77,332	46,842
Total expenditures	1,372,199	1,248,058	1,272,931	(24,873)
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(61,478)	(144,657)	(150,589)	(5,932)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	81,128	153,797	154,741	944
Operating transfers out	(19,650)	(9,140)	(4,152)	4,988
Total other financing sources	61,478	144,657	150,589	5,932
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources		_		•
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>s -</u>	<u>s</u> -	3	<u>s - </u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

June 30, 2006

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc. (the Commission) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to special districts as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

a) Reporting Entity

The Commission was created under enabling legislation of the State of Louisiana and incorporated under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 12:201 et. seq., as amended in 1968; provided, however, that its activities shall be consistent with the powers, duties, rights and liabilities as may be deemed necessary or proper to accomplish the purposes of a regional planning or an economic development district and are for charitable, educational and scientific research purposes.

The Commission although governed by a Board of Commissioners who are directly appointed by the governing bodies of the municipalities and parishes, of which it serves, is considered a separate governmental entity because it is substantially autonomous. The Commission has no component units and the basic financial statements include all the fund types of the entity.

b) Basis of Presentation

The Commission's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements on all activities of the Commission and the governmental fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities for all activities of the Commission. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Commission as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from

b) Basis of Presentation (Continued)

the activities of the fiscal period. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

Indirect costs are not allocated by function for financial reporting in this statement; however, certain indirect costs have been directly allocated as administrative fees to grants and special fund programs. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Dues and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements are very similar to the traditional government fund statements as presented by governments prior to the issuance of GASB Statement No. 34. Emphasis is now on the major funds in governmental categories.

The daily accounts and operations of the Commission continue to be organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The following are the Governmental Funds of the Commission:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Special Revenue Funds reported as major funds in the fund financial statements are as follows:

b) Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund – accounts for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the United States Department of Commerce (Economic Development Administration) to operate a revolving loan program.

Grant Fund – accounts for the receipts and disbursements of Federal and State grants and receipts of federal program services performed.

c) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other uses) in net current assets. Governmental funds are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental fund revenues resulting from exchange transactions are recognized in the fiscal year in which the exchange takes place and meets the government's availability criteria (susceptible to accrual). Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For this purpose, the Commission considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Member assessments are recognized as revenues in the period for which they are assessed. Grant and contract revenues are recognized when earned since they are measurable and available. Interest earned and other

c) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash by the Commission because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is vacation and sick leave which are recognized when paid. Allocations of cost such as depreciation are not recognized in the governmental funds.

d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

e) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Commission, under the terms of its charter, adopts an annual budget. This budget is for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Special Revenue Funds, which at June 30, 2006 consisted of various government and government agency projects, are budgeted on a project by project basis as funding becomes available. The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds budgets were amended during the year to reflect changes in budgeted revenues, expenditures and operating transfers as dictated by the circumstances.

Budgets for carryover grants and projects, which are to be performed over more than one accounting period, are reflected only to the extent they affect the current period being reported on. Budgeted amounts which are not expended, or obligated through contracts, lapse at year end.

Major funds are included in the budget presentations in the basic financial statements. The budgets are adopted on a basis materially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

f) Accounts Receivable

The financial statements of the Commission contain no allowance for uncollectible accounts. Uncollectible amounts due for member assessments, contract revenues and other receivables are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. These amounts are not considered to be material in relation to the financial position or operations of the funds of the Commission.

g) Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit which are stated at cost and approximate market value.

h) Deferred Revenue

Member dues, loan administration fees and grant contributions for future periods received during the current year are reported as deferred revenues within the governmental funds. Member dues, loan administration fees and grant contributions are considered revenues of the period for which assessed or designated by the members.

In the governmental funds, the Commission accounts for its revolving loan program in the operating accounts of a special revenue fund, Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund. The receipt of revolving loan grants and subsequent loan collections are recognized as revenue and loan disbursements to beneficiaries of the program are accounted for as expenditures. An asset "economic loans receivable" is offset on the Fund Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds by "deferred revenue." In the government-wide financial statements, loan disbursements to beneficiaries and subsequent loan collections are accounted for as increases/decreases in the asset "economic loans receivable." While the receipt loan grant proceeds is accounted for as revenue.

i) Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are valued at historical costs or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the

i) Capital Assets (continued)

date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Building 50 years Furniture, fixtures and equipment 4-25 years

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

j) Non-Current Liabilities

The accounting treatment of non-current liabilities depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

All non-current liabilities to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The non-current liabilities consist of accumulated annual leave.

