1118

Monroe, Louisiana

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 12/

Marsha O. Millican A Professional Accounting Corporation Shreveport, Louisiana

Table of Contents

June 30, 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	3 - 10
Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Activities	12
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Balance Sheet	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	16 - 34
SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB STATEMENT 34:	*.
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	35
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III B	36
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-1	37
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-2	38

Table of Contents

June 30, 2010

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOEA:	•
Schedule of NonMajor Special Revenue Funds	39
Comparative Schedule of General Fixed Assets And Changes in General Fixed Assets	40
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE	. 1
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	41 - 42
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	43
CORRECTIVE ACTION TAKEN ON PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS	44



A BRORESIONAL ACCOUNTING CORRORATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc. Monroe, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc.'s management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc. as of June 30, 2010, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis presented on pages 3 through 10 and the supplementary financial information required by GASB 34 on pages 35 through 38, the supplementary financial information required by GOEA on pages 39 and 40, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

810 WILKINSON SHREVEPORT, LA 71104-3036 (318) 221-3881 FAX: (318) 221-4641

1

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, I have also issued a report dated December 2, 2010 on my consideration of Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

Marsha D. Millian

Certified Public Accountant December 2, 2010



Post Office Box 7418 · Monroe, Louisiana 71211-7418 · 2407 Ferrand St., Monroe, Louisiana 71201 Phone: (318) 387-0535 · Fax (318) 322-0545 · E-Mail: acoa@bayou.com

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

The following discussion and analysis of Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc.'s financial performance provides an overview of the Council's financial activities during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the Council's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Council showed a net increase in overall net assets of \$12,049 this year.
- Net Capital Assets of the Council decreased by \$95,902 due to depreciation expense.
- The unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the Council's General Fund is \$125,879.

HOW TO USE THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11 and 12) provide information about the activities of the Council as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Council's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 13. For governmental activities, in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Council's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Council's most significant funds.

Our auditor has provided assurance in her independent auditor's report, located immediately after this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. The auditor is providing varying degrees of assurance about Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 and Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA that follow later in this reporting package. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each part of the financial section of the report.

Reporting the Council as a Whole Using Government-Wide Statements

Our analysis of the Council as a whole begins on page 9. An important question to ask about the Council's finances is, "Is the Council as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (referred to collectively as the Government-Wide Financial Statements) report information about the Council as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.



Serving the Elderly Since 1967

The Government-Wide statements can be found on pages 11 to 12 and report the Council's net assets and changes in them. Some of the net assets are restricted which means they can only be used for a specific purpose. The Statement of Net Assets is designed to present the financial position of the Council as of yearend. Over time, increases or decreases in the Council's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, to assess the overall financial position of the Council, you will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as the condition of the Council's capital assets and facilities, the addition or termination of grants and other revenue sources, and the expansion or contraction of programs and services.

The Statement of Activities provides information that shows how the Council's net asset changed as a result of this year's activities. All of the Council's significant activities are reported in the Statement of Activities. These activities include an Administration function and a Health, Welfare, and Social Services function. The Health, Welfare, and Social Services function is comprised of various programs that include various supportive social services, nutritional services, utility assistance, and disease prevention and health promotion. All activities of the Council are considered to be governmental activities. A governmental activity is one where the Council uses money it receives from government grants and contracts, along with donations from the general public, to pay for the services it provides to the general public, or a segment of the general public, such as the elderly. In other words, the people benefitting from the services are not required to pay for what they receive. If the Council charged fees to cover all or most of the cost of providing a service, that activity would be classified as a business-type activity. The Council does not have any business-type activities.

Reporting the Council's Most Significant Funds using Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Council's major funds begins on page 7. The Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 13 to 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the, Council as a whole. In the Fund Financial Statements you will see a General Fund and a variety of Special Revenue Funds. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. By using separate funds to track revenues and expenditures, we can control and manage funds for particular purposes or we can show that the fund is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money.

The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are considered governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Council's programs. We have presented the difference between the net assets of governmental activities and the fund balances of the governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds. In addition, the difference between the change in net assets for the governmental funds and the change in net assets for the governmental activities has been presented in a reconciliation on a separate page that follows the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the Governmental Funds.

z

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 to 34. You should read the notes before making assumptions or drawing conclusions about the Council's financial condition.

Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and each <u>major</u> Special Revenue Fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedules compare the original and final appropriated budgets' to actual budget results for the Council's fiscal year. We have also opted to present positive and negative variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Major funds are those funds whose revenues, expenditures, assets, or liabilities are at least 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental funds. In addition, a major fund could be a fund that does not meet these criteria but which we believe is important to present for the Council's financial statement users.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is also required supplementary information (RSI) by GASB Statement 34. However, it is presented as the second item in this reporting package and not with the other RSI by GASB Statement 34.

Other Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA and OMB Circular A-133

The Council has also presented other required supplemental information in this report package.

The Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) has required the Council to present as schedules the information on pages 39 to 40. This information will be used by GOEA to verify the accuracy of information the Council submitted to it during the year and to help GOEA monitor certain compliance requirements set forth in the grants that it has with the Council.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL AS A WHOLE USING GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects condensed information on the Council's net assets for the year ended June 30,

	20102009
	# 261 040 # 314 369
Current and other assets	\$ 261,949 \$ 214,368
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	<u>2,310,117</u> <u>2,406,019</u>
Total Assets	<u>2,572,066</u> <u>2.620,387</u>
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	155,112 135,129
Notes Payable	<u> 106.365 194,701 </u>
Total Liabilities	<u>261,477</u> <u>329,830</u>
Invested in capital assets, net of	
related debt	2,203,752 2,211,318
Restricted	1,250 2,071
Unrestricted	<u> 105.587 77.168</u>
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>2.310.589</u> <u>\$2.290,557</u>

As of June 30, 2010, the Council "as a whole" had assets greater than its liabilities by \$2,310,589.

