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Caldwell Parish School Board Columbia, Louisiana

Annual Financial Report
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 1-25-06

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ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P. O. Box 6075 Monroe, LA 71211-6075

2414 Ferrand Street Monroe, LA 71201 Phone: (318) 388-4422 Fax: (318) 388-4664

Toll-free: (888) 741-0205 www.allengreencpa.com Tim Green, CPA

Margie Williamson, CPA

Diane Ferschoff, CPA

Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board Members Caldwell Parish School Board Columbia, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell Parish School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005 which collectively comprise the School Board's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2005, on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements which collectively comprise the Caldwell Parish School Board's financial statements. The supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the OMB Circular A-133, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The information identified in the table of contents as Other Information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the School Board. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

allen, Breen + Williamson, LLP
ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 14, 2005 Caldwell Parish School Board

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Our discussion and analysis of Caldwell Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overview of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the School Board's financial statements which follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments issued June 1999.

Caldwell Parish is located in the northeastern area of the state and has a population of approximately 10,500. The public school system includes 1 preschool, 4 elementary schools, 1 junior high school and 1 high school. The system serves approximately 1,783 students. Over 50% of our students participate in the free or reduced lunch program. Advanced education is easily attained form nearby vo-tech schools, colleges and universities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS The primary resources available to the School Board are local revenues which are primarily tax receipts, state revenues which are primarily Minimum Foundation Funding and cost reimbursement grants, and federal revenues which are primarily cost reimbursement grants.

The fund balances of all governmental funds increased \$723,446. The fund balance of the general fund increased \$522,010 mainly due to revenue received from the sale of timber and oil and gas leases on Section 16 land. This revenue is obligated to complete on-going construction projects which includes a new track and concession/restroom facility at Caldwell Parish High School.

The Title I Fund is a cost reimbursement fund and does not carry a fund balance.

The Special Maintenance Fund accounts for the proceeds of ad valorem taxes levied to maintain and improve school facilities in the parish. This fund increased net \$89,571 during the year mainly due to increase in the amount of ad valorem taxes collected.

The Sales Tax Fund accounts for the proceeds of sales taxes levied to supplement other revenues available for the payment of salaries and benefits for employees of the School Board. This fund increased \$195,711 due mainly to taxes received from construction related expenses on the four-laning of Highway 165 through the parish at this time.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT The School Board's annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the School Board as a whole, its funds, and its fiduciary responsibilities. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's finances. Our fund financial statements are included later in this report. For our governmental activities, these statements tell how we financed our services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund statements also may give you some insights into the School Board's overall financial health. Fund financial statements also report the School Board's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School Board's most significant funds, the general fund, Title I, special maintenance, and sales tax fund. The remaining statement - the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities presents financial information about activities for which the School Board acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents.

Required Supplemental Information Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) Basic Financial Statements Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Information for Major Funds Supplemental Information Nonmajor Funds Combining Statements Agency Funds Statements/Schedules Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members

Our auditor has provided an opinion in his independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance is being provided by the auditor regarding the Required Supplemental Information and the Supplemental Information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Financial Section.

Reporting the School Board as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the School Board as a whole begins with the government-wide financial statements. One of the most important questions asked about the School Board is, "Is the School Board as a whole better off or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School Board's financial statements, report information on the School Board as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School Board's net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the Statement of Net Assets - as one way to measure the School Board's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School Board's net assets - as reported in the Statement of Activities - are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School Board's operating results. However, the School Board's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools to assess the overall health of the School Board.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report the following activity for the School Board:

Governmental activities - All of the School Board's services are reported here, including instruction, plant services, transportation, and food services. Property taxes, sales taxes, Minimum Foundation Program funds, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School Board's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The School Board's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School Board as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School Board establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the School Food Service) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants the School Board receives from the U.S. Department of Education). The School Board's governmental funds use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the School Board's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School Board's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School Board's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation on Statements D and F.

The School Board as Trustee

Reporting the School Board's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School Board is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activities funds, and scholarship fund. All of the School Board's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. We exclude these activities from the School Board's other financial statements because the School Board cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School Board is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE SCHOOL BOARD AS A WHOLE The School Board's net assets were \$7,434,004 at June 30, 2005. Of this amount \$2,176,562 was unrestricted. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net assets, (Table 1) and the change in net assets (Table 2) of the School Board's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Assets June 30.

	Governmental Activities			
			Percent of	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	Variance	<u>Change</u>
Current and other assets	\$4,768,541	\$4,126,829	\$ 641,712	15.5
Capital assets	<u>4,420,994</u>	4,349,897	<u>71,097</u>	1.6
Total assets	9,189,535	<u>8,476,726</u>	712,809	8.4
Current and other liabilities	1,168,302	1,249,986	(81,684)	(6.5)
Long-term liabilities	<u>587,229</u>	832,164	(244,935)	(29.4)
Total liabilities	1,755,531	2,082,150	326,619	15.7
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	4,204,359	4,041,535	162,824	4.0
Restricted	1,053,083	739,861	313,222	42.3
Unrestricted	2,176,562	1,613,180	563,382	34.9
Total net assets	<u>\$7,434,004</u>	\$6,394,576	<u>\$1,039,428</u>	16.3

The \$2,176,562 in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents accumulated results of all past years operations. It means that if the School Board had to pay off all of its bills today including all of its non-capital liabilities such as compensated absences, there would be \$2,176,562 left.

The results of this year's operations for the School Board as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Table 2 on the next page, takes the information from that statement and rearranges it slightly so that readers can see total revenues for the year.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30,

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>Variance</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	
				of Change	
Net Assets – beginning	\$ 6,394,576	\$ 5,058,247	<u>\$ 1,336,329</u>	26.4	
Revenues:					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	154,763	172,285	(17,522)	(10.2)	
Operating grants and contributions	2,524,216	2,717,353		(7.1)	
Capital grants and contributions	0	1,100,745	(1,100,745)	(100.0)	
General Revenues					
Ad valorem taxes	1,121,293	1,033,064	88,229	8.5	
Sales taxes	1,746,563		251,718	16.8	
State equalization	8,494,872	8,285,889	208,983	2.5	
Other general revenues	<u>1,049,608</u>	348,028	<u>701,580</u>	100	
Total revenues	<u>15,091,315</u>	<u>15,152,209</u>	<u>(60,894)</u>	(16.9)	
Functions/Program Expenses:					
Instruction					
Regular programs	5,275,974	5,243,625	32,349	0.6	
Special programs	1,443,898	1,405,213	38,685	2.8	
Other instructional programs	1,390,448	1,470,240	(79,792)	(5.4)	
Support services					
Student services	458,222	422,587	35,635	8.4	
Instructional staff support	813,650	814,968	(1,318)	(0.2)	
General administration	470,546	453,266	17,280	3.8	
School administration	731,079	744,763	(13,684)	(1.8)	
Business services	263,272	248,975	14,297	5.7	
Plant services	954,833	930,357	24,476	2.6	
Student transportation services	1,096,381	917,456	178,925	19.5	
Central services	5,733	6,475	(742)	(11.5)	
Food Services	1,139,701	1,147,004	(7,303)	(0.6)	
Interest on long-term debt	8,150	10,951	(2,801)	(25.6)	
Total expenses	14,051,887	13,815,880	236,007	1.7	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	1,039,428	1,336,329	(296,901)	(22.2)	
Net Assets – ending	<u>\$ 7,434,004</u>	\$ 6,394,576	<u>\$ 1,039,428</u>	16.3	

Governmental Activities As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all governmental activities this year was \$14,051,887. The amount that taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through School Board taxes was \$2,876,856 because some of the cost was paid by those who benefited from the program \$154,763 or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions \$2,524,216. The remaining \$8,505,052 was paid by MFP funds of \$8,494,872 and other revenues of \$1,049,608 which are mainly interest income and other local sources.

Capital grants and contributions decreased \$1,100,745 because in the prior year we received a 1.8 million dollar grant for capital outlay.

General revenues increased \$701,580 because of increase in ad valorem taxes collected and the sale of timber and oil and gas leases on Section 16 land.

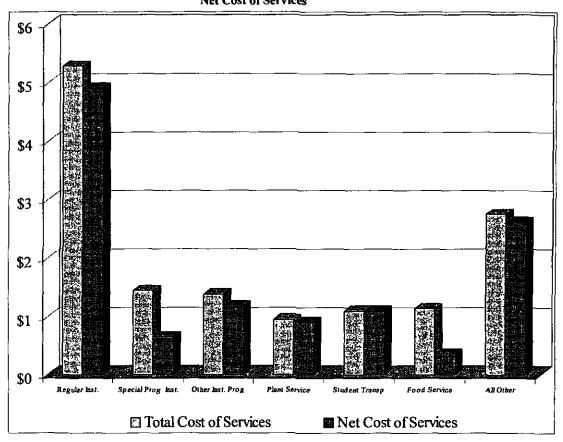
Student transportation services increased \$178,925 because of the increase in substitute expenses, insurance, retirement, gas/diesel and increase in salary amounts paid from sales tax.

In the table below we have presented the cost of each of the School Board's six largest functions – regular programs, special programs, other instructional programs, plant services, student transportation services and food services as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30

	2005		200-	4
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Regular programs instruction	\$ 5,275,974	\$ 4,902,791	\$ 5,243,625	\$3,994,737
Special programs instruction	1,443,898	658,408	1,405,213	843,991
Other instructional programs	1,390,448	1,187,919	1,470,240	564,204
Plant services	954,833	916,027	930,357	928,091
Student transportation services	1,096,381	1,095,992	917,456	916,891
Food services	1,139,701	363,727	1,147,004	393,853
All others	<u>2,750,652</u>	<u>2,248,044</u>	<u>2,701,985</u>	2,183,730
Totals	<u>\$14,051,887</u>	<u>\$11,372,908</u>	<u>\$13,815,880</u>	<u>\$9,825,497</u>

2005 Total Cost of Services Versus Net Cost of Services



THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS As we noted earlier, the School Board uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps you consider whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it but may also give you more insight into the School Board's overall financial health.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights As mentioned earlier the School Board revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. (A schedule showing the School Board's original and final budgets compared with actual results is provided in the required supplemental information section of this report.)

The budget was adjusted mainly due to the increase in fuel prices and health insurance costs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets At June 30, 2005, the School Board had \$4,420,994 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$71,097, or 1.5 percent, from last year. This increase is due to construction in progress at Caldwell Parish High School of a new track and concession/restroom facility.