Fund Financial Statements:

Non-current liabilities for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements.

k) Vacation and Sick Leave

The Commission's policies regarding vacation and sick leave permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a non-current liability in the government-wide statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources.

k) Vacation and Sick Leave (continued)

All full-time, permanent employees of the Commission receive two weeks of vacation which accrues at a rate of 3.08 hours per pay period beginning with the first day of full-time, permanent employment. After five years of service employees will receive three weeks of vacation at a rate of 4.62 hours per pay period, and will receive an additional day of vacation per year of service after ten years of continuous employment. Vacation cannot be used for the first three months of full-time, permanent employment. Employees may carry over a maximum of one hundred hours of vacation from one fiscal year to another. Any time in excess of one hundred hours must be approved by the Chief Executive Officer before the end of the fiscal year or will be lost without compensation. Vacation is paid when an employee terminates service with the Commission.

All full-time, permanent employees of the Commission earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month or 3.69 hours per pay period. No limits on this accrual privilege have been established. Sick leave can be accumulated but does not vest and, therefore, a provision has not been made for sick leave.

l) Fund Equity

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets, if any. At June 30, 2006 the Commission had no outstanding borrowings.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

i) Fund Equity (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated.

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balance represents tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

m) Interfund Transactions

In the financial statements, interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported as interfund receivables (due from) and payables (due to) as appropriate. Transfers represent a permanent reallocation of resources between funds. In other words, they are not expected to be paid. For reporting purposes, all interfund transactions between individual governmental funds have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

n) Indirect Cost Plan

The Commission maintains an indirect cost plan for the allocation of costs that are incurred for a common or joint purpose benefitting more than one cost objective and not readily assignable to the cost objectives specifically benefitted through June 30, 2006. These indirect costs are allocated based on direct salaries incurred by each fund benefitting from the indirect costs.

Note 2 - DEPOSITS

Louisiana state law allows all political subdivisions to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States or other federally insured investments, certificates of deposit of any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the State of Louisiana, guaranteed investments contracts and investment grade (A-1/P-1) commercial paper of domestic corporations.

Note 2 - DEPOSITS (Continued)

Bank Deposits:

State law requires deposits (cash and certificates of deposits) of all political subdivisions to be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes FDIC insurance and securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Obligations of the United States, the State of Louisiana and certain political subdivisions are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the political subdivision or with an unaffiliated bank or with a trust company for the account of the political subdivision.

The year end balances of deposits are as follows:

	Bank Balances		_	
Cash	\$	771,779	\$	521,500
Certificates of Deposit		100,000		100,000
Totals	\$	871,779	\$	621,500

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned to it. The Commission has a written policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2006, \$671,779 of the Commission's bank balance of \$871,779 was exposed to credit risk. These deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Commission's name.

At June 30, 2006, cash and certificates of deposits were adequately collateralized in accordance with state law by securities held by unaffiliated banks for the account of the Commission. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which promulgates the standards for accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments, considers these securities subject to custodial credit risk. Even though the deposits are considered subject to custodial credit risk under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the depositor that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

Note 2 - DEPOSITS (Continued)

A reconciliation of deposits as shown on the Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet is as follows:

Cash on hand Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 100 <u>621,500</u>
Total	<u>\$621,600</u>
Cash Investments	\$521,600
Total	\$621,600

Note 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units at June 30, 2006 consisted of the following:

Agencies	Amount
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	\$ 20,706
U.S. Department of Transportation	34,231
Economic Development Administration	33,942
Louisiana Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism	1,883
Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality	1,097
Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections	15,978
Louisiana Department of Homeland Security and Emergency	
Preparedness	53,700
Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development	44,010
Assumption Parish	9,196
Lafourche Parish Communications District	2,000
Lafourche Parish Council	41,828
River Region Tourist Commission	640
St. Charles Parish	10,766
St. James Parish	13,776
St. John the Baptist Parish	3,266
St. Mary Parish	1,005
Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government	60,331
Town of Gramercy	10,474
Total	\$358,829

Amounts earned under various governmental projects included in due from other governmental units include \$157,471 of unbilled services at June 30, 2006.