The long-term debt represents amounts borrowed for the construction of the facilities at 2407 Ferrand Street, Monroe, Louisiana. The Council reduced its long term indebtedness by \$80,353 during the year.

The liability for compensated absences represents what the Council would owe to its employees as of year-end for unused vacation leave. If employee vacation patterns are similar from year to year and if the number of employees remains about the same, then the amount owed at year-end will not change very much from year to year. This liability could adversely affect the Council's financial position if we were to have to lay off a significant portion of our workforce. This event would trigger the immediate payment of unused vacation to the terminated employees resulting in the Council having to use unrestricted net assets to make the payments.

For the year ended June 30, total revenues exceeded total expenses as follows:

		2009
Revenues		· .
Program Revenues:		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 1,518,603	\$ 1,485,024
Capital Grants	-	91,624
General Revenues:		
Unrestricted Grants and Contribution	114,251	39,122
Other General Revenues	71.235	94,113
,		
Total Revenues	1,704.089	<u>1,709,883</u>
Direct Program Expenses of the Health,		
Welfare, and Social Services Function:		
Supportive Services:		
Other Supportive Services	40,164	86,316
Homemaker	84,078	59,403
Information and Assistance	10,920	8,753
Legal Assistance	7,500	7,500
Outreach	13,866	11,014
Transportation	183,483	213,382
Nutrition Services:		
Congregate Meals	361,896	361,581
Home Delivered Meals	398,898	404,571
Utility Assistance	47,774	57,604
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion	7,530	8,469
National Family Caregiver Support	55,191	53,927
Grants to Subrecipients	131,995	131,994
Direct Administration Expenses	348,745	<u> </u>
Total Expenses	1.692,040	1.689.669
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	<u>\$ 12,049</u>	<u>\$ 20,214</u>

7

.

AN ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Most of the Council's activities are funded by federal, state, and local grants. These grants amount to approximately 72% f the revenues of the Council in 2010. Some of these grants are restricted which means that the money can only be used in certain programs. The amount of funds available from most of the grants remains rather constant from year to year, however, some grant amounts may change based upon the level of service provided by the Council under the terms of the particular grant award.

The Council also receives donations from its clients and the general public. These revenues help to lessen the financial burden on the Council and allow it to maintain and expand services. Public support revenues represented 20 % of the total revenues for 2010.

The Council invests idle funds and is able to earn some interest on this money each year. The investment earnings are used or accumulated as necessary to meet expenses each year.

When reviewing the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, there are relationships that are important to the understanding of the Council's operations. The Council's largest activities are related to supportive services and nutrition services. The Council's main focus is to meet the needs of the elderly citizens of Ouachita Parish. There is a high demand for these services; therefore, resources are channeled to meeting the demand.

An indication of how we are using money efficiently can be analyzed by calculating the percentage administration expenses bears in relation to total expenses. For 2010, total administration expenses were \$348,745, or 21% of total expenses.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL'S FUNDS USING GOVERNMENTAL FUND -FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Balances

The Council showed a combined governmental fund balance of \$127,129.

Revenues

The combined fund revenues decreased \$5,794 this year versus last year.

Expenditures

Total expenditures decreased by \$43,291 this year.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE GENERAL FUND BUDGET

Over the course of this past fiscal year the budget was amended one time. The amendment effectively approves any expenditure that had already been incurred that exceeded its original budgeted amount. The primary reasons for amending the budget are to account for unanticipated changes in both revenues and expenditures and to prevent compliance violations under the Council's grants from GOEA. The Council does not budget the general fund.

You can find schedules of the original and amended budgets in the Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 section of this report on pages 35 to 38. When you review the budget versus actual schedule, you will note that the favorable and unfavorable variances are not very large. This is a result of the budget amendment process, which allows us the opportunity to use hindsight to adjust the forecast that it made at the beginning of the year. With only two months left in the fiscal year at the time the budget is amended, the risk of a significant budget overrun is reduced because of our ability to more accurately predict what will occur over a shorter period of time versus a longer period of time.

AN ANALYSIS OF CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the year, the Council had \$2,310,117 in fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation. This amounted to a net decrease of \$95,902 from the prior year which is due to the current year provision for depreciation.

At year end, the Council had notes outstanding of \$106,365. We have already discussed the nature and effects of the compensated absence liability.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The council receives most of its funding from federal and state agencies. Because of this, the source of income for the Council is rather steady. However, some of the Council's grants and contracts are contingent upon the level of service provided by the Council, and therefore, revenues may vary from year to year. In setting its budget for fiscal year 2011, it was important that we deliver at least the same level of service to our clients and the public as we did in 2010. All of the Council's grants and contracts from the usual federal and state agencies have been approved for FY 2011. There have been no significant changes to the funding levels or terms of the grants and contracts. Accordingly, we have set our initial budget to provide the same programs and levels of service next year. GOEA has also approved the Council's budget for next year. There are no plans to add any significant programs for next year.

CONTACTING THE COUNCIL'S MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide government agencies and the general public an overview of the Council's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money that it receives. If you have any questions about this report or wish to ask for more information, you should contact Mrs. Lynda McGehee, the Council's Executive Director, at the Council's main office located at 2407 Ferrand Street, Monroe, Louisiana, or by phone at 318-387-0535.