Capital Assets at June 30,

Governmental Activities

	<u>2005</u>		<u>2004</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Land	\$ 87,538	\$	87,538	\$ 0
Construction in progress	169,732		0	169,732
Furniture and equipment	798,297		766,206	32,091
Buildings	_3,365,427	_:	3,496,153	(130,726)
Totals	<u>\$4,420,994</u>	<u>\$</u> 4	<u>1,349,897</u>	\$ 71,097

DEBT ADMINISTRATION At June 30, 2005, the School Board had \$133,635 in Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB) with maturities from 2006 to 2016 with a zero percent interest rate, and a certificate of indebtedness with maturities from 2005 to 2006 and an annual interest rate of 5%. Under state statute, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35% of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2005, the School Board's had no bonded debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES The 2005-06 budget does not reflect any revenue from timber sales or oil and gas leases, but the construction projects will be completed during this fiscal year, so we will have expenses in this budget with the revenue reflected in the 2004-05 fiscal year. Fuel prices are continuing to increase, and the budget will have to be monitored closely in this area and in utility expenses. Sales tax is continuing to increase, and we will budget accordingly in this fund also. Sales tax is dedicated strictly to salaries.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, contact Karen Cruse, Business Manager, at Caldwell Parish School Board, P. O. Box 1019, Columbia, Louisiana 71418, telephone number (318) 649-2689.

Caldwell Parish School Board

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2005

Statement A

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,455,524
Investments	2,293,908
Receivables (net)	1,004,414
Inventory	15,069
Capital assets, not being depreciated	
Land	87,538
Construction in progress	169,732
Capital assets, not being depreciated	
Buildings	3,365,427
Fumiture	798,297
TOTAL ASSETS	9,189,909
LIABILITIES	
Accounts, salaries and other payables	1,118,376
Deferred revenue	48,225
Interest payable	2,075
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year	317,305
Due in more than one year	<u>269,924</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,765,905
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,204,359
Restricted for:	
Sales Tax	352,147
Maintenance	609,819
School Food Service	91,117
Unrestricted	<u>2,176,562</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 7,434,004

THE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Statement B

	PROGRAM REVENUES		A REVENUES	NET (EXPENSE)	
				OPERATING	REVENUE AND
			CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	CHANGES IN
		XPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	NET ASSETS
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs	\$	5,275,974	\$ 0:	373,183	\$ (4,902,791)
Special programs		1,443,898		785,490	(658,408)
Other instructional programs		1,390,448		202,529	(1,187,919)
Support services:					
Student services		458,222		94,161	(364,061)
Instructional staff support		813,650		323,862	(489,788)
General administration		470,546		84,585	(385,961)
School administration		731,079		0	(731,079)
Business services		263,272		0	(263,272)
Plant services		954,833		38,806	(916,027)
Student transportation services		1,096,381		389	(1,095,992)
Central services		5,733		0	(5,733)
Food services		1,139,701	154,763	621,211	(363,727)
Interest on long-term debt		8,150	<u>0</u> .	0	(8,150)
Total Governmental Activities		14.051.887	154,763	2.524,216	(11,372,908)
	Gene	eral revenues:			
	Ta	ixes:			
		Property taxes	s, levied for gener	al purposes	1,121,293
		Sales taxes, l	evied for general p	ourposes	1,746,563
		ate revenue si	_		84,887
	G			cted to specific progr	
			ndation Program		8,494,872
		Other unrestri			65,491
			estment earnings		43,274
	М	scellaneous		•	855,956
		Total genera	al revenues		12,412,336
		Changes	in net assets		1,039,428
	Net a	assets - beginn	ning		6,394,576
	Net a	assets - ending)	į	7,434,004

THE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

Caldwell Parish School Board

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

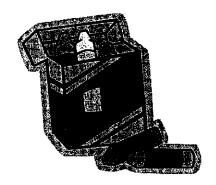
		CENEDAL	TITLE I	SPECIAL MAINTENANCE
ASSETS	·	GENERAL		MAINTENANCE
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	446,588 \$	9,064	493,444
Investments	*	2,138,178	0	120,826
Receivables		254,042	146,027	2,407
Interfund receivables		257,185	0	2, .51
Inventory		0		0
TOTAL ASSETS		3.095.993	155,091	616,677
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts, salaries and other				
payables		690,161	95,084	6,858
Interfund payables		15,024	60,007	0
Deferred revenues		47,303	0	0
Total Liabilities		752,488	155,091	6,858
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for:				
Inventory		0	0	0
Debt Service		0	0	0
Unreserved, reported in:				
General Fund		2,343,505	0	0
Special Revenue		0	0	609,819
Total Fund Balances		2,343,505	0	609,819
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	3,095,993 \$	155,091 \$	616,677

Statement C

	SALES	OTHER	
	TAX	GOVERNMENTAL _	TOTAL
•	200 044	e 200.447.6	4 455 504
\$	208,011		
	0	34,904	2,293,908
	252,003	349,935	
	0	15,024	272,209
_	<u> </u>	15,069	15,069
_	460,014	713,349	5,041,124
	107,867	218,406	1,118,376
	0	197,178	272,209
	0	922	48,225
	107.867	416,506	1.438.810
	10((44)		-1,-0-1,
	0	15,069	15,069
	0	6,992	6,992
	0	0	2,343,505
	_	<u>274,782</u>	1,236,748
	352,147		1,230,140
	352,147	296,843	3,602,314
¢	460.044	¢ 713 240 ¢	5,041,124
<u>\$</u>	<u>460,014</u>	<u>ण / 10,048</u> क	J,U41,124

THE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

Caldwell Parish School Board



Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

Statement D

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 3,602,314

The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the School Board as a whole. The cost of those capital assets allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense) to the various programs reported as governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. Because depreciation expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in governmental funds.

Costs of capital assets	\$	12,316,023	
Depreciation expense to date		(7,895,029)	
			4,420,994
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities at	e not due and	I	
payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilitie	es. All liabilitie	es -	

Balances at June 30, 2005 are:

Long-term liabilities

both current and long term - are reported in the Statement of Net Assets.

Qualified Zone Academy bond(133,635)Claims payable(38,396)Certificate of Indebtedness payable(83,000)Compensated absences payable(332,198)Interest payable(2,075)

(589,304)

Net Assets - Governmental Activities

\$ 7,434,004

THE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	GENERAL	TITLE I	SPECIAL MAINTENANCE
REVENUES			
Local sources:			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem	\$ 721,029 \$	0 \$	392,264
Sales and use	0	0	0
Interest earnings	33,198	0	1,610
Food services	0	0	0
Other	840,489	0	0
State sources:			
Equalization	8,270,063	0	0
Other	177,952	13,943	42,479
Federal sources		588,059	0
Total Revenues	10,042,731	602,002	436,353
EXPENDITURES			
Ситепт:			
Instruction:			
Regular programs	4,276,545	13,943	0
Special programs	1,012,786	0	0
Other instructional			
programs	465,221	402,776	0
Support services:			
Student services	314,246	0	0
Instructional staff support	341,924	131,458	0
General administration	350,444	36,839	14,669
School administration	636,759	0	0
Business services	231,967	0	0
Plant services	673,456	6,776	210,667
Student transportation			
services	892,083	0	0
Central services	5,733	0	0
Food services	50,663	0	0
Capital outlay	268,894	10,210	34,346
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	0	0	79,000
Interest and bank charges	0	0	8,100
Total Expenditures	9,520,721	602,002	346,782

		Statement E
SALES	OTHER	
TAX	GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL
\$ 0	\$ 8,000	\$ 1,121,293
1,746,563	0	1,746,563
6,490	1,976	43,274
0	154,763	154,763
0	15,467	855,956
0	224,809	8,494,872
o	525,541	759,915
0	1,326,620	1,914,679
<u>_</u> <u>_</u>	1,020,020	1,914,079
1,753,053	2,257,176	15,091,315
687,586	273,555	5,251,629
233,191	186,499	1,432,476
98,535	384,778	1,351,310
40,077	103,899	458,222
74,599	264,112	812,093
35,517	33,077	470,546
89,129	0	725,888
27,779	0	259,746
58,967	4,220	954,086
119,541	389	1,012,013
. 0	0	5,733
92,421	969,269	1,112,353
0	108,497	421,947
	40 707	04 707
0	12,727	91,727
0	0	8,100
1,557,342	2,341,022	14,367,869

(CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	0	BENERAL	TITLE 1	SPECIAL MAINTENANCE
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	522,010 \$	0\$	89,571
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		1,821,495	0	520,248
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	2,343,505 \$	0 \$	609,819

			S	tatement E
	SALES	OTHER		
	TAX	GOVERNMEN	TAL _	TOTAL
\$	195,711	\$ (83,	846) \$	723,446
	156,436	380,0	589	2,878,868
<u>\$</u>	352,147	\$ 296,	<u>843_\$</u>	3,602,314
			(C	ONCLUDED)

THE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Statement F

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 723,446
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the period: Depreciation expense \$ (338,113) Capital outlays 421,947	83,834
Realized loss on sale of capital assets	(12,737)
Repayment of bond principal and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	91,727
Increase of incurred but not reported workers' compensation claims	(15,005)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses-compensated absences (vacations and sick leave) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation and sick time used (\$336,695) exceeded the amounts earned \$168,482 by \$168,213.	168,213
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	(50)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,039,428

FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2005

Statement G

	AGENCY FUND
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>192,396</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	192.396
LIABILITIES	
Deposits due others	192,396
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$192,396

THE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES The accompanying financial statements of the Caldwell Parish School Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. REPORTING ENTITY The Caldwell Parish School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute LSA-R.S. 17:51 to provide public education for the children within Caldwell Parish. The School Board is authorized by LSA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the state of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of ten members who are elected from ten districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates six schools within the parish with a total enrollment of approximately 1,783 pupils. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Because the School Board has a separately elected governing body and is legally separate and fiscally independent, the School Board is a separate governmental reporting entity. The School Board includes all funds, activities, et cetera, that are within the oversight responsibility of the School Board.

Certain units of local government over which the School Board exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the parish police jury and municipalities within the parish, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the School Board.

B. FUNDS The accounts of the School Board are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.

Funds of the School Board are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classifications and a description of each existing fund type follow:

Governmental Funds Governmental funds account for all or most of the School Board's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets, and the servicing of long-term debt. The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - the general operating fund of the School Board accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Title I fund</u> – accounts for federal funds received for the Title I federal program.

<u>Special Maintenance Fund</u> – The maintenance fund accounts for the proceeds of ad valorem taxes levied to maintain and improve school facilities in the parish.

<u>Sales Tax</u> – accounts for the collection and distribution of the sales and use taxes in accordance with the propositions approved by the voters of Caldwell Parish.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the School Board. Fiduciary funds include:

<u>School activities agency fund</u> – accounts for assets held by the School Board as an agent for the individual schools and school organizations.

<u>4-H scholarship fund</u> – this scholarship agency fund is funded by voluntary employee contributions. The proceeds are used to provide an annual scholarship for an outstanding graduate.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities was prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

<u>Program revenues</u> Program revenues include 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues. Charges for services are primarily derived from cafeteria sales. Operating grants and contributions consist of the many educational grants received from the federal and state government.