Note 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables consist of the following at June 30, 2006:

Individual Funds	Interfund Receivables	Payables
General Fund Special Revenue Fund:	<u>\$11,290</u>	
Economic Development Administration		
Revolving Loan Fund		<u>\$11,290</u>

The balances above resulted from the time lag between the dates the (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recoreded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.

Note 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2006	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2006
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$1,318,097	\$ 1,000	\$1,319,097	\$ -
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings	-	1,319,097	-	1,319,097
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	211,664	93,397	(14,994)	290,067
Total capital assets being depreciated	211,664	1,412,494	(14,994)	1,609,164
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	-	(26,382)	-	(26,382)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(140,419)	(32,254)	14,994	(157,679)
Total accumulated depreciation	(140,419)	(58,636)	14,994	(184,061)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	71,245	1,353,858		1,425,103
Total capital assets, net	\$1,389,342	\$1,354,858	\$1,319,097	\$1,425,103

Note 6 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Non-current liabilities at June 30, 2006 consisted of accumulated annual leave (vacation pay) amounts vested with employees. The following is a summary of changes in the non-current liabilities of the Commission for the year ended June 30, 2006:

Long-term obligations, July 1, 2005	\$ 24,055
Net decrease in accumulated unpaid annual leave	(3,395)
Long-term obligations, June 30, 2006	\$ 20,660

Funding of accumulated annual leave is to be provided from revenues of various funds at the time paid.

Note 7 - DEFERRED REVENUES

Deferred revenues are reported in the General Fund and Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund at June 30, 2006. For the year ended June 30, 2006, the General Fund's deferred revenue activity consisted of the following:

	General Fund				
	Member Dues	Loan Administration	Grants	Total	
Balance July 1, 2005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,843	\$ 54,843	
Grant advances		_	135,000	135,000	
Billings	255,298	33,750	-	289,048	
Revenues -	(105.540)	(00, 000)	(116040)	(266,004)	
intergovernmental	<u>(127,542</u>)	(22,500)	<u>(116,042)</u>	<u>(266,084)</u>	
Balance June 30, 2006	<u>\$ 127,756</u>	\$ 11,250	<u>\$ 73,801</u>	\$ 212,807	

Deferred revenue within the Economic Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund and Grant Fund relate to the Commission's revolving loan program and advances from the Economic Development Administrative Program Grant. Activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 consisted for the following:

		·	G	rant Fund			
		Economic					
	Development Administration Revolving Loan Fund		Development		I	Sconomic	
			Administration Dev			velopment	
			Administration Program				
Balance July 1, 2005	\$	968,305	\$	16,513			
Grant advances/billings		-		33,942			
Grant revenues		-		(50,455)			
New loans		225,000		-			
Loan collections		(99,023)		-			
Balance June 30, 2006	<u>\$</u>	1,094,282	\$	-			

Note 8 - RECONCILIATION OF TRANSFERS

A reconciliation of operating transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006 is a follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund:				
Economic Development Administration				
Revolving Loan Fund	\$	23,335		
Grant Fund		4,152	\$ 154,741	
Economic Development Administration:				
Revolving Loan Fund:				
General Fund		-	23,335	
Grant Fund:				
General Fund		154,741	4,152	
Total	_\$	182,228	\$ 182,228	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

Note 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to workers' compensation; torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Commission carries commercial insurance. No settlements were made during the year that exceeded the Commission's insurance coverage.

Note 10 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Commission received a majority of its revenue from funds provided by federal/state government grants, local government entities, contracts and member (local governments) dues. Certain grants, contracts and member dues are required to be appropriated each year by the various levels of government. The state of Louisiana incurred significant losses as a result of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita in August and September 2005. Hurricane relief and recovery efforts have stretched the State's finances and increased the likelihood of cuts in the Commission's funding from the State. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal/state and/or local government levels, the amount of funds that the Commission will receive could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on

Note 10 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY (Continued)

its operations. Management is not able to estimate at this time the amount of funds that the Commission will receive from future state funding. However, management believes that it will receive sufficient funds to avoid a material impact on the Commission's future operations.

Note 11 - COMPENSATION OF COMMISSIONERS

Commissioners for South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc. received no compensation during the year ended June 30, 2006.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION

GRANT FUND PROGRAMS

Economic Development Administration Grant Program - To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the United States Department of Commerce (Economic Development Administration) which are restricted to uses as specified in the grant documents.

Louisiana Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism Grant Program - To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the Louisiana Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism which are restricted to uses as specified in the grant document.