Government Wide Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	\$ 255,360
Contracts receivable	6,589
Capital assets, net of	
accumulated depreciation	2,310,117
Total assets	\$ 2,572,066
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 63,959
Wages payable	33,807
Payroli taxes payable	11,234
Deferred tevenue	25,820
Accrued compensated absences:	
Current portion	7,101
Non-current portion	13,191
Notes Payable	
Current portion	23,991
Non-current portion	82,374
Total liabilities	\$ 261,477
Net assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt	\$ 2,203,752
Restricted for:	
Utility assistance	1,235
FEMA	15
Unrestricted	105,587
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,310,589

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

INC.
GING,
L ON A
UNCI
ITA CO
лисні
Ŷ

GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year ended June 30, 2010

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Increases

÷			â	Propram Revenues		(Dccrcases) in Net Assets	l Net
				D	Cupital Grants	Total	
	Direct	Indirect	Charges for	Operating Grants and	and	Governmental	[a]
	Expenses	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	
Functions/Programs							
Governmental Activities	ľ						
Health, Welfare & Social Services:							
- Supporting Services:							
Homernaker	5 84,078	\$ 21,926	י 69	\$ 71,128	•	5 5	(34,876)
Information and Assistance	10,920	2,504	•	9,008			(4,416)
Outreach	13,866	3,119	•	11,397	•	-	(5,588)
Legal Assistance	7,500	•	•	7,500			٠
Transportation	183,483	47,133	•	154,741		c	(75,875)
Other Priority Services	40,164	9,406	1	33,261	•	C	(16,309)
Nutrition Services:		,					
Congregate Meals	361,896	95,400	,	413,703	•	y	(43,593)
Home Delivered Meals	398,898	111,619	•	523,299		-	12,782
Utility Assistance	47,774	,	1	46,953	ł		(821)
Discase Prevention and Health Promotion	7,530	571	•	7,530	,		(113)
National Family Caregiver Support	55,191	5,436	'n	56,457	•		(4,170)
Grants to Subrecipients	131,995	•	•	131,995	•		•
Administration	•••	(297,114)		51,631	•		•
Total Governmental activities	5 1,692,040	• \$	-	\$ 1,518,603		.1)	(173,437)
	General Revenues:	cs:					
	Grants and con	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	cted to specific pr	ograms		-	114,251
	Miscellaneous					•	71.235
	Total genera	Total general revenues and special items	ial items			-	185,486
	Increase (Dccrease) in net assets	se) in net assets					12,049
	Net assets - begi	Net assets - beginning of year. restated (See Note 14)	ted (Sec Note 14)			2,2 2,2	2,298,540 2,110,580
	nin - cincer toul	נו וויר לינוו					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

12

255,360 6,589 6.587 63.959 33,807 11,234 25,820 2,310,117 268,536 6.587 141,407 1,235 125,879 127,129 268,536 15 (126,657) Total \$ æ 6 5 - Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds Nan-Major Funds 1.248 6,589 7,837 6,587 6,587 1,235 1,250 2 7,837 66 5 ю Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: - Compensated absences and notes payable are not paid for out of current financial resources Title IIIC-2 OUACHITA COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. Governmental Funds June 30, 2010 ÷, Balance Sheet Title IIIC-1 69 and therefore are not reported in the funds • IIIB 260,699 254,112 6,587 63,959 33,807 11,234 25,820 260,699 134,820 125,879 General Fund 125,879 43 69 69 Grants and contracts receivable **Total Liabilities and Fund** Liabilities and Fund Balances **Total Fund Balances** Unreserved/Undesignated: Special Revenue Fund Due from other funds Payroll taxes payable **Total Liabilitics** Due to other funds Total Assets Accounts payable Utility assistance Deferred revenue Deposit on vans Wages payable General Fund Balances Fund Balances: Reserved for: Liabilities: FEMA Assels Cash

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

.

ξ

2,310,589

~

Statement of Revenues, Ependitures and Changes in Fun Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Non-Major	
	General	IIIB	C-1	C-2	Funds	Total
REVENUES	······································					
Intergovernmental:	•	\$				
Governor's Office of Elderly Alfairs	\$ 152,245	\$ 150,100	\$ 186,452	\$ 183,273	\$ 487,651	\$ 1,159,721
Monroe Housing Authority	23,716	-	•	-	-	23,716
City of Monroe	10,300	-		-	-	10,300
Federal Emergency Food and Shelter	-	-	-	**	11,432	11,432
SCORE	23,864	-	-	-	-	23,864
Public Support:		•				
Fundraising	81,090	v				81,090
Unrestricted	158,029	-	-	-	-	158,029
Restricted	15,567	-	-	-	-	15,567
Restricted-Utility Programs	-	-	-	· -	35,521	35,521
Client Contributions	-	14,991	64,119	7,293	-	86,403
Rentals	50,165	-	-	•	-	50,165
Donated Meals	-	•	-	38,361	-	38,361
Miscellaneous	9,920	-				9,920
Total Revenues	524,896	165,091	250,571	228,927	534,604	1,704,089
Expenditures						
Health, Welfare & Social Services		·				
Current:						
Salaries	18,132	181,821		100,001	52,400	452,530
Fringe	1,406	20,751	11,452	11,852	6,519	51,980
Travel	-	5,738	1,151	34,343	260	41,492
Operating Services	7,262	63,252	43,366	31,671	70,146	215,697
Operating Supplies	467	27,975	1,563	6,753	9,381	46,139
Other Costs	80,306	10,342	1,540	1,801	36,647	130,636
Meals	22,190		247,788	270,227	25,353	565,558
Utility Assistance	-		-	-	47,439	47,439
Grants to Subrecipients	-		-	•	131,995	131,995
Capital outlay	······································			÷		-
Total Expenditures	129,763	309,879	407,036	456,648	380,140	1,683,466
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	395,133	(144,788)	(156,465)	(227,721)	154,464	20,623
OTHER SOURCES (USES)		•				
Operating transfers in	-	144,788	156,465	227,721	65,671	594,645
Operating transfers out	(373,689)				(220,956)	(594,645)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other						
sources over expenditures and other uses	21,444	-	-	-	(821)	20,623
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)						
Beginning of year (deficit)	104,435		-	-	2,071	106,506
End of year	\$ 125,879	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 1,250	
- /						\$ 127,129