Allocation of indirect expenses The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Funds The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

<u>Federal and state entitlements</u> which include state equalization and state revenue sharing are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid when available and measurable. Federal and state restricted grants are recorded when the reimbursable expenditures have been incurred.

Ad valorem taxes are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met and the resources are available.

Sales taxes are recognized when the underlying exchange takes place and the resources are available.

<u>Interest income</u> on time deposits and investments is recorded when the interest becomes measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period.

Expenditures Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Salaries are recorded as paid. Salaries for nine-month employees are paid over twelve months and accrued at June 30.

Principal and interest on general long-term debt is recognized when due.

<u>Inventory</u> items are expensed as purchased except for inventory of the school lunch fund which is expensed as consumed.

<u>Compensated absences</u> are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or upon termination of employment due to retirement or death.

Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or other types, such as sale of fixed assets, debt extinguishments, and long-term debt proceeds) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> the *agency fund* is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accounting.

D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Under state law, the School Board may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less they are classified as cash equivalents and are stated at cost.

E. INVESTMENTS Investments are limited by R.S. 33:2955 and the School Board's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

The investments are reflected at fair value except for the following which are required/permitted as per GASB Statement No. 31:

- 1. Investments in <u>nonparticipating</u> interest-earning contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, are reported using a cost-based measure.
- The School Board reported at amortized cost money market investments and <u>participating</u> interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less.

Definitions:

Interest-earning investment contracts include time deposits with financial institutions (such as certificates of deposit), repurchase agreements, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Money market investments are short-term, highly liquid debt instruments that include U. S. Treasury obligations.

The School Board participates in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP) which is an external investment pool that is not SEC-registered. Because the LAMP is an arrangement sponsored by a type of governmental entity, it is exempt by statute from regulation by the SEC.

The investment objective of the LAMP is the preservation of capital and the maintenance of liquidity and, to the extent consistent with such objective, current yield.

The LAMP was established as a cooperative endeavor to enable public entities of the state of Louisiana to aggregate funds for investment. This pooling is intended to improve administrative efficiency and increase investment yield. The Board of Directors of LAMP provides certain management and administrative services to LAMP and, through a competitive bidding process, selects a custodial bank and an investment advisor. The custodial bank holds the assets of LAMP and the investment decisions are made by the investment advisor. Both the custodial bank and the investment advisor are subject to the review and oversight of LAMP.

An annual audit of LAMP is conducted by an independent certified public accountant. The Legislative Auditor of the state of Louisiana has full access to the records of the LAMP.

The LAMP may invest in U. S. Government Securities and is designed to comply with restriction on investments by municipalities, parishes, and other types of political subdivisions imposed under Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955.

The LAMP seeks to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per unit, but there can be no assurance that the LAMP will be able to achieve this objective. The LAMP's portfolio securities are valued at fair value. The LAMP operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, which governs money market funds (although the LAMP is not a money market fund and has no obligation to conform to this rule.) In addition, the LAMP will generally comply with other aspects of that rule, including the requirements that all portfolio securities acquired by the LAMP must have, at the time of purchase, a maximum remaining maturity of 397 days and meet certain additional quality standards and that the LAMP maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of not more than 90 days.

The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

LAMP issues financial reports which can be obtained by writing: LAMP, Inc., 228 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 1123, New Orleans, LA 70130.

- F. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables.
- G. ELIMINATION AND RECLASSIFICATIONS In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.
- H. INVENTORY AND PREPAID ITEMS Inventory items are expensed as purchased except for inventory of the school food service fund.

Inventory of the school food service special revenue fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues when received; however, all inventory items are recorded as expenditures when consumed. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market, and commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (including salvage value). The capitalization threshold is \$1,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings
Furniture and equipment

10 - 40 years

3 - 10 years

Interest during construction is not capitalized on capital assets.

- J. DEFERRED REVENUES Deferred revenues arise when resources are received by the School Board before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the School Board has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and the revenue is recognized.
- K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES All 12-month employees earn ten days of vacation leave each year. Vacation leave cannot be accumulated. Upon separation of employment, all unused vacation leave is forfeited.

All School Board employees earn from ten to eighteen days of sick leave each year, depending upon the length of service. Sick leave can be accumulated without limitation. Upon retirement or death, unused accumulated sick leave of up to twenty-five days is paid to the employee or to the employee's estate at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, and the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System, all unpaid sick leave is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

The School Board's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follows:

GASB Statement 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- A. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- B. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

GASB Statement 16 provides that a liability for sick leave should be accrued using one of the following termination approaches:

- A. An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.
- B. Alternatively, a governmental entity should estimate its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments. The School Board uses this approach to accrue the liability for sick leave.
- L. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS For the government-wide statement of net assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments;

Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The net assets restricted for maintenance and sales tax are restricted due to enabling legislation.

M. FUND EQUITY OF FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reserves Reserves represent those portions of fund equity legally segregated for a specific future use and not appropriable for expenditures.

Designated Fund Balances Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

- N. INTERFUND ACTIVITY Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.
- O. SALES TAX On April 7, 1979, the voters of Caldwell Parish approved a one percent sales and use tax to be levied by the Caldwell Parish School Board. The sales and use tax is collected by the Concordia Parish School Board and deposited in the sales tax special revenue fund.

On January 18, 1997, the voters of Caldwell Parish approved a one percent sales and use tax to be levied by the Caldwell Parish School Board. The sales and use tax is collected by the Concordia Parish School Board and deposited in the sales tax special revenue fund.

The proceeds of said taxes (after paying reasonable and necessary costs and expenses of collecting and administering the tax) are to be dedicated and used to supplement other revenues available for the payment of salaries and retirement benefits for certified and noncertified employees of the School Board.

P. BUDGETS General Budget Practices The School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the combined financial statements:

State statute requires budgets to be adopted for the general fund and all special revenue funds.

Each year prior to September, the Superintendent submits to the Board proposed annual budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds. Public hearings are conducted, prior to the Board's approval, to obtain taxpayer comments. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Appropriations (unexpended budget balances) lapse at year-end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. All budgets are controlled at the function level. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered insignificant by the Board.

<u>Encumbrances</u> Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, outstanding purchase orders are taken into consideration before expenditures are incurred in order to assure that applicable appropriations are not exceeded.

Budget Basis of Accounting The major governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are originally adopted or amended by the Board. Legally, the Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the Board to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The School Board approves budgets at the function level and management can transfer amounts between line items within a function.

Q. USE OF ESTIMATES The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates,

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Excess of Expenditures over appropriations in Individual Funds

			Unfavorable
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund	\$9,182,965	\$9,520,721	\$337,756
Title I	591,095	602,002	10,907
Special Maintenance	245,600	346,782	101,182
Sales Tax Fund	1,498,660	1,557,342	58,682

NOTE 3 - LEVIED TAXES The School Board levies taxes on real and business personal property located within Caldwell Parish's boundaries. Property taxes are levied by the School Board on property values assessed by the Caldwell Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission.

The Caldwell Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects property taxes for the School Board. Collections are remitted to the School Board monthly.

Pro	nerty	Tax	Cal	endar

Milliage rates adopted	October 05, 2004
-	•
Levy date	October 05, 2004
Tax bills mailed	On or about November 15, 2004
Due date	December 31, 2004
Lien date	January 01, 2005

Assessed values are established by the Caldwell Parish Tax Assessor each year on a uniform basis at the following ratios of assessed value to fair market value:

10%	land	15%	industrial improvements
15%	machinery	15%	commercial improvements
10%	residential improvements	25%	public service properties, excluding land

A revaluation of all property is required after 1978 to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed for the tax roll of January 1, 2004. Total assessed value was \$40,472,430 in calendar year 2004. Louisiana state law exempts the first \$7,500 of assessed value of a taxpayer's primary residence from parish property taxes. This homestead exemption was \$11,524,130 of the assessed value in calendar year 2005.

State law requires the sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Property taxes become delinquent January 1 of the following year. If taxes are not paid by the due date, taxes bear interest at the rate of 1.25% per month until the taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the sheriff is required by the Constitution of the State of Louisiana to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

All property taxes are recorded in the general, special revenue maintenance fund and sinking fund. Revenues in such funds are recognized in the accounting period in which an enforceable legal claim arises. Estimated uncollectible taxes are those taxes based on past experience which will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll. The School Board uses the lien date to establish the enforceable legal claim date. No receivable has been recorded for 2004 property taxes because the lien date is subsequent to year end.

The tax roll is prepared by the parish tax assessor in November of each year. The collection of the 2004 property taxes occurs in December, and January and February of the next year. As a result, no property taxes receivable for 2004 taxes is included on the accompanying balance sheet because none is available within 60 days of the School Board's year-end.

Historically, virtually all ad valorem taxes receivable are collected since they are secured by property. Therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectible taxes.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied (tax rate per \$1,000 Assessed Value) ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized Millage	Levied Millage	Expiration Date
Parish-wide taxes:			
Constitutional	5.12	5.37	Statutory
Operations	7.19	7.19	2013
Operations, maintenance, and construction	5.14	5.39	2006
Operations and maintenance	8.22	8.62	2005
Operations	10.79	11.32	2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS At June 30, 2005, the School Board had the following investments:

Investment type	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Louisiana Asset		
Management Pool (LAMP)	Less than 1 year	<u>\$1,573,900</u>

Interest Rate Risk: The School Boards' policy does not address interest rate risk.

Credit Risk: The School Board invests in certificates of deposit which do not have credit ratings. The School Board's investment in LAMP was rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. The School Boards' policy does not address credit rate risk.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits: In the case of deposits this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School Boards' deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2005, the School Board's bank balance of \$3,093,210 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with security held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the School Board's name. Even though the pledge securities are considered uncollateralized under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the School Board that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon request.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES The balance of receivables at June 30, 2005, is shown below. The School Board expects to collect the full amount; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been established.