Nonpoint Source Pollution Implementation Program - To account for receipts and uses of EPA funds provided by the Department of Environmental Quality, State of Louisiana for "Extension of Urban Subcommittee to Localized Nonprofit Source Coalitions: Barataria and Terrebonne Basins" which are restricted to those uses as specified in the vendor contract documents.

EPA Environmental Justice Solid Waste Grant Program - To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the United States Environmental Protection Agency which are restricted to uses as specified in the grant documents.

Louisiana Highway Safety Commission Safe Community Grant Program - To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the State of Louisiana, Department of Public Safety and Corrections which are restricted to those uses as specified in the contract documents.

MPO Transit Planning Services Grant Program - To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the State of Louisiana, Department of Transportation and Development Public Transportation Section, which are restricted to uses as specified in the contract documents.

MPO Highway Services Grant Program - To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the State of Louisiana, Department of Transportation and Development, which are restricted to uses as specified in the contract documents.

Transportation and Community and System Preservation Pilot Program Grant Program - To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the State of Louisiana, Department of Transportation and Development which are restricted to uses as specified in the contract documents.

USDA Rural Development Distance Learning Grant Program - To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the United States Department of Agriculture which are restricted to uses as specified in the contract documents.

EPA Louisiana Brownfields Pilot Program Grant Program — To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the United States Environmental Protection Agency which are restricted to uses specified in the grant documents.

Federal Highway Administration Demonstration and Evaluation of Rational Speed Limits Grant Program — To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the United States Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration which are restricted to uses specified in the grant documents.

Delta Regional Authority Grant Program — To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from Delta Regional Authority.

River Region Transportation Master Plan Grant Program — To account for receipts and uses of federal funds passed through by the State of Louisiana, Department of Transportation and Development which are restricted to uses as specified in the vendor contract documents.

EPA River Region Waste Water Grant Program — To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the United States Environmental Protection Agency which are restricted to those uses as specified in the contract documents.

EPA Clean Water Action Plan – To account for receipts and uses of grant funds received from the United States Environmental Protection Agency which are restricted to uses as specified in the grant documents.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GRANT FUND PROGRAMS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

	Economic Development Administration Grant Program	Louisiana Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism Grant Program	Nonpoint Source Pollution Implementation Program	EPA Environmental Justice Solid Waste Grant Program	Louisiana Highway Safety Commission Safe Community Grant Program	MPO Transit Planning Services Grant Program	MPO Highway Services Grant Program
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 50,455	\$ 12,000	\$ -		\$ 68,298	\$ 29,119	\$ 170,351
Charges for services	•	•	4,016			-	-
Interest carned	444	•	-			-	-
Miscellaneous		9,284			2,862		
Total revenues	50,899	21,284	4,016		71,160	29,119	170,351
Expenditures							
Current:							
Economic development and assistance:							
Personal services	87,260		5,738	\$ 2,130	18,716	31,332	157,167
Supplies and materials	155	2,224	•	•	15,737	1,615	16,306
Other services and charges	25,705	19,060	956	206	44,853	3,432	30,192
Capital expenditures						<u>·</u>	3,250
Total expenditures	113,120	21,284	6,694	2,336	79,306	36,379	206,915
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(62,221)		(2,678)	(2,336)	(8,146)	(7,260)	(36,564)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating transfers in	62,221		2,678	2,336	B,146	7,260	36,564
Operating transfers out	-						
Total other financing sources (uses)	62,221		2,678	2,336	8,146	7,260	36,564
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>s ·</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s</u>	<u> </u>

Transportation and Community and System Preservation Pilot Program Grant Program	USDA Rural Development Distance Learning Grant Program	EPA Louisiana Brownfields Pilot Program Grant Program	Federal Highway Administration Demonstration and Evaluation of Rational Speed Limits Grant Program	Delta Regional Authority Grant Program	River Region Transportation Master Plan Grant Program	EPA River Region Waste Water Grant Program	BPA Clean Weter Action Plan	Total
\$ 17,953 - - -	\$ 74,795 - -	\$ 32,255	\$ 91,729 - 5 28,801	\$ 8,250 - -	7,700	\$ 2,938	\$ 306,542 204,545	\$ 864,685 11,716 449 245,492
17,953	74,795	32,255	120,535	8,250	7,700	2,938	511,087	1,122,342
14,460 17 3,711	2,358 17,593 20,195 67,082	17,266 219 15,768	16,898 29,384 69,123 7,000	3,163 113 822	5,989 - 1,711	2,334 219 385	4,935 227 505,925	369,746 83,809 742,044
18,188	107,228	33,253	122,405	4,098	7,700	2,938	511,087	1,272,931
(235)	(32,433)	(998)	(1,870)	4,152		·	-	(150,589)
235	32,433	998	1,870	(4,152)				154,741 (4,152)
235	32,433	998	1,870	(4,152)				150,589
<u>s </u>	\$ -	<u>s -</u>	<u>s </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s</u> -