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net Increase (Decrease) in fund balances total governmental funds	I	\$ 20,623
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities the cost of these		, , т
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount		
by which depreciation (\$95,902) exceeds capital outlay (\$-0-)		
in the current period.		(95,902)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do		
not require the use of current financial resources and		
therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental		
funds.		
Compensated absences	•	6,975
The repayment of long-term debt consumes the current		
financial resources of governmental funds. The repayment of		
debt is not an expenditure in the statement of activities		80,353
Increase (Decrease) of net assets of governmental activities		<u>\$ 12,049</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. Purpose of the Council on Aging:

The purpose of the Council is to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions pertaining to the employment, financial status, recreation, social adjustment, mental and physical health or other conditions affecting the welfare of the aging people in Ouachita Parish; to keep abreast of the latest developments in these fields of activities throughout Louisiana and the United States; to interpret its findings to the citizens of the parish; to provide for a mutual exchange of ideas and information on the parish and state levels; to conduct public meetings to make recommendations for needed improvements and additional resources; to promote the welfare of aging people when requested to do so; to coordinate and monitor services of other local agencies serving the aging people of the parish; and to assist and cooperate with the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) and other departments of state and local government serving the elderly; and to make recommendations relevant to the planning and delivery of services to the elderly of the parish.

Specific services provided by the Council to the elderly residents of Ouachita Parish include providing congregate and home-delivered meals, nutritional education, personal care, information and assistance, outreach, material aid, utility assistance, homemakers, recreation, legal assistance, health promotion, and transportation.

B. Reporting Entity:

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456 authorizing the charter of a voluntary council on aging for the welfare of the aging people in each \cdot parish of Louisiana. However, before the council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a charter must receive approval from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs pursuant to LA R. S. 46:1602. The functions of each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the objectives of state laws and are governed by the policies and regulations established by GOEA.

Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc. is a legally separate, non-profit, quasi-public corporation. It received its charter and began operations on June 28, 1967.

A board of directors, consisting of 15 voluntary members who serve three-year terms, governs the Council. The board of directors is comprised of, but not limited to, representatives of the Parish's elderly population, general public, private businesses, and elected public officials. Board members are elected annually in the following manner:

Members are selected from the general public to represent all sections of the parish and are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>June 30, 2010</u>

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

B. Reporting Entity (Continued):

drawn from, but not limited to, civic organizations, governmental agencies, and religious groups.

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of Ouachita Parish who have reached the age of majority and who express an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, the Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc. is not a component unit of another primary government nor does it have any component units that are related to it. In addition, based on the criteria set forth in GASB Codification section 2100, the Council has presented its financial statements as a primary government, because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As used in GASB Statement 14, the term fiscally independent means the the Council may, without approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. As previously mentioned, GOEA establishes the policies and regulations that all councils must follow. Included in its policies is a provision that the Council's budget be approved by GOEA. However, this approval process is part of GOEA's general oversight responsibility for the council and is more misnisterial or compliance oriented than substantive.

Accordingly, the Council is viewed as being fiscally independent for purposes of applying the reporting entity critera of GASB Statement 14.

C. Presentation of Statements:

The Council's statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. The The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The Council has the option to appy FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its businesstype activities and enterprise funds; however, the Council has chosen not to do so because it does not have any business-type activities or enterprise funds. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Council are discussed below.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

C. Presentation of Statements (Continued):

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis* for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

The financial statements include:

A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Council's overall financial position and results of operations.

Government-wide Financial Statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Council's activities.

A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Council has implemented the general provisions of the GASB Statement 34.

D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The Council's basic financial statements include both Government-wide (reporting the Council as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Council's major funds). Both the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Council's functions and programs have been classified as governmental activities. The Council does not have any business-type activities fiduciary funds, or any component units that are fiduciary in nature. Accordingly, the Government-wide financial statements do not include any of these activities or funds.

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental type activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as longterm debt and obligations. The Council's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balnces of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of

18

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

those capital assets. Restricted net assets consist of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net assets include all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

The Council's policy is to use restricted resources first to finance its activities except for nutrition services. When providing nutritiion services, revenues earned by the Council under its USDA contract with GOEA can only be used to pay for the raw food component of each meal that is bought and served to a person eligible to receive a meal under one of the nutrition programs. The Council's management has discretion as to how and when to use the USDA revenues when paying for nutrition program costs. Quite often unrestricted resources are available for use that must be consumed or they will have to be returned to GOEA. In such cases it is better for management to elect to apply and consume the unrestricted resources before using the restricted resources. As a result, the Council will depart from its usual policy of using restricted resources first.

The Government-Wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are supported by general government revenues like intergovernmental revenues and unrestricted net investment income, particularly if the function or program has a net cost. The Statement of Activities begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues, such as operating and capital grants and contributions, to derive the net cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The Council did not receive any capital-specific grants this year.

The Council allocates its indirect costs among various functions and programs in accordance with Circular A-87. The Statement of Activities shows this allocation in a separate column labeled "indirect cost allocation". In addition, GOEA provides grant funds to help the Council pay for a portion of its indirect costs. As a result, only the indirect costs in excess of the GOEA funds are allocated to the Council's other functions and programs.