			Special		Other	
•	General	Title I	<u>Maintenance</u>	Sales Tax	Governmental	Total
Intergovernmental - grants:						
Federal	\$ 22,578	\$146,027	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$298,921	\$ 467,526
State	47,303	0	0	0	51,014	98,317
Local sources:						
Sales tax	0	0	0	252,003	0	252,003
Ad valorem tax	4,104	0	2,407	0	0	6,511
Other	<u> 180,057</u>	0	0	0	0	180,057
Total	<u>\$ 254,042</u>	<u>\$146,027</u>	<u>\$ 2,407</u>	\$252,003	<u>\$349,935</u>	<u>\$1,004,414</u>

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 is as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Balance, Ending
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 87,538 0	\$ 0 169,732	\$ 0 0	\$ 87,538 169,732
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	87,538	169,732	0	257,270
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings Furniture and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	8,742,989 3,140,679 11,883,668	0 252,215 252,215	77,130 77,130	8,742,989 3,315,764 12,058,753
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Furniture and equipment	5,246, 8 36 2,374,473	130,726 207,387	0 64,393	5,377,562 2,517,467
Total accumulated depreciation	7,621,309	338,113	64,393	7,895,029
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,262,359	85,898	12,737	4,163,724
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,349,897	\$ 83,834	\$ 12,737	\$ 4,420,994

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Regular programs	\$ 164,816
Special programs	11,422
Other instructional programs	39,138
Instructional staff support	1,557
School administration	5,191
Business services	3,526
Plant services	747
Student transportation services	84,368
Food services	27,347
Total depreciation expense	\$ 338,113

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

<u>Plan description</u> Substantially all School Board employees participate in either the Teachers' Retirement System or the School Employees' Retirement System (the Systems), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement systems (PERS). Benefit provisions are ultimately approved and amended by the Louisiana Legislature.

Participation in the Teachers' Retirement System is divided into two plans - the Teachers' Regular Plan and the Teachers' Plan A. In general, professional employees (such as teachers and principals) and lunchroom workers are members of the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System (TRS); other employees, such as custodial personnel and bus drivers, are members of the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS). Generally, all full-time employees are eligible to participate in the system.

With respect to the Teachers' Retirement System Regular Plan, normal retirement is at age 60 with ten years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service. The formula for annual maximum retirement benefits is generally two percent (with less than 25 years of service) or 2.5 percent (with 25 or more years of service) times the years of creditable service times the average salary of the 36 highest successive months (plus \$300 applicable to persons becoming members prior to July 1, 1986).

Under the Teachers' Retirement System Plan A, normal retirement is generally at any age with 30 or more years of creditable service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service and at age 60 with at least ten years of creditable service. The retirement benefit formula is generally three percent times the years of creditable service times the average salary of the 36 highest successive months plus \$24 per year of service.

Employees participating in the School Employees' Retirement System are eligible for normal retirement after 30 years of service, or after 25 years of service at age 55 or after ten years of service at age 60. The maximum retirement allowance is computed at 2.5 percent times the highest 36 months of average salary, times the years of service plus a supplement of \$2.00 per month times the years of service.

Both TRS and LSERS issue annual financial reports. The reports can be obtained by telephoning or writing to the following:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana Post Office Box 94123 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9123 (225) 925-6446 Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System Post Office Box 44516 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804 (225) 925-6484

Employee

Employer

<u>Funding Policy</u> Each system is administered and controlled at the state level by a separate board of trustees, with contribution rates approved and amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Benefits of the systems are funded by employee and employer contributions. Benefits granted by the retirement systems are guaranteed by the state of Louisiana under provisions of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974. The School Board's employer contribution for the TRS, as provided by state law, is funded by deductions from local ad valorem taxes, and by remittances from the School Board. For the LSERS, the School Board's employer contribution is funded through annual appropriations.

In addition, the employer does not remit to the Teachers' Retirement System, Regular Plan or Plan A, the employer's contribution for the professional improvement program (PIP) portion of payroll. The PIP contribution is made directly to the Retirement System by the state of Louisiana.

Contribution rates (as a percentage of covered salaries) for active plan members as established by the Louisiana Legislature for the year ended June 30, 2005, are as follows:

	Lindioyec	Employer
Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System:		
Regular	8.00%	15.50%
Plan A	9.10%	15.50%
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System	7.50%	14.80%

Total covered payroll of the School Board for TRS - Regular Plan, TRS - Plan A, and LSERS for the year ended June 30, 2005, amounted to \$6,966,620, \$51,204 and \$669,459, respectively. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2005, and each of the two preceding years are as follows:

	TRSL		L	SERS
			Annual	
	Annual Actuarially	Percentage of	Actuarially	Percentage of
	Required	Annual Required	Required	Annual Required
Fiscal Year Ended	Contribution	Contribution Paid	Contribution	Contribution Paid
June 30, 2003	\$1,014,590	86.55%	0	100%
June 30, 2004	\$1,102,791	85.78%	\$69,189	78.79%
June 30, 2005	\$1,246,253	87.28%	\$121,733	57.95%

Annual actuarially required contributions for each plan above is based on the plan's annual financial report for that year except for the year ended June 30, 2005. Each annual actuarially required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2005, is based upon each plan's annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2004, which is the latest information available.

NOTE 8-OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS The School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. Substantially all of the School Board's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School Board. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through the State Employees Group Insurance Program. The cost of retiree benefits for the year totaled \$643,677 or 132 retirees.

The cost of benefits for current employees is paid jointly by the employee and the School Board. The School Board's portion of the cost is recognized as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are due.

NOTE 9 - ACCOUNTS, SALARIES, AND OTHER PAYABLES Payables at year-end are as follows:

			Special		Other	
	General Fund	<u>Title I</u>	Maintenance	Sales Tax	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Total</u>
Salaries	\$485,970	\$54,718	\$ 0	\$106,880	\$ 97,679	\$ 745,247
Accounts	204,191	40,366	6,858	<u>987</u>	120,727	373,129
Total	\$690,161	<u>\$95,084</u>	<u>\$6,858</u>	\$107,867	<u>\$218,406</u>	<u>\$1,118,376</u>

NOTE 10 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES At June 30, 2005, employees of the School Board have accumulated and vested \$332,198 of employee leave benefits, which were computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60.

NOTE 11 - LEASES

<u>Operating Leases</u> The School Board leases equipment under noncancellable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$11,033 for the year. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Fiscal year:	
2006	\$6,434
2007	218
Total Minimum future lease payments	<u>\$6,652</u>

NOTE 12 - AGENCY FUND DEPOSITS DUE OTHERS A summary of changes in agency fund deposits due others for the year follows:

	Balance, <u>Beginning</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance, <u>Ending</u>
Agency funds:	0 154,000	f. 514.00 <i>C</i>	£ 477 100	e 101.015
School activities fund	\$ 154,039	\$ 514,996	\$ 477,120	\$ 191,915
4-H scholarship fund	<u>901</u>	<u> 480</u>	<u> 900</u>	481
Total	<u>\$ 154,940</u>	<u>\$ 515,476</u>	<u>\$ 478,020</u>	<u>\$ 192,396</u>

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year:

	Balance, Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Balance, Ending	Amounts due within one year
Governmental activities		_			
Bonds payable:					
Qualified zone academy bond (QZAB)	\$ 146,362	\$ 0	\$ 12,727	\$133,635	\$ 12,727
Other liabilities					-
Workers' compensation claims	23,391	56,848	41,843	38,396	0
Certificate of indebtedness	162,000	0	79,000	83,000	83,000
Compensated absences	500,411	168,482	336,695	332,198	221,578
Governmental activities					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 832,164	\$225,330	\$470,265	\$587,229	\$317,305

The Series 2000, Certificate of Indebtedness outstanding at June 30, 2005, in the amount of \$310,000, matures in 2006 and has carried an interest rate of 5%. In February 2002, the School Board received \$175,000 from Qualified Zone Academy Bonds. The Qualified Zone Academy Bond Program is a federal program offered to school districts to acquire interest-free debt for selected projects. The federal government covers all the interest on the bonds.

All principal and interest requirements are funded in accordance with Louisiana law by the annual ad valorem tax levy on taxable property within the parish. At June 30, 2005, the School Board has accumulated \$6,992 in the debt service funds for future debt requirements. The notes and bonds are due as follows:

	Qualified Zone Academy Bond	Certificate of	indebtedness	
Year Ending, June 30	Principal	Principal payments	Interest payments	Total
2006	\$ 12,727	\$83,000	\$2,075	\$ 97,802
2007	12,727	0	0	12,727
2008	12,727	0	0	12,727
2009	12,727	0	0	12,727
2010-2014	63,636	0	0	63,636
2015-2016	<u> 19,091</u>	0	0	19,091
Total	<u>\$133,635</u>	<u>\$83,000</u>	<u>\$2,075</u>	<u>\$218,710</u>

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35 percent of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2005, the statutory limit was \$10,118,108 and outstanding bonded debt totaled \$216,635.

Long term debt is paid by the debt service funds. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated 100% by the general fund.

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND ASSETS (FFS LEVEL ONLY) Interfund Receivable/Payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I	\$ 60,007
General Fund	Other Governmental	197,178
Other Governmental	General Fund	<u>15,024</u>
Total		<u>\$272,209</u>

The purpose of the interfund assets/liabilities was to cover current-year expenditures on cost reimbursement programs until the reimbursement requests are received.

NOTE 15 - LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Litigation</u> At June 30, 2005, the School Board was involved in various litigations. It is the opinion of legal counsel for the School Board that ultimate resolution of these lawsuits would not materially affect the financial statements.

Grant Disallowances The School Board participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. School Board management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

<u>Tax Arbitrage Rebate</u> Under the Tax Reform Act of 1986, interest earned on the debt proceeds in excess of interest expense prior to the disbursement of the proceeds must be rebated to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Management believes there is no tax arbitrage rebate liability at year end.

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT The School Board initiated a risk management program for workers' compensation in 1991. It joined a pool of school boards in Northeast Louisiana in order to share workers' compensation cost. The School Board's share of risk is determined by calculating its percentage of the total manual premium of the group. The risk allocated to the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2005, was 26.42%. Premiums and claims are paid by the general fund.

Changes in the claims amount in previous fiscal years were as follows:

	Beginning of	Claims and	Benefit	Ending of
	fiscal year	changes in	payments	Fiscal year
Fiscal Year Ended	liability	estimates	and claims	liability
2002 - 2003	\$17,139	\$39,143	\$42,480	\$13,802
2003 - 2004	13,802	52,426	42,837	23,391
2004 – 2005	23,391	56,848	41,843	38,396

An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$160,000. Maximum retention exposure for aggregate claims amounts to \$1,000,000. Claims payable of \$38,396 as of June 30, 2005, has been accrued as a liability. The liability at June 30, 2005, was provided by the third-party administrator. The liability does not include incremental costs.

The School Board continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 17 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR FRINGE BENEFITS AND SALARIES On-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries are direct payments made by an entity (the paying agent) to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity (the employer entity). GASB Statement No. 24 requires employer governments to recognize revenue and expenditures or expenses for these on-behalf payments.

The state of Louisiana made pension contributions (regarding Professional Improvement Program) directly to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana on behalf of the School Board in the amount of \$6,902. This amount was recognized as state revenue with a corresponding expenditure in the applicable fund from which the salary was paid.

NOTE 18 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 14 requires disclosure in financial statements of a situation where one entity provides more than 10% of the audited entity's revenues. The Minimum Foundation Funding provided by the state to all public school systems in Louisiana is primarily based on October 1 student count. The state provided \$8,494,872 to the School Board, which represents approximately 56% of the School Board's total revenue for the year.