SPECIAL REPORTS OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON **COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF** FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners, South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc., Houma, Louisiana,

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc., (the Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management, the Legislative Auditor for the State of Louisiana and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Bourgeois Bennett, LL.C.

Certified Public Accountants.

Houma, Louisiana, November 9, 2006.



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Commissioners, South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc., Houma, Louisiana.

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc., (the Commission), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006. The Commission's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Commission's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Commission's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Commission complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management, Legislative Auditor for the State of Louisiana and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Certified Public Accountants.

Bourgeois Bennett, LL.C.

Houma, Louisiana, November 9, 2006.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Federal Grantor/Pass- Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Award/ Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Rural Development Distance Learning and Telemedicine Loans and Grants	10.855	LA-707-A16 DLMLG - 162	\$ 74,795
U.S. Department of Commerce - Economic Development Administration Support for Planning Organizations	11.302	08-83-03904	50,455
Sudden and Severe Economic Dislocation Adjustment Revolving Loan Fund	11.307	08-59-02912.01	1,216,640
Total Department of Commerce			1,267,095
U.S. Department of the Interior - National Park Service Pass-Through Payments: Recreation and Tourism, State of Louisiana: Office of Cultural Development: Historic Preservation	15.904	22-05-20420	12,000
U.S. Department of Transportation: Pederal Highway Administration Demonstration and Evaluation of Rational Speed Limits		DTFH61-02-X-00120	91,729
Pass-Through Payments: Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development: Metropolitan Planning	20.205	PL-0011 (029)	136,281
Transportation and Community System Preservation	20.205	TCSP-5500 (507)	17,953
Federal Transit Administration Pass-Through Payments: Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development: Transit Planning	20.505	LA-80-X014	23,295
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Pasa-Through Payments: Department of Public Safety and Corrections - Louisiana Highway Safety Commission South Central Safe Community Program South Central Safe Community Program	20.600 20.600	SA 05-02-00 SA 06-02-00	23,052 45,246
Total Department of Transportation			337,556

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

(Continued)

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Federal Grantor/Pass- Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CPDA Numb e r	Federal Award/ Pass-Through Bntity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Environmental Protection Agency:	110111000	110000	
Office of Administration			
Congressionally Mandated Projects - River Region Water			
and Wastewater Improvement Plan	66.202	XP-96624601-0	1,616
Surveys, Studies, Investigations and Special Purpose Grants -			
South Central Louisiana Clean Water Action Plan	66.606	XP-97685601-0	281,098
Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response			
Louisiana Brownfields Pilot Program	66.811	BP-97611501-0	32,255
Total Environmental Protection Agency			314,969
Delta Regional Authority			
Delta Local Development District Assistance -	90.202	2005 Grant Program	8,250
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Pass-Through Payments:			
Louisiana Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness	97.004	2004-GE-T4-0004	
River Bayou Parish Mutual Aid and Assistance Task Force	97.067	2005-GE-T5-0004	2,006,646
Total			\$ 4,021,311

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

June 30, 2006

Note 1 - GENERAL

The Commission's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the Commission. Expenditures of all federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies is included on the schedule, as well as federal financial assistance pass-through other government agencies.

Note 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc. and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 3 - VALUE OF LOANS OUTSTANDING

The value of loans outstanding at June 30, 2006 for the Sudden and Severe Economic Dislocation Adjustment Revolving Loan Fund was \$1,094,282.