The Government-Wide Statements focus upon the Council's ability to sustain operations and the change in its net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements:

The financial transactions of the Council are reported in individual funds in the Fund Financial Statements. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures are at least 10% if the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

Governmental fund equity is called the fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved being further split into designated and undesignated. Reserved means that the fund balance is not available for expenditure because resources have already been expended (but not consumed), or a legal restriction has been placed on certain assets that makes them only available to meet future obligations. Designated fund balances result when management tentatively sets aside or earmarks certain resources to expend in a designated manner. In contrast to reserved fund balances, designated amounts can be changed at the discretion of management.

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Council. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. PCOA (Parish Council on Aging Funds) are included in the General Fund and are used to supplement Title III programs.

PCOA Funds are appropriated for the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs by the Louisiana Legislature for remittance to the Council on Aging. The Council may use these funds at its discretion provided the program is benefiting people who are at least 60.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

A large percentage of the Council's special revenue funds are Title III funds. These funds are provided by the United States Department of Health and Human Services - Administration on Aging to the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>June 30, 2010</u>

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued):

The Council has established several special revenue funds. The following is a brief description of each of the special revenue fund's purpose:

Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III C-1 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional, congregate meals to the elderly at meal sites located in Monroe and surrounding areas. During the year the Council served 92,245 meals to persons eligible to participate in this program. In addition to the meals serviced, the Council also provided 221 units of nutritional education to eligible participants.

The Title III C-2 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional meals to homebound older persons. Using Title III C-2 funds, the Council served 92,245 meals during the year to persons eligible to participate in this program.

The Title III B Fund is used to account for funds which are used to provide various units of supportive social services to the elderly. GOEA has established the criteria for defining a qualifying unit of service for each Title III program. Specific supportive social services, along with the number of units provided during the fiscal year are as follows:

	Units
Information and Assistance	1,012
Outreach	585
Homemaker	3,830
Transportation for people age 60 or older	18,397
Legal	627
Utility Assistance	232

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III D Fund is used to account for funds used for disease prevention and health promotion activities. During the year 16,277 units of wellness service were provided to eligible participants in this program.

The MIPPA Fund is used to account for funds used to support outreach and assistance directed toward Medicare beneficiaries with limited income who may be eligible for low income programs and medicaire savings plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued):

The Senior Center Fund is used to account for the administration of Senior Center program funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature to GOEA, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. The purpose of this program is to provide a community service center at which elderly people can receive supportive social services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community. The Senior Center for Ouachita Council is located in Monroe. Senior Center funds can be used at management's discretion to support any of the Council's programs that benefit the elderly. Accordingly, during the fiscal year, the Senior Center Fund transferred all of its grant revenue to the Title III B Fund to subsidize that program's cost of providing supportive services to elderly persons who use the senior center.

The Title III C Area Agency Administration Fund is used to account for a portion of the indirect costs of administrating the Council's programs. Each fiscal year GOEA provides the Council with funds to help pay for the costs of administering the Council's special programs for the elderly. The amount of funding is not enough to pay for all the indirect costs. As a result, the Council will allocate its indirect costs to this fund first. Once the GOEA funds are completely used, any indirect costs in excess of the funds provided by GOEA are distributed to other funds and programs using a formula based on the percentage each program's direct costs bear to direct costs for all programs.

The Nutritional Services Incentive Fund is used to account for the administration of the Food Distribution Program provided by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. GOEA distributes funds to each parish council on aging in Louisiana based on how many meals each council on aging served in the previous year in relation to the total meals served statewide by all councils. The primary purpose of the NSI reimbursement is to provide money to the Council so that United States food and commodities may be purchased to supplement nutrition programs.

The Utility Assistance Fund is used to account for the administration of utility assistance programs that are sponsored by local utility companies. The companies collect contributions from service customers and remit the funds to the parish councils on aging to provide assistance to the elderly for the payment of utility bills. The Council receives its Project Care donations directly from Entergy Corporation. LP&L Helping Hands donations are provided through the Louisiana Association of Councils on Aging, Inc. (LACOA). During the year, the Council was able to provide 232 units of service with these funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

E.

Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued):

The Audit Fund is used to account for funds received from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs that are restricted to use as a supplement to pay for the cost of having an annual audit of the Council's financial statements. The cost allocated to ths fund is equal to the GOEA supplement. Excess audit costs have been distributed to other funds and programs using the Council's indirect cost allocation formula.

The Supplemental Senior Center Fund was established to account for funds that were appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature for the various councils on aging throughout Louisiana to supplement each council's primary grant for senior center operations and activities. The Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc. was one of the parish councils to receive a supplemental grant of \$76,205. The monies received by this fund during the year were transferred to the Title IIIB Supportive Services and Senior Center to supplement the costs in these funds.

The Title III E Care-giver Fund provides systems of support services for family care-givers and for older individuals who are relative care-givers. Under this program, the Council rendered 1,771 units of respite care to qualifying individuals.

F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual Basis - Government-Wide Statements (GWFS):

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Council as a whole. Both of these statements have been prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchangelike transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

2. Modified Accrual Basis - Fund Financial Statements (FFS):

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30. 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued):

accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Council considers all revenues "available" if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are that (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due, and (2) claims and judgements and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources.

G. Interfund Activity:

Interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers represent a permanent reallocation of resources between funds. Transfers between funds are netted against one another as part of the reconciliation of the change in fund balances in the fund financial statements to the change in net assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

H. Investments:

GASB Statement 31 requires the Council to report its investments at fair value except for investments in non-participating interest-earning contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates. This type of investment is reported using a cost-based measure, provided that the fair market value of the contract is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors.

I. Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures:

Prepaid expenses include amounts paid for services in advance. These are shown as assets on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. The Council had no prepaid expenses at June 30, 2010.

In the Fund Financial Statements, the Council has elected not to include amounts paid for future services as expenditures until those services are consumed to comply with the cost reimbursement terms of grant agreements. As a result, the prepaid expenditures are shown as an asset on the balance sheet of the Fund Financial Statements until they are consumed. In

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

I. Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures (Continued):

addition, a corresponding amount of the fund balance of the General Fund has been reserved to reflect the amount of fund balance not currently available for expenditure.

J. Capital Assets:

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets that have been purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000 and that have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. In contrast, in the Fund Financial Statements, capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the fund that provided the resources to acquire the asset. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

For capital assets recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, depreciation is computed and recorded using the straight-line method for the asset's estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: Building improvements - 20 years, equipment and vehicles - 5-7 years, computers - 3 years. Depreciation is not comuted or recorded on capital assets for purposes of the Fund Financial Statements.

K. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and petty cash. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits, and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at their carrying amounts that equal their fair values.

L. Unpaid Compensated Absences:

The Council's policies for vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. Accordingly, a liability for the unpaid vacation leave has been recorded in the Government-Wide Statements. Management has estimated the current and long-term portions of this liability based on historical trends. The amount accrued as the compensated absence liability was determined using the number of vested vacation hours for each employee multiplied by the employee's wage rate in effect at the end of the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

L. Unpaid Compensated Absences (Continued):

In contrast, the governmental funds in the Fund Financial Statements report only compensated absence liabilities that are payable from the expendable available financial resources to the extent that the liabilities mature (or come due for payment). Vacation leave does not come due for payment until an employee makes a request to use it or terminates employment with the Council. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as fund liabilities as of year-end in the Fund Financial Statements. The differences in the methods of accruing compensated absences creates a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statement presentations.

The Council's sick leave policy does not provide for the vesting of sick leave thereby requiring the employee to be paid for any unused leave upon termination of employment. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as unpaid compensated absences in the Government-Wide Financial Statements relative to sick leave.

M. Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The Council reports all direct expenses by function and programs of functions in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function or program. Indirect expenses are recorded as direct expenses of the Administration function. GOEA provides funds to partially subsidize the Council's Administration function. The unsubsidized net cost of the Administration function is allocated using a formula that is based primarily on the relationship the direct cost a program bears to the direct cost of all programs. There are some programs that cannot absorb any indirect cost allocation according to their grant or contract limitations.

N. Management's Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in congormity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Elimination and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

<u>Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):</u>

P. Deferred Revenues:

The Council reports deferred revenues on its Statement of Net Assets and on the balance sheet of the Fund Financial Statements. Deferred revenues arise when the Council receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Council has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Note 2 - Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recorded in the Government-Wide Statements when they are earned under the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded in the Fund Financial Statements using the modified accrual basis of accounting. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept using this basis of accounting, intergovernmental grant revenues, program service fees, and interest income are usually both measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts of public support and miscellaneous revenues are often difficult to measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

Note 3 - Cash

The Council maintains a consolidated bank account to deposit most of the monies it collects and to pay its bills. The consolidated bank account is available for use by all funds. The purpose of this consolidated account is to reduce administration costs and facilitate cash management. The consolidated account also allows those funds with available cash resources to temporarily cover any negative cash balances in other funds.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Council's cash balances on the books, which includes \$100 of petty cash, was \$255,360, whereas the related bank cash balances totaled \$269,609. The difference in the book and bank balances for cash relates primarily to deposits made and checks written which did not clear the bank accounts by year-end. Bank balances of \$269,609 were collateralized by federal depository insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30. 2010

Note 4 - Investments

The Council's primary purpose for investing is to earn interest income on money that its management has determined to be in excess of immediate cash needs. Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955 sets forth a list of the types of investments in which a political subdivision may invest its temporarily idle funds.

The Council had no investments at June 30, 2010.

Note 5 -**Government Grants and Contracts Receivable**

Government grants and contracts receivable represent amounts owed to the Council under a grant award or contract with a provider of federal, state or local funds, such amounts being measurable and available as of year-end.

Government grants and contracts receivable at year-end consist of reimbursements for expenses incurred under the following programs:

AARA C-1 Meals	\$ 3,086
AARA C-2 Meals	2,782
MIPPA	721
Total	\$ 6,589

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 6 - Changes in Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Capital Assets	Balance 7/1/2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2010
Vehicles	\$ 294,357	\$~-	\$ -	\$ 294,357
Furniture &				
Equipment	64,011	. -	(32,076)	31,935
Building	2,496,377	-	-	2,496,377
Land	174,354	.	• 	174,354
Subtotal	3,029,099	-	(32,076)	2,997,023
Accumulated dep	reciation:	- · ·		
Vehicles	157,493	31,432	(32,076)	156,849
Furniture &			*	
Equipment	69,896	2,061	÷	71,957
Building	395,691	62,409		458,100
Land			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>
Subtotal	623,080	95,902	(32,076).	686,906
Net Assets	\$ 2,406,019	<u>\$ (95,902)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,310,117

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Administration	\$ 7,672
III B Supportive Services	39,320
C-1	18,221
C-2	27,812
III E Caregiver	 2,877
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 95,902

29

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>June 30, 2010</u>

Note 7 - Board of Directors Compensation

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members are reimbursed for any out-of-pocket costs they might incur on behalf of the Council in accordance with the Council's applicable reimbursement policy.