NOTE 19 - FINANCIAL PRESENTATION Major funds reflected in this report are the General Fund, Title I, Special Maintenance and Sales Tax Fund. Last year the General Fund, Title I and Special Maintenance Funds were the major funds.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, commonly referred to as the New Reporting Model established a criteria determining which funds are the most prominent funds of a government. These prominent funds are required to be separately displayed in the basic financial statements. The computation of the major fund is made annually. Accordingly, the display of specific major funds in the basic financial statements changes frequently.

NOTE 20 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS Two hurricanes struck the State of Louisiana after the end of the fiscal year. Caldwell Parish schools were not damaged. Caldwell Parish schools gained displaced students as a result of these hurricanes. The effect on the Minimum Foundation Funding from these disasters is yet to be determined.

Caldwell Parish School Board

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Caldwell Parish School Board

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds With Legally Adopted Annual Budgets

GENERAL FUND The general fund accounts for all activities of the School Board except those that are accounted for in other funds.

<u>TITLE I</u> Title I improves the educational opportunities of educationally deprived children by helping them succeed in the regular school program, attain grade level proficiency and improve achievement in basic and more advanced skills. It is designed primarily to provide instructional activities to educationally deprived children that reside in low-income areas who have been selected on the basis of a needs assessment. These services supplement, not supplant, those normally provided by state and local educational agencies.

SPECIAL MAINTENANCE FUND The maintenance fund accounts for the proceeds of ad valorem taxes levied to maintain and improve school facilities in the parish.

SALES TAX The sales tax fund accounts for the collection and distribution of the sales and use taxes in accordance with the propositions approved by the voters of Caldwell Parish.

GENERAL FUND Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	POSITIVE	
	_	ONGINAL		AMOUNTS	(NEGATIVE)	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	\$	1,438,838 \$	1,821,495 \$	1,821,495 \$	0	
Resources (inflows)						
Local sources:		COR 200	700 540	704 000	20.400	
Ad valorem taxes		698,890	700,549	721,029	20,480	
Interest earnings		30,500	32,000	33,198	1,198	
Other		729,390	1,320,892	840,489	(480,403)	
State sources:		7 (70 0 4 5	7.500.000	2.222.222	ma	
Equalization		7,476,245	7,508,628	8,270,063	761,435	
Other		182,347	183,137	177,952	(5,185)	
Federal sources		0	45,000	0	(45,000)	
Amounts available for appropriations	_	10,556,210	11.611.701	11.864.226	252,525	
Charges to appropriations (outflows)						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		4,134,060	4,127,700	4,276,545	(148,845)	
Special programs		1,040,645	994,600	1,012,786	(18,186)	
Other instructional programs		496,918	516,620	465,221	51,399	
Support services:						
Student services		319,381	320,065	314,246	5,819	
Instructional staff support		332,450	333,950	341,924	(7,974)	
General administration		346,790	367,490	350,444	17,046	
School administration		679,440	665,240	636,759	28,481	
Business services		230,370	232,370	231,967	403	
Plant services		658,290	672,700	673,456	(756)	
Student transportation services		849,960	868,400	892,083	(23,683)	
Central services		6,500	6,500	5,733	767	
Food services		42,330	52,330	50,663	1,667	
Capital Outlay	_	0	25,000	268,894	(243,894)	
Total charges to appropriations		9,137,134	9,182,965	9,520,721	(337,756)	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$</u>	1.419,076 \$	2,428,736 \$	2,343,505 \$	(85,231)	

TITLE I Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

				VARIANCE WITH
	BUDGETE	ED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNTS	(NEGATIVE)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING Resources (inflows) State sources	\$	0 \$ 0 \$	0	\$ 0
Other		0 0	13,943	13,943
Federal sources	728.05	<u>591,095</u>	588.059	(3,036)
Amounts available for appropriations	728.05	591,095	602,002	10.907
Charges to appropriations (outflows) Instruction:				
Regular programs		0 0	13,943	(13,943)
Other instructional programs	481,31	3 391,676	402,776	(11,100)
Support services:				
Instructional staff support	160,43	9 130,559	131,458	(899)
General administration	50,84	8 41,228	36,839	4,389
Plant services	35,45	3 27,632	6,776	20,856
Capital Outlay		00_	10,210	(10,210)
Total charges to appropriations	728.05	591,095	602,002	(10,907)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	<u>0 \$ 0 \$</u>	0	\$ 0

SPECIAL MAINTENANCE Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		BUDGETED AR	MOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
			FINAL	AMOUNTS	(NEGATIVE)	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING Resources (inflows) Local sources:	\$	97,367 \$	520,248 \$	520,248	\$ 0	
Ad valorem taxes		260,000	290,000	392,264	102,264	
Interest earnings		1,900	1,900	1,610	(290)	
State sources:					, ,	
Other	_	35,000	35,000	42,479	7,479	
Amounts available for appropriations	_	394,267	847,148	956,601	109,453	
Charges to appropriations (outflows)						
Support services:						
General administration		15,000	15,000	14,669	331	
Plant services		121,458	121,500	210,667	(89,167)	
Capital Outlay		25,000	25,000	34,346	(9,346)	
Debt service:					, , ,	
Principal retirement		76,000	76,000	79,000	(3,000)	
Interest and bank charges	_	8.100	8.100	8,100	0	
Total charges to appropriations		245,558	245,600	346,782	(101,182)	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$</u>	148,709 \$	601,548 \$	609,819	8,271	

SALES TAX FUND Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	OF	RIGINAL	FINAL.	AMOUNTS	(NEGATIVE)	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING Resources (inflows)	\$	120,345 \$	120,345 \$	156,436 \$	36,091	
Local sources: Sales and use taxes		1,400,000	1,400,000	1.746.563	246 562	
Interest earnings		2.000	2.000	6,490	346,563 4,490	
Amounts available for appropriations		1.522.345	1.522,345	1,909,489	387.144	
Charges to appropriations (outflows) Instruction:			·			
Regular programs		629,436	629,436	687,586	(58,150)	
Special programs		224,799	224,799	233,191	(8,392)	
Other instructional programs		89,920	89,920	98,535	(8,615)	
Support services:						
Student services		44,960	44,960	40,077	4,883	
Instructional staff support		74,933	74,933	74,599	334	
General administration		44,960	44,960	35,517	9,443	
School administration		89,920	89,920	89,129	791	
Business services		29,973	29,973	27,779	2,194	
Plant services		59,946	59,946	58,967	979	
Student transportation services		119,893	119,893	119,541	352	
Food services		89.920	89,920	92.421	(2,501)	
Total charges to appropriations		1,498,660	1,498,660	1,557,342	(58.682)	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	23,685 \$	23.685 \$	352,147	328,462	

Caldwell Parish School Board Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

A. BUDGETS

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. All budgets are controlled at the function level. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered insignificant by the Board.

Budget Basis of Accounting The major governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are originally adopted or amended by the Board. Legally, the Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the Board to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The School Board approves budgets at the function level and management can transfer amounts between line items within a function.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

General Fund			Unfavorable
	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance
General Fund	\$9,182,965	\$9,520,721	\$337,756
Title I	591,095	602,002	10,907
Special Maintenance	245,600	346,782	101,182
Sales tax fund	1,498,660	1,557,342	58,682

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note C - Budget to GAAP Reconciliation - Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and GAAP revenues

	GENERAL FUND	TITLE!	SPECIAL MAINTENANCE	SALES TAX
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 11,864,226 \$	602,002	\$ 956,601 \$	1,909,489
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue				
for financial reporting purposes	(1.821.495)	0	(520,248)	(156,436)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 10,042,731 \$	602,002	\$ 436,353 \$	1,753,053
<u>Uses/outflows of resources:</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total charges to appropriations" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 9,520,721 \$	602,002	\$ 346,782 \$	1,557,342
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 9,520,721 \$	602,002	\$ 346,782 \$	1,557,342

Caldwell Parish School Board

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION: COMBINING NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Caldwell Parish School Board



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type June 30, 2005

Exhibit 2

	SPECIAL EVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 291,425 \$	6,992 \$	298,417
Investments	34,904	0	34,904
Receivables	349,935	0	349,935
Interfund receivables	15,024	0	15,024
Inventory	 15,069	0	15,069
TOTAL ASSETS	 706,357	6,992	713,349
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:			
Accounts, salaries and other payables	218,406	0	218,406
Interfund payables	197,178	0	197,178
Deferred revenue	 922	0	922
Total Liabilities	 416,506	0	416,506
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for inventory	15,069	0	15,069
Reserved for debt service	0	6,992	6,992
Unreserved and undesignated	 274,782	0	274,782
Total Fund Balances	 289,851	6,992	296,843
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 706,357 \$	6,992 \$	<u>713,349</u>

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Exhibit 3

	SPECIAL	DEBT		
	REVENUE	<u>SERVICE</u>		TOTAL
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Taxes:	•			
Ad valorem	\$	•	000 \$	8,000
Sales and use		0	0	0
Interest earnings	1,9		0	1,976
Food services	154,70		0	154,763
Other	15,40	67	0	15,467
State sources:				
Equalization	224,80	09	0	224,809
Other	525,5	41	0	525,541
Federal sources	1.326.62	20	0	1,326,620
Total Revenues	2,249.1	768.	000	2,257,176
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	273,5	55	0	273,555
Special programs	186,49	99	0	186,499
Other instructional programs	384,7	78	0	384,778
Support services:				
Student services	103,89	99	0	103,899
Instructional staff support	264,1	12	0	264,112
General administration	33,07		0	33,077
School administration		0	0	0
Business services		0	0	0
Plant services	4,22	20	0	4,220
Student transportation services		39	0	389
Food services	969,26	3 9	0	969,269
Capital outlay	108,49	97	0	108,497
Debt service:				
Principal retirement		0 12.	727	12,727
Interest and bank charges		0	0	0
Total Expenditures	2,328,29	95 12,	727	2,341,022
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (79,11	19) \$ (4,	727) \$	(83,846)

(CONTINUED)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Exhibit 3

	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL
Net Change in Fund Balances	(79,119)	(4,727)	(83,846)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	368,970	11,719	380,689
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$ 289,851</u> <u>\$</u>	6,992 \$	296,843

Caldwell Parish School Board Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

<u>SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE</u> Through cash grants and food donations, the school food service fund assists in providing a nutritious breakfast and lunch service for school students and encourages the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural commodities.

EXTENDED SUMMER PROGRAM This program provides financial assistance to assist school boards in offering summer school classes.

SPECIAL EDUCATION

SPECIAL EDUCATION - PRESCHOOL GRANTS These grants to states assist them in providing a free, appropriate public education to preschool disabled children aged three through five years.