Note 4 - SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the Commission provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

n mid	Federal CFDA	Amount Provided
Program Title	Number	to Subrecipients
Surveys, Studies, Investigations and		
Special Purpose Grants-South Central		
Louisiana Clear Water Action Plan	66.606	257,500

Note 5 - FINDINGS OF NONCOMPLIANCE

No federal award findings or questioned costs were reported during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2006.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Section I Summary of Auditor's Results

a) Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued: unqualified	
Internal control over financial reporting:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? Reportable condition(s) identified that a 	yes _X_ no
considered to be material weaknesses?	yes X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial state	ments noted? yes _X_ no
b) Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? Reportable condition(s) identified that a 	yes <u>X</u> no
considered to be material weaknesses	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance	e for major program: unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are require reported in accordance with section 510(a	
Circular A-133?	yes X no
c) Identification of Major Programs:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program (or Cluster)
11.307	Sudden and Severe Economic Dislocation Adjustment Revolving Loan Fund

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

(Continued)

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Section I Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)

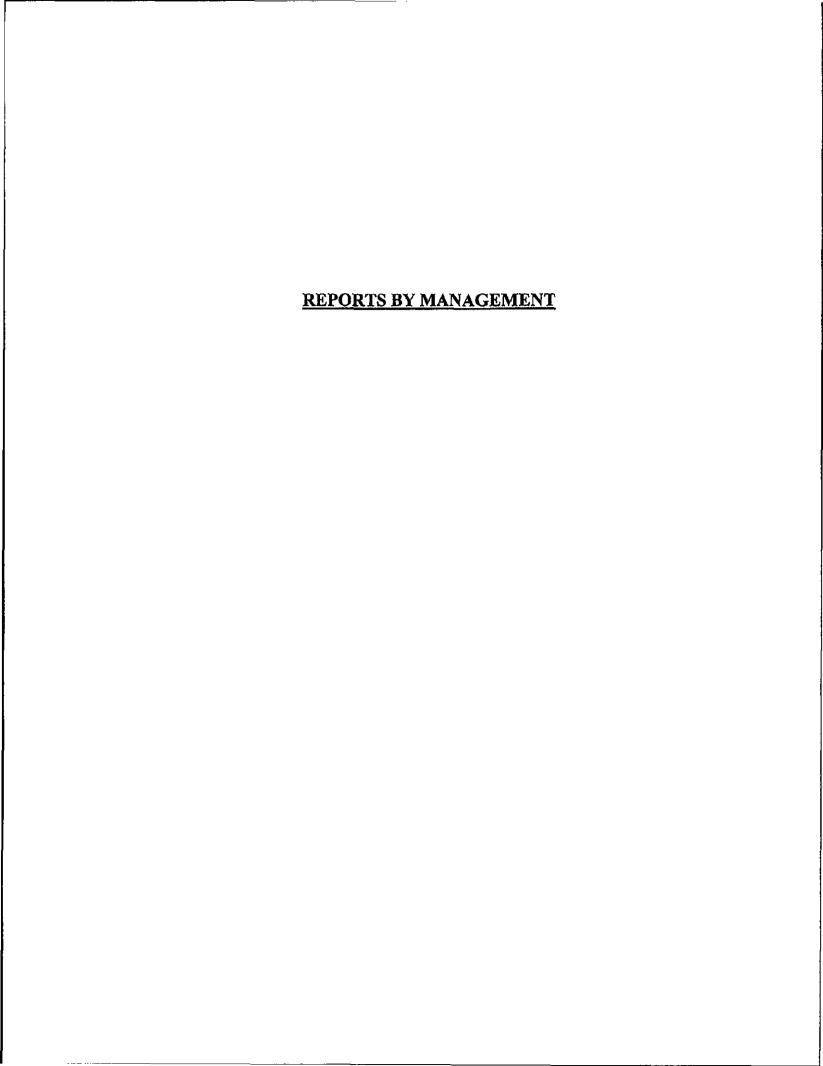
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between		
Type A and Type B programs:		\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes	sno

Section II Financial Statement Findings

No financial statement findings were noted during the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Section III Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No federal award findings or questioned costs were reported during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2006.



SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Section I Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Basic Financial Statements

Internal Control

No material weaknesses were noted during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2005. No reportable conditions were reported during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Compliance

No compliance findings material to the Commission's financial statements were noted during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Section II Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs reported during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Section III Management Letter

A management letter was not issued in connection with the audit for the year ended June 30, 2005.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

South Central Planning & Development Commission, Inc.

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Section I Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Basic Financial Statements

Internal Control

No material weaknesses were noted during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2006. No reportable conditions were reported during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Compliance

No compliance findings material to the financial statements were noted during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Section II Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

There were no findings or questioned costs reported during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Section III Management Letter

A management letter was not issued in connection with the audit for the year ended June 30, 2006.