Note 8 - Income Tax Status

The Council, a non-profit corporation, is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and as an organization that is not a private foundation as defined in Section 509(a) of the Code. It is also exempt from Louisiana income tax.

Note 9 - Economic Dependency

The Council receives the majority of its revenue through grants administered by the Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA). The grant amounts are appropriated each year by the federal and state governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal and/or state level, the amount of funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the Council will receive in the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 10 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Because the Council operates most of its programs under cost reimbursement type grants, it has to pay for costs using its General Fund money and then request reimbursement for the advanced costs under the grant programs. Such advances create short-term interfund loans in the Fund Financial Statements. A summary of these interfund loans at year-end is as follows:

	Due From Other Funds		Due to Other Funds	
General Fund Non Major Funds:	\$	6,587	\$	6,587
Total	\$	6,587	<u></u>	6,587

These loans have been eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. No settlements were made during the current or prior three fiscal years that exceeded the Council's insurance coverage.

The Council's management has not purchased commercial insurance or made provision to cover or reduce the risk of loss as a result of business interruption and certain acts of God, like floods or earthquakes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>June 30, 2010</u>

Note 12 - Interfund Transfers

Funds Transferred In	,		Funds	Transferred	Out		
	Local	РСОА	NSIP	Senior Center	Supp Senior Center	Disaster Relief	Total
III B	\$ 87,419	\$ 50,749	\$-	\$ 6,620	\$-	\$ -	\$144,788
C-1	33,342	50,748	72,375	-	-	-	156,465
C-2	104,597	50,748	72,376	-	-	-	227,721
Senior Center	· -	-	-	-	65,671	-	65,671
AAA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III D	-	-	-	-	-	. 	-
III E	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Audit							
Totals	\$ 225,358	\$ 152,245	<u>\$144,751</u>	<u>\$ 6,620</u>	\$ 65,671	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 594,645

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

These transfers were eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Note 13 - Related Party Transactions

There were no significant related party transactions during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 14 - Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a schedule of the changes in long-term debt:

Compensated absences:

Beginning balance Increases Decreases	\$ 27,267 1,867 (8,842)
Ending balance	\$ 20,292
Less: current portion	7,101
Long-term compensated absences payable	<u>\$ 13,191</u>
Notes payable:	
Note payable to a bank, payable in monthly installments of \$2,381 including interest at 5%, collateralized by building	\$106,365

Less: current portion	,	23,991
Notes payable - Long-term		<u>\$ 82,374</u>

The note was refinanced on November 23, 2009. The note is due in one principal installment of \$149,738 on November 23, 2012. The note bears interest only at a variable rate approximating 4% on a monthly basis, collateralized by real estate.

A prior period adjustment of \$7,983 was made to notes payable and net assets at June 30, 30, 2009 to correct the balance of notes payable.

Note 15 - In-Kind Contributions

The Council received \$38,361 of in-kind contributions that have been valued at their estimated fair market value and recorded in the accounting records of the Council.

A summar of the in-kind contributions and their respective assigned values is as follows:
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 15 - In-Kind Contributions (Continued)

St. Francis Medical Center and Glenwood Regional Medical Center donated a total of 17,678 meals to the Council for delivery to home bound elderly. \$_____

The Council received additional support through services contributed by volunteers that does not meet the criteria for recognition inasmuch as no objective basis is available to measure the value of such services and the donated services do not create a nonfinancial asset.

15,678

69,031

62,964

131,995

\$

\$

Note 16 - Grants to Subrecipients

Grants to subrecipients consisted of the following:

West Ouachita Senior Center SCORE

Total

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

The Council does not budget the General Fund.

35

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III B Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental					
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 150,100	\$ 150,100	\$ 150,100	s -	
Public Support	18,000	15,600	14,991	(609)	
Total Revenues	168,100	165,700	165,091	(609)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	u				
Personnel	197,137	195,280	181,821	13,459	
Fringe	22,912	22,259	20,751	1,508	
Travel	8,521	5,790	5,738	52	
Operating Services	68,295	61,550	63,252	(1,702)	
Operating Supplies	33,307	27,449	27,975	(526)	
Meals	-	-	-	-	
Other Costs	16,200	16,200	10,342	5,858	
Capital Outlay	-	<u> </u>	-		
Total Expenditures	346,372	328,528	309,879	18,649	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(178,272)	(162,828)	(144,788)	18,040	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	178,272	162,828	144,788	(18,040)	
Transfers out	• • •	*			
Total other financing sources and uses	178,272	162,828	144,788	(18,040)	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	-	•	
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year	<u></u>	-		<u> </u>	
End of year	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s</u>	<u> </u>	

Budget variances in excess of 10% are due to the following:

Other Costs - Budgeted amount of \$16,200 includes legal, art and aerobic instructors. Actual costs include legal, art, and acrobic and training.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-1 Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

· ·	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
· · · ·	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
, At					
REVENUES			,		
Intergovernmental					
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 202,597	\$ 202,597	\$ 186,452	\$ (16,145)	
Public Support	59,000	65,000	64,119	(881)	
Total Revenues	261,597	267,597	250,571	(17,026)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Personnel	117,920	118,525	100,176	18,349	
Fringe	13,706	13,510	11,452	2,058	
Travel	769	956	1,151	(195)	
Operating Services	44,154	47,667	43,366	4,301	
Operating Supplies	4,923	6,164	1,563	4,601	
Meals	230,738	236,070	247,788	(11,718)	
Other Costs	-	-	. 1,540	(1,540)	
Capital Outlay	•	-		-	
Total Expenditures	412,210	422,892	407,036	15,856	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(150,613)	(155,295)	(156,465)	(1,170)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	150,613	155,295	156,465	1,170	
Transfers out	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			
Total other financing sources and uses	150,613	155,295	156,465	1,170	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	-	-	
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
End of year	<u>s</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s</u>	