SPECIAL EDUCATION - STATE GRANTS These grants to states assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities.

AWARD OF STATE FUNDS FOR CONTRACT SERVICES These funds provide financial assistance for contract services for speech, physical and occupational therapy.

<u>MEDICAID</u> Medicaid provides financial assistance to states for payments of medical assistance on behalf of cash assistance recipients, children, pregnant women, the aged who meet income and resource requirements, and other categorically-eligible groups.

OTHER MISCELLANEOUS

STARTING POINT This program makes grants available to assist low-income families with child care services. The purpose of the program is to increase the availability, affordability, and quality of child care and to increase the availability of early childhood development and before- and after-school programs.

BASIC GRANTS TO STATES The purpose of these grants is to make the United States more competitive in the world economy by developing more fully the academic and occupational skills of all segments of the population, principally through concentrating resources on improving educational programs leading to academic and occupational skills needed to work in a technologically advanced society.

K-3 READING INITIATIVE The goal of this program is to improve the reading and math skills of Louisiana public school students in kindergarten through third grade.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE/FEDERAL GRANTS These include various small federal and state grants,

TITLE II This program was designed to establish state and local programs of alcohol and drug abuse education and prevention coordinated with related community efforts and resources.

<u>TITLE IV</u> This program was designed to establish state and local programs of alcohol and drug abuse education and prevention coordinated with related community efforts and resources.

<u>TITLE VI - INNOVATIVE EDUCATION</u> Title VI assists state and local educational agencies in improving elementary and secondary education.

Grants are awarded for: students at risk of failure in school; instructional materials; school-wide improvements and effective school programs; training and professional development; early identification of children with reading disabilities, personal excellence of students and student achievements; and, innovative enhancements projects to the educational program and climate of the school.

Caldwell Parish School Board Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY STATE GRANTS This program is designed to improve the learning of students by hiring additional, highly-qualified teachers, to reduce class sizes especially in the early grades, to enable children to attend smaller classes.

TITLE Y To assist state and local educational agencies in the reform of elementary and secondary education.

<u>WIA</u> To provide job training and related assistance to economically disadvantaged individuals and others who face significant employment barriers. The ultimate goal of the Act is to move trainees into permanent, self-sustaining employment.

ADULT EDUCATION Adult Education improves educational opportunities for adults and encourages the establishment of programs that will enable all adults to acquire basic educational skills necessary to function in a literate society, enable adults who so desire to complete secondary school, and enable adults to benefit from job training and retraining programs and obtain productive employment to more fully enjoy the benefits and responsibilities of citizenship.

Special emphasis is given to programs of instruction in computational skills and in speaking, reading, or writing English for those adults who are educationally disadvantaged.

<u>8G</u> This grant was designed to provide computer-assisted instruction to staff in order for them to have a working knowledge of using the Internet in the classroom.

RURAL EDUCATION ACHIEVEMENT To provide financial assistance to rural districts to carry out activities to help improve the quality of teaching and learning.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

	SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE	EXTENDED SUMMER PROGRAM	SPECIAL EDUCATION	MEDICAID
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 81,363 \$	0 \$	0 \$	29,346
Investments	34,904	O,	0	0
Receivables	12,557	12,576	79,763	96
Interfund receivables	0	1,459	12,761	0
Inventory	 15,069	0	0	<u>.</u> 0
TOTAL ASSETS	 143,893	14,035	92,524	29,442
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities				
Accounts, salaries and other payables	52,776	5,683	54,960	264
Interfund payable	σ	6,082	37,564	0
Deferred revenues	 0	0	0	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	 52,776	11,765	92,524	264
Equity				
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for inventory	15,069	0	0	0
Unreserved and undesignated	 76,048	2,270	<u>0</u>	29,178
TOTAL EQUITY	 91,117	2,270	0	29,178
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND EQUITY	\$ 143,893 \$	14,035 \$	92,524 \$	29,442

Exhibit 4

OTHER MISCELLANEO	US	TITLE II	TITLE IV	TITLE VI INNOVATIVE EDUCATION
\$ 180,	716 \$	0 :	\$ 0	\$ 0
	0	0	0	0
91,	556	0	7,404	69,932
	628	176	0	0
	0	0	0	0
272.	900	176	7,404	69,932
51,	678 014 922	0 176 0	(226) 7,630 0	50,052
****	<u>922</u>		<u>U</u>	0
105.	614	<u>176</u>	7,404	69,932
	0	0	0	0
167.	286	0	0	0
167,	<u> 286</u>	0	0	0
\$ <u>272.</u>	900 \$	176 \$	7,404	\$ 69,932

(CONTINUED)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

				ADULT	
		TITLE V	WIA	EDUCATION	. 8G
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Investments		0	0	0	0
Receivables		4,070	374	8,584	50,640
Interfund receivables		0	0	0	0
Inventory		0	<u> </u>	0	0
TOTAL ASSETS		4,070	374	8,584	50.640
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities					
Accounts, salaries and other payables		0	0	111	26,722
Interfund payable		4,070	374	8,473	23,918
Deferred revenues		4,070 0	0	0,473	20,910
Deletted revenues	-		<u></u>	<u></u>	
Total Liabilities		4,070	374	8,584	50,640
Equity					
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for inventory		0	0	0	0
Unreserved and undesignated		0	0	0	0
TOTAL EQUITY		0	<u> </u>	0	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND EQUITY	<u>\$</u>	4,070 \$	374 \$	8,584 \$	50,640

Exhibit 4

EDU	URAL CATION EVEMENT	TOTAL
\$	0 \$	291,425
•	0	34,904
	12,383	349,935
	0	15,024
	0	15.069
	12,383	706,357
		-
	4,558	218,406
	7,825	197,178
		922
	12,383	416,506
	_	4# 000
	0	15,069
	0	<u> 274,782</u>
	0	289,851
<u>\$</u>	12,383 \$	706,357
	(CONCLUDED)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE		EXTENDED SUMMER PROGRAM	SPECIAL EDUCATION	MEDICAID
REVENUES					
Local sources:					
Taxes:					
Sales and use	\$	0\$	0	\$ 0 \$	0
Interest earnings	1	,976	0	0	0
Food services	154	,763	0	0	0
Other		0	0	0	15,467
State sources:					
Equalization	224	,809	0	0	0
Other		0	10,883	0	0
Federal sources	621	<u>,211</u>	0	351,274	0
TOTAL REVENUES	1,002	.759	10,883	351,274	15,467
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs		0	0	0	0
Special programs		0	982	184,056	1, 4 61
Other instructional programs		0	7,631	0	0
Support services:					
Student services		0	0	94,161	9,738
Instructional staff support		0	0	35,205	0
General administration		0	0	23,635	0
School administration		0	0	0	0
Business services		0	0	0	0
Plant services		0	0	156	0
Student transportation services		0	0	0	0
Food services	969	,269	0	0	0
Capital outlay	5	<u>,550</u>		14,061	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	974	.819	8,613	351,274	11,199
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 27	<u>,940</u> \$	2,270	\$ 0 \$	4,268

Exhibit 5

OTHER MISCELLANEOUS	TITLE II		TITLE IV	TITLE VI INNOVATIVE EDUCATION
\$ 0) \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
O)	0	0	0
O)	0	0	0
O)	0	0	0
O		0	0	0
386,309		0	0	0
74,149)	<u> </u>	22,159	149,330
460,458	<u> </u>	0	22,159	149,330
148,786	3	0	0	0
C)	0	0	0
236,344	ļ	0	8,305	49,441
o		0	0	0
107,476	3	0	3,022	91,234
0		0	69	8,655
O		0	0	0
0		0	0	0
921		0	3,143	0
389		0	0	0
0		0	0	0
80,139	<u> </u>		7,620	. 0
574,055	i	0	22,159	149,330
\$ (113,597) \$	<u> </u>	0_\$	0

(CONTINUED)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	CHOOL FOOD ERVICE	EXTENDED SUMMER PROGRAM	SPECIAL EDUCATION	MEDICAID
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Transfers out	 0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	27,940	2,270	0	4,268
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 63,177	0	0	24,910
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 91,117 \$	2,270 \$	0 \$	29,178

Exhibit 5

_MIS	OTHER CELLANEOUS	TIT <u>LE II</u>	TITLE IV	TITLE VI INNOVATIVE EDUCATION
\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
	<u> </u>	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0
	(113,597)	0	0	0
	280,883	0	0_	0
\$	167,286 \$	0.\$	0 \$	0

(CONTINUED)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

			ADULT	
	 IITLE V	WIA	EDUCATION	8G
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Taxes:				
Sales and use	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Interest earnings	0	0	0	0
Food services	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0
State sources:				
Equalization	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	3,575	124,774
Federal sources	 10,414		37,911	0
TOTAL REVENUES	 10,414	0	41,486	124,774
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	0	0	0	74,837
Special programs	0	0	0	0
Other instructional programs	9,696	0	39,146	34,215
Support services:				
Student services	0	0	0	0
Instructional staff support	0	0	2,340	15,722
General administration	718	0	0	0
School administration	0	0	0	0
Business services	0	0	0	0
Plant services	0	0	0	0
Student transportation services	0	0	0	0
Food services	0	0	0	0
Capital outlay	 <u>0</u>	<u> </u>	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 10,414	0	41,486	124,774
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	<u> </u>	0

Exhibit 5

EDU	URAL CATION EVEMENT	TOTAL
\$	0 \$	0
	D	1,976
	0	154,763
	. 0	15,467
	0	224,809
	0	525,541
-	60,172	1,326,620
	60,172	2,249,176
	49,932	273,555
	0	186,499
	0	384,778
	0	103,899
	9,113	264,112
	0	33,077
	0	0
	0	0
	0	4,220
	0	389
	0	969,269
	1,127	108,497
	60,172	2,328,295
\$	0_\$	(79,119)

(CONTINUED)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	TITLE	v		OULT	8G
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Transfers out	•	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0	<u> </u>	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		0	0	0	0
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	***	0	0	0	0
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	0 \$	0.\$	0.\$	0

Exhibit 5

RURAL EDUCATIO ACHIEVEMI		TOTAL
\$	0 \$	0
	0	0
	<u> </u>	0
	0	(79,119)
	0	368,970
\$	0 \$	289,851

(CONCLUDED)

Caldwell Parish School Board Agency Funds

<u>SCHOOL ACTIVITIES FUND</u> The activities of the various individual school accounts are accounted for in the school activities agency fund. While the accounts are under the supervision of the School Board, they belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and are not available for use by the School Board.

<u>4-H SCHOLARSHIP FUND</u> This scholarship agency fund is funded by voluntary employee contributions. The proceeds are used to provide an annual scholarship for an outstanding graduate.