Budget variances in excess of 10% are due to the following:

More meals were served than were budgeted.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-2 Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

,	Budgeled	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental					
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 191,221	\$ 191,221	\$ 183,273	\$ (7,948)	
Donated Meals	-	-	38,361	38,361	
Public Support	6,500	7,400	7,293	(107)	
Total Revenues	197,721	198,621	228,927	30,306	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:			•		
Personnel	101,639	102,021	100,001	2,020	
Fringe	11,813	11,628	11,852	(224)	
Travel	36,305	34,702	34,343	359	
Operating Services	31,033	33,636	31,671	1,965	
Operating Supplies	5,788	7,289	6,753	536	
Meals	282,012	288,530	270,227	18,303	
Other Costs	-	•	1,801	(1,801)	
Capital Outlay	-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total Expenditures	468,590	477,806	456,648	21,158	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				,	
over expenditures	(270,869)	(279,185)	(227,721)	51,464	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	270,869	279,185	227,721	(51,464)	
Transfers out		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·	
Total other financing sources and uses	270,869	279,185	227,721	(51,464)	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	•	` -	-		
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year		<u> </u>			
End of year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>s</u>	<u>\$</u>	

Budget variances in excess of 10% are due to the following:

Changes were made to meal routes and fewer meals were served. The Council does not budget donated meals.

Combining Statement of Program Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

·	Area Agency	ARRA	ARRA	Title	Title
	Admin	C-1	<u>C-2</u>	IIID	IIIE
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental:					
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$47,616	\$16,145	\$ 7,948	\$ 7,530	\$ 56,457
State of Louisiana					
Department of Transportation and					
Development	-	. •	-	-	-
Public Support:					
Restricted - Utility Programs	-	-	÷	-	-
Client Contributions		-	-	-	
Total Revenues	47,616	16,145	7,948	7,530	56,457
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries	25,774	-	• -	-	20,174
Fringe	3,456	-	-		2,276
Travel	210	-	-	-	24
Operating Services	16,320	-	-	-	1,874
Operating Supplies	919	-	•	3,430	499
Other Costs	937	-	-	4,100	31,610
Meals	-	16,145	7,948		-
Utility Assistance	-	-			-
Grants to subrecipients					
Total Expenditures	47,616	16,145	7,948	7,530	56,457
Excess (deficiency of revenues over					
expenditures	-	-	-		. •
OTHER FINANCING SERVICES (USES)					
Operating transfers in	-	-	-		, -
Operating transfers out	<u> </u>	-	<u></u>	·····	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other	·				
sources over expenditures and other uses	-	-	-		•
		•			
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year	-		·	<u></u>	-
End of year	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

MIPPA	NSIP	Audit	Senior Center	Supple Senior Center	Utility Assist	FEMA	Totals
\$ 2,165	\$144,751	\$ 4,015	\$124,819	\$76,205	\$ -	S -	\$487,651
-	-	-	-	-	-	11,432	11,432
	-	- -		-	35,521		35,521
2,165	144,751	4,015	124,819	76,205	35,521	11,432	534,604
550	-		5,902	-	-	-	52,400
54	· -		733	^	•	-	6,519 260
301	-	4,015	26 47,636	*	-		200 70,146
301	-	4,015	47,636 4,198	-	-	335	9,381
	- .		4,190	•		-	36,647
1,260	-		-		-	-	25,353
-	-		-	-	34,419	13,020	47,439
-	-		131,995	-	-	-	131,995
2,165		4,015	190,490		34,419	13,355	380,140
-	144,751	-	(65,671)	76,205	1,102	(1,923)	`1 54,46 4
-	- (144,751)	·	65,671	(76,205)	-	-	65,671 (220,956)
;		4 <u></u>					
-	-	· -	-		1,102	(1,923)	(821)
		<u> </u>			133	1,938	2,071
<u> </u>	<u>s</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,235	<u>\$ 15</u>	\$ 1,250

Statement of General Fixed Assets and Changes in General Fixed Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2010
General Fixed Assets, at cost:				
Automotive	\$ 294,357	\$ -	\$ (32,076)	\$ 262,281
Furniture and equipment	64,011	-	-	64,011
Recreation equipment	-	-	-	-
Building	2,496,377	-	-	2,496,377
Land	174,354			174,354
Total	\$ 3,029,099	<u> </u>	\$ (32,076)	\$ 2,997,023
Investment in General Fixed Assets:				
No reflection of source	\$ 77,082	s -	\$ -	\$ 77,082
Local	1,999,398	-	(6,415)	1,992,983
State of La - CDBG	750,000	-	-	750,000
Federal Transit Administration	202,619	<u> </u>	(25,661)	176,958
Total	\$ 3,029,099	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (32,076)</u>	<u>\$ 2,997,023</u>



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <u>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Board of Directors Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc. Monroe, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued my report thereon dated December 2, 2010. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Council's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ouachita Council on Aging, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

810 WILKINSON SHREVEPORT, LA 71104-3036 (318) 221-3881 FAX: (318) 221-4641 This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and federal and state awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Marcha D. Mullican

Certified Public Accountant December 2, 2010

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

43

Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.

Finding/Noncompliance

There were no findings for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Corrective Action Taken on Prior Year Findings

For the Year Ended June 30. 2010

There were no findings for the year ended June 30, 2009.