Caldwell Parish School Board Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2005 Exhibit 6 4-H School <u>Scholarship</u> **Activities** <u>Total</u> Assets <u>\$191,915</u> \$192,396 <u>\$ 481</u> Cash and cash equivalents Liabilities \$191,915 <u>\$ 481</u> \$192,396 Deposits due student groups

Caldwell Parish School Board Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Exhibit 7

	Balance, Beginning	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance, Ending
	SC	HOOL ACTIVIT	TES FUND	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$154,039</u>	<u>\$514,996</u>	<u>\$477,120</u>	<u>\$191,915</u>
Liabilities Deposits due student groups	<u>\$154,039</u>	\$ 514,996	<u>\$477,120</u>	<u>\$191.915</u>
	4-	H SCHOLARSH	IP FUND	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 901</u>	<u>\$ 480</u>	<u>\$ 900</u>	<u>\$_481</u>
Liabilities Deposits due student groups	<u>\$901</u>	<u>\$ 480</u>	<u>\$ 900</u>	<u>\$ 481</u>
		***TOTAL	**	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$154,940</u>	\$ 515,476	<u>\$478,020</u>	<u>\$192,396</u>
Liabilities Deposits due student groups	<u>\$154,940</u>	\$ 515,476	<u>\$478,020</u>	<u>\$192,396</u>

Caldwell Parish School Board School Activities Agency Fund

Schedule of Changes in Deposits Due Others For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Exhibit 8

School	Balance, <u>Beginning</u>	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance, <u>Ending</u>
Caldwell Parish High	\$ 39,322	\$ 245,228	\$ 226,902	\$ 57,646
Caldwell Parish Junior High	29,632	101,795	77,631	53,798
Central Elementary	29,219	41,185	43,752	26,652
Columbia Elementary	29,081	65,827	71,987	22,921
Grayson Elementary	19,820	36,945	36,255	20,510
Kelly Elementary	6,965	<u>24,016</u>	20,593	10,388
Total	<u>\$154,039</u>	<u>\$514,996</u>	<u>\$477,120</u>	<u>\$191,915</u>

Caldwell Parish School Board General

Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Exhibit 9

The schedule of compensation paid School Board members is in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the School Board members is included in the general administrative expenditures of the general fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 17:56, the School Board members have elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, each member of the School Board receives \$300 per month and the Executive Committee members receive \$340 per month.

Board Member	<u>Amount</u>
Mary Taylor, Former President	\$ 3,400
*C. R. Martin, Current President	4,075
*Mark May	4,485
*Carolyn Cornwell	1,275
*Drew Keahey	4,075
Barbara Hall	2,700
Bob Frazier	3,060
John McIlwain	2,700
*Hershel Volentine	4,485
*Baron Glass	3,975
Marilyn Finley	2,700
*John Garrett	_1,275
Total	<u>\$38,205</u>

^{*}Represents current board members



ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P. O. Box 6075 Monroe, LA 71211-6075

Phone: (318) 388-4422

Fax: (318) 388-4664

Margie Williamson, CPA

Tim Green, CPA

Diane Ferschoff, CPA

Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Toil-free: (888) 741-0205 www.allengreencpa.com

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board Members Caldwell Parish School Board Columbia, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell Parish School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the School Board's financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Management Letter Items

However, we noted an immaterial instance of noncompliance, which we have reported to management of the School Board in a separate letter dated December 14, 2005.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board members, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of this letter may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 this letter is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

allen, Green + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 14, 2005

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP



2414 Ferrand Street

Monroe, LA 71201

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P. O. Box 6075 Monroe, LA 71211-6075

Phone: (318) 388-4422

Fax: (318) 388-4664

Diane Ferschoff, CPA

Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Tim Green, CPA

Margie Williamson, CPA

Toli-free: (888) 741-0205 www.allengreencpa.com

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Board Members Caldwell Parish School Board Columbia, Louisiana

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Caldwell Parish School Board with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School Board's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Caldwell Parish School Board's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Caldwell Parish School Board complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board members, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of this letter may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 this letter is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

allen, Dreen + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 14, 2005

Caldwell Parish School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor No.	Expenditures
CASH FEDERAL AWARDS			
United States Department of Agriculture			
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$ 383,155
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	<u> 180,892</u>
Total United States Department of Agriculture			564,047
United States Department of Education			
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:			
Adult Education - State Grant Program	84.002	04-AE-11-F	37,911
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	04-IASA-11-c/o-I	588,059
Special Education:			
Grants to States (Part B)	84.027	04-IB-11S	332,149
Preschool Grants	84.173	04-IP-11S	19,125
Vocational Education:			
Basic Grants to States		04-VE-11-2B/BG	24,712
Title IV (Safe and Drug Free Schools)	84.186	04-IASA-11-IV	22,159
Title V	84.031	04-IASA-11-V	10,414
Teacher Energy Grant	84.281	N/A	500
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II)	84.367	N/A	149,330
Rural Education Achievement Program (REAP)	84.358	N/A	60,172
Learn Teachers Grant	84.276	N/A	<u> </u>
Total United States Department of Education			<u>1,246,031</u>
United States Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through the Louisiana Department of Education:			
Child Care and Development Block Grant (Starting Points Preschool)	93.575	CFMS 533830	<u>47,437</u>
TOTAL CASH FEDERAL AWARDS			
TOTAL OTHER DESIGNATION AND DE			1,857,515
NONCASH FEDERAL AWARDS			1,007,010
United States Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry:			
Food Distribution (Commodities)	10.550	N/A	57,164
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS	-	- ·· • •	\$1,914,679

Caldwell Parish School Board Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - GENERAL The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs of the Caldwell Parish School Board. The School Board reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the School Board's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included in the schedule.

<u>NOTE 2 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING</u> The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the School Board's basic financial statements.

NOTE 3 - RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Federal awards revenues are reported in the School Board's basic financial statements as follows:

Major funds:	\$ 588,059
Title I	
Nonmajor Special revenue funds:	
School food service	621,211
Special education	351,274
Other Miscellaneous	74,149
Title IV	22,159
Title VI (Innovative Education)	149,330
Title V	10,414
Adult education	37,911
Rural education achievement	60,172
Total	<u>\$1,914,679</u>

NOTE 4 - RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for changes made to reflect amounts in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

<u>NOTE 5 - MATCHING REVENUES</u> For those funds that have matching revenues and state funding, federal expenditures were determined by deducting matching revenues from total expenditures.

<u>NOTE 6 - NONCASH PROGRAMS</u> The commodities received, which are noncash revenues, are valued using prices provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Caldwell Parish School Board Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30,2005

PART I - Summary of the Auditors' Results

Financial Statement Audit

- i. The type of audit report issued was unqualified.
- ii. There were no reportable conditions required to be disclosed by Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.
- iii. There were no instances of noncompliance considered material, as defined by the Government Auditing Standards, to the financial statement.

Audit of Federal Awards

- iv. There were no reportable conditions required to be disclosed by OMB Circular A-133.
- v. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was unqualified.
- vi. The audit disclosed no audit findings which the auditor is required to report under OMB Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- vii. The major federal programs are:

Child	Nin	trition	Cluster
Callien	INЦ	EJ LEJEJES	CHUNE

School Breakfast Program	10.553
National School Lunch Program	10.555

Special Education Cluster

Grants to States (Part B)	84.027
Preschool Grants	84.173

- viii. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in OMB Circular A-133, Section .520(b) was \$300,000.
- ix. The auditee does qualify as a low-risk auditee under OMB Circular A-133, Section .530.

Caldwell Parish School Board

OTHER INFORMATION



ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P. O. Box 6075 Monroe, LA 71211-6075

2414 Ferrand Street Monroe, LA 71201 Phone: (318) 388-4422 Fax: (318) 388-4664 Tim Green, CPA

Margie Williamson, CPA

Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Toll-free: (888) 741-0205 www.allengreencpa.com

Management Letter

Board Members Caldwell Parish School Board Columbia, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Caldwell Parish School Board, for the year ended June 30, 2005, we considered the School Board's internal control to plan our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

However, during our audit, we noted a certain matter involving internal control that is presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated December 14, 2005, on the financial statements of the School Board. We will review the status of this comment during our next audit engagement. Our comment and recommendation, which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss this comment in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of this matter, or to assist you in implementing the recommendation. Management's response has also been included. We have performed no audit work to verify the content of the response.

05-M1 Budget Amendment

<u>Comment</u>: According to R.S. 39:1311, Budgetary Authority and Control, "the chief executive or administrative officer for a political subdivision shall advise the governing authority in writing when total actual expenditures and other uses plus projected expenditures and other uses for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are exceeding the total budgeted expenditures and other uses by five percent or more." Actual expenditures for the special maintenance fund exceeded the final budgeted expenditures by more than five percent.

Recommendation: All special revenue funds should be monitored closely to ensure budgets are amended when needed.

<u>Management's response</u>: All funds will be monitored closely by the business office. Anticipated expenses not reflected in the original budget will be reported and reflected in revisions to the budget prior to year-end. The Superintendent will review budgets prior to year-end with the business manager.

Immediately following this letter is a Status of Prior Management Letter Item. This information has not been audited by Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP, and no opinion is expressed. However, we did follow-up on the prior management letter item and performed procedures to assess the reasonableness of the Status of Prior Management Letter Item prepared by the auditee, and we would report, as a current-year management letter item when Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP, concludes that the Status of Prior Management Letter Item materially misrepresents the status of any prior management letter item.

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form an opinion on the financial statements and, therefore, may not reveal all weaknesses in policies and procedures that may exist.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of this letter may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

allen, Drien + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 14, 2005

Caldwell Parish School Board Status of Prior Management Letter Item June 30, 2005

04-M1 Student Activity Funds

<u>Condition</u>: Two schools were visited in the current year. During the visit an overall review of Student Activity Fund Policies and Procedures were performed as well as testing of receipts, disbursements, and bank reconciliations. The following are exceptions noted:

- Bank Reconciliations: One school was not maintaining or monitoring the outstanding deposit in transit list. At the other school, one month's bank reconciliation did not foot mathematically, and the book balance could not be traced to the general ledger because there was no print-out attached. At this school there were also checks over 90 days outstanding.
- Receipts: Three exceptions were noted where the deposits were not made timely. Four exceptions noted where no documentation was provided to back up concession sales. Two exceptions were noted where no reconciliation of ticket sales to head count was provided for gate sales.
- <u>Disbursements</u>: No exceptions noted in testing of disbursements at either school.

<u>Corrective Action Taken</u>: The School Board has contracted with a CPA firm to audit all schools for the 2004-2005 school year.



ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P. O. Box 6075
Monroe, LA 71211-6075

2414 Ferrand Street Monroe, LA 71201 75 Phone: (316) 388-4422 Fax: (316) 388-4664 Tim Green, CPA

Margie Williamson, CPA

Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Toll-free: (888) 741-0205 www.allengreencpa.com

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Board Members Caldwell Parish School Board Columbia, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures included in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of the Caldwell Parish School Board, Columbia, Louisiana, and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, solely to assist users in evaluating management's assertions about the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the School Board and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of Government Auditing Standards. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of the reports. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the purpose

Our procedures and findings relate to the accompanying schedules of supplemental information and are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
- Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
- Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures,
- Total Local Taxation Revenue,
- Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
- Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
- · Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
- Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

Comment: There were some errors made in preparation of Schedule 1. The librarian salary of \$31,850 was included in the classroom teachers salary total. Also, \$96,791 for buses should have been included in the Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures.

Management's Response: Changes were made to correct the errors listed above. The corrected schedule is included,

Education Levels of Public School Staff (Schedule 2)

2. We reconciled the total number of full-time classroom teachers per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total number of full-time classroom teachers per this schedule and to school board supporting payroll records as of October 1.

Comment: The number of full-time classroom teachers per Schedule 2 and Schedule 4 agree. In comparing the schedule 2 & 4 to the October 1, 2004 payroll records there was a difference of 3. The School Board agrees that this difference is due to using June data instead of October data to prepare the schedules.

Management's Response: Changes were made to correct the errors listed. The corrected schedules are included.

3. We reconciled the combined total of principals and assistant principals per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total of principals and assistant principals per this schedule.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

4. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October 1 and as reported on the schedule. We traced a random sample of 25 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determine if the individual's education level was properly classified on the schedule.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

Number and Type of Public Schools (Schedule 3)

 We obtained a list of schools by type as reported on the schedule. We compared the list to the schools and grade levels as reported on the Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA 84.010) application and/or the National School Lunch Program (CFDA 10.555)

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers (Schedule 4)

6. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October reported on the schedule and traced the same sample used in procedure 4 to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's experience was properly classified on the schedule.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

Public Staff Data (Schedule 5)

7. We obtained a list of all classroom teachers including their base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status as well as full-time equivalent as reported on the schedule and traced a random sample of 25 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the schedule.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

8. We recalculated the average salaries and full-time equivalents reported in the schedule.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

Class Size Characteristics Schedule 6)

9. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule and reconciled school type classifications to Schedule 3 data, as obtained in procedure 5. We then traced a random sample of 10 classes to the October 1 roll books for those classes and determined if the class was properly classified on the schedule.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) for the 21st century (Schedule 7)

10. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by the School Board.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

The Graduation Exit Exam for the 21st Century(Schedule 8)

11. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by the School Board.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

The Iowa Tests(Schedule 9)

12. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by the School Board.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. This report is intended solely for the use of management of the Caldwell Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, the Louisiana Legislature, and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document

allen, Green + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 14, 2005

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures		
Géneral Fund Instructional Expenditures:		
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities:		
Classroom Teacher Salaries	3,585,998	
Other Instructional Staff Activities	377,827	
Employee Benefits	1,546,293	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	17,583	
Instructional Materials and Supplies	173,448	
Instructional Equipment	18,577	
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities		5,719,726
Other Instructional Activities		84,739
Pupil Support Activities	323,985	
Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Activities	•	
Net Pupil Support Activities		323,985
Instructional Staff Services	357,647	
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services	-	
Net Instructional Staff Services		357,647
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures		6,486,097
Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures	_	120,158
Certain Local Revenue Sources	_	
Local Taxation Revenue:		
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes		153,622
Renewable Ad Valorem Tax		929,238
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax		-
Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes		34,499
Sales and Use Taxes		1,746,563
Total Local Taxation Revenue		2,863,922
Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property:		
Earnings from 16th Section Property		750,438
Earnings from Other Real Property		-
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property	=	750,438
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:		
Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax		42,408
Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes		•
Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion		-
Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		-
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		42,408
		72,400
	=	42,400
Nonpublic Textbook Revenue Nonpublic Transportation Revenue	=	0

Schedule 2

CALDWELL PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Columbia, Louisiana

Education Levels of Public School Staff As of October 1, 2004

	Full-time Classroom Teachers				Principals & Assistant Principals			
Category	Certificated		Uncertificated		Certificated		Uncertificated	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Less than a Bachelor's Degree								
Bachelor's Degree	87	65%	3	100.00%		0%		0.00%
Master's Degree	24	18%	0	0.00%	1	14%		0.00%
Master's Degree + 30	21	16%		0.00%	6	86%		0.00%
Specialist in Education	1	1%		0.00%		0%		0.00%
Ph. D. or Ed. D.		0%		0.00%		0%		0.00%
Total	133	100.00%	3	100.00%	7	100.00%	0	0.00%

Number and Type of Public Schools For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Туре	Number			
Elementary	4			
Middle/Jr. High	1			
Secondary				
Combination	1			
Total	6			

Note: Schools opened or closed during the fiscal year are included in this schedule.

Schedule 4

CALDWELL PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Columbia, Louisiana

Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers As of October 1, 2004

	0-1 Yr.	2-3 Yrs.	4-10 Yrs.	11-14 Yrs.	15-19 Yrs.	20-24 Yrs.	25+ Yrs.	Total
Assistant Principals							1	1
Principals				2	2		2	6
Classroom Teachers	15	20	40	19	13	7	22	136
Total	15	20	40	21	15	7	25	143

Public School Staff Data For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	All Classroom Teachers	Classroom Teachers Excluding ROTC and Rehired Retirees
Average Classroom Teachers' Salary Including Extra Compensation	\$34,488.00	\$34,251.00
Average Classroom Teachers' Salary Excluding Extra Compensation	\$34,233.00	\$34,061.00
Number of Teacher Full-time Equivalents (FTEs) used in Computation of Average Salaries	140.51	135.80

Note: Figures reported include all sources of funding (i.e., federal, state, and local) but exclude employee benefits. Generally, retired teachers rehired to teach receive less compensation than non-retired teachers and ROTC teachers receive more compensation because of a federal supplement. Therefore, these teachers are excluded from the computation in the last column. This schedule excludes day-to-day substitutes and temporary employees.

Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2004

	Class Size Range												
	1-	20	21 -	- 26	27	- 33	34+						
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number					
Elementary	93.3	279	6.7	20	0	0	0	0					
Elementary Activity Classes	90	45	10	5	0	0	0	0					
Middle/Jr. High	42.7	32	34.7	26	18.7	14	4	3					
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	16.7	2	33.33	4	41.7	5	8.3	1					
High	78	138	21.5	38	0.6	1	0	0					
High Activity Classes	98.3	56	1.8	1	0	0	0	0					
Combination	78.1	143	21.3	39	0.6	1	0	0					
Combination Activity Classes	98.3	58	1.7	1	0	0	0	0					

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.

Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) for the 21st Century For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

District Achievement Level Results		English Language Arts							Mathematics						
	20	05	20	04	20	2003		2005		X04	2003				
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Grade 4															
Advanced	3	2	4	3	1	1	4	3	4	3	3	2			
Mastery	21	17	28	19	23	18	14	11	12	В	17	13			
Basic	65	52	64	42	63	49	51	40	67	44	62	48			
Approaching Basic	22	17	31	21	34	26	29	23	41	27	38	29			
Unsatisfactory	15	12	24	16	6	6	28	22	27	18	9	7			
Total	126	100	151	101	129	100	126	99	151	100	129	99			

District Achievement Level			Scie	ence		Social Studies							
Results	2005		20	2004		2003		2005		2004		2003	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent.	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Grade 4			[
Advanced	4	3.	4	3	7	5	1	1	3	2	2	2	
Mastery	23	18	20	13	30	23	5	4	18	12	20	16	
Basic	65	52	74	49	51	40	70	56	70	47	74	57	
Approaching Basic	24	19	40	26	34	26	32	25	34	23	24	19	
Unsatisfactory	10	ß	13	9	7	5	18	14	25	17	9	7	
Total	126	100	151	100	129	99	126	100	150	101	129	101	

District Achievement Level		Er	iglich Lai	nguage A	rts	Mathematics						
Results	2005		2004		2003		2005		20	104	2003	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 8											1	
Advanced	٥	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	0	0	2	1
Mastery	24	15	10	7	17	12	0	0	3	2	10	7
Basic	62	38	44	30	62	45	85	52	61	42	53	37
Approaching Basic	59	36	64	44	44	32	41	25	38	26	43	30
Unsatisfactory	17	10	27	18	13	. 9	34	21	44	30	34	24
Total	162	ଅଷ	146	100	137	99	162	99	146	100	142	99

District Achievement Level		Science							Social Studies						
Results	2005		20	2004		2003		2005		004	2003				
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Grade 8											{				
Advanced	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1			
Masiery	28	17	20	14	20	15	21	13	9	6	12	9			
Basic	69	43	54	37	56	41	85	52	75	51	62	45			
Approaching Basic	48	30	40	27	42	31	29	18	37	25	46	34			
Unsatisfactory	16	10	32	22	17	13	27	17.	25	17	16	12			
Total	162	101	146	100	136	101	162	100	146	99	137	101			

The Graduation Exit Exam for the 21st Century For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

District Achievement Level		Er	iglish Lai	nguage A	rts	Mathematics							
Results	2005		20	2004		2003		2005		2004		2003	
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Grade 10					i								
Advanced	1	1	1	1.	0	0	8	7	. 8	9	5	4	
Mastery	19	16	23	26	6	5	18	15	23	26	17	13	
Basic	56	48	38	43	48	38	49	42	36	40	52	39	
Approaching Basic	23	20	15	17	42	33	18	15	11	12	19	14	
Unsatisfactory	18	15	11	13	30	24	24	21	11	12	42	31	
Total	117	100	88	100	126	100	117	100	89	99	135	101	

District Achievement Level	Ĺ <u> </u>		Scie	nce		Social Studies						
Results	20	05	20	04	20	03	20	05	20	104	20	03
Students	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 11				_								•
Advanced	2	3	5	5	1	1	3	4	o	0	1	1
Mastery	9	11	12	11	13	12	9	11	9	8	15	14
Basic	43	54	43	39	55	51	48	61	63	58	56	52
Approaching Basic	12	15	33	30	24	22	12	15	23	21	23	21
Unsatisfactory	13	16	16	15	14	13	7	9	14	13	12	11
Total	79	99	109	100	107	99	79	100	109	100	107	99

CALDWELL PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Columbia, LA 71418

The IOWA Tests
For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Composit	B .
	2005	2004	2003
Test of Basic Skills (ITBS)			
Grade 3	57	63	62
Grade 5	63	61	61
Grade 6	53	54	56
Grade 7	53	57	47
Tests of Educational Development (ITED)			
Grade 9	50	55	55

Scores are reported by National Percentile Rank. A student's National Percentile Rank shows the student's relative position or rank as compared to a large, representative sample of students in the same grade from the entire nation. A student with a score of 72 indicates that the student scored the same of better than 72 percent of the students in the norm group.