LAFAYETTE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA

.1416

I.

:
,
,

L

i

i ı

ì

*

Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2011

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Release Date AUG 2 2 2012

CONTENTS

1

1

ł

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT 1- MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 3-	-
	:
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)	
Statement of Net Assets 9	
Statement of Activities 10	
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds 11	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Activities 13	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds 14 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds 15	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	
Notes to the Financial Statements 16-	28
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund 29	ŀ
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund 34	ł
INTERNAL COMPLIANCE, CONTROL, AND OTHER INFORMATION	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance And Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> 31-	32
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund	
General Fund 33 Statements of Expenditures - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual 34	
Agency Fund	
Combining Balance Sheet and Statement of Changes in Assets	
and Liabilities 3	
Industrial Development Revenue Bonds Issued and Outstanding	
Compensation Paid to Members of the Board of Commissioners 33	;
Summary of Corrective Action Taken on Prior Year Findings 33	
Schedule of Finding and Questioned Costs 44	

Wright, Moore, DeHart, Dupuis & Hutchinson, LLC.

Certified Public Accountants 100 Petroleum Drive, 70508 P O Box 80569 • Lafayette, Louisiana 70598-0569 (337) 232-3637 • Fax (337) 235-8557 <u>wnew.wmddli.com</u>

JOHN W WRIGHT, CPA *

JAMES H. DUPUIS, CPA, CPP *

JAN H. COWEN, CPA *

LANCE & CRAPPELL, CPA, CGMA

MICAH R. VIDRINE, CPA *

TRAVIS M BRINSKO, CPA *

RICK I., STUTES, CPA, CVA/ABV, APA *

CHRISTINE R. DUNN, CPA**

DAMIAN H. SPIESS, CPA, CFP **

* A PROPESSIONAL CORPORATION ** A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

M. TROY MOORE, CPA *+ MICHAEL G. DEHART, CPA, CVA, MBA *+ JOE D. HUTCHINSON, CPA *+

+RETIRED



STEPHANIE & BLANK, CPA ROBERT T. DUCHARME, II, CPA JUDITE FAULK, CPA MARY PATRICIA KIELEY, CPA ROBEN T. LIBLANC, CPA SOAN MARTIN, CPA, CVA, CPF, DABFA TANYA L. MIGUES, CPA STEPBEN C. MOORE, CPA WENDY ORTEGO, CPA, CVA ROBEN G. STOCKTON, CPA BRIDGET B, TILLEY, CPA, MT TINA B, VIATOR, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Chairman of the Board and Members of the Board of Commissioners Lafayette Economic Development Authority Parish of Lafayette, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority of the Parish of Lafayette, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and the major funds of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority of the Parish of Lafayette, Louisiana, as of December 31, 2011, and respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

CIRCULAR 230 DISCLOSURE - To ensure compliance with the recently issued U.S. Trensmy Circular 230 Notes, unless otherwise expressly indicated, any tax advice contained in this communication, or attachments thereto, was not attached or written to be tated, and cannot be used, for the purpose of (i) avoiding tax-related paralities and/or the internal Revenue Code, or (ii) promoting, marketing, or recommending any tax-related matter addressed berein. In accordance with Government Auduing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 19, 2012, on our consideration of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and 29 and 30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information for consistency with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements as a whole. The other supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and is derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The prior year comparative information on the other supplementary information has been derived from the Authority's 2010 financial statements, which was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

> Wright, Moore, DeHart, Dupuis & Hutchinson, LLC

į

WRIGHT, MOORE, DEHART, DUPUIS & HUTCHINSON, LLC Certified Public Accountants

June 19, 2012 Lafayette, Louisiana

Management's Discussion and Analysis

ŧ

1

ł

i

As management of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority, we offer readers of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 by \$12,342,103 (net assets). Of this amount, \$7,628,375 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to creditors
- The Authority's total net assets decreased by \$201,306. This decrease is substantially attributed to the decrease of Receivables from Taxes
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Authority's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,674,684, a decrease of \$584,927 in comparison with the prior year This decrease is substantially attributed to an increase in the General Government expenditures in the Business/Park Expansion or Attraction Fund and the Entrepreneurship, Technology and Innovations Funds.
- Ad valorem taxes increased by \$18,055 due to increases in the taxable property valuation in 2011 by the Lafayette Parish Assessor.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, *unreserved fund balance* for the general fund was \$5,113,112. This amount is available for future general government expenditures

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Lafayette Economic Development Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in *net assets* may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the Government-wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Authority include general government expenses incurred in the Authority's mission of facilitating economic growth in Lafayette parish, the sale of land in the four industrial parks owned by the Authority, and the interest portion of the Authority's semi-annual payments on outstanding Taxable Certificates of Indebtedness. The Authority had no business-type activities to report.

The Government-wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 11, 12, and 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Lafayette Economic Development Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Authority can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provided a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Authority maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the general fund, the capital projects (Business/Park Expansion or Attraction) fund, the capital projects (Building Maintenance) fund, and the special revenue (Entrepreneurship, Technology and Innovation) fund. The general fund is considered by the Authority to be its major fund.

The Lafayette Economic Development Authority adopts an annual budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparative statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the Government-wide Financial Statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Authority's own programs.

The basic Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the *Government-wide* and *Fund Financial Statements*. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 28 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority, assets exceeded liabilities by \$12,342,103 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

In 2011, the largest portion of the Authority's net assets (48 percent) was its Cash held in the bank.

Lafayette Economic Development Authority Net Assets

	Government Activities			
	<u> 2011 </u>	<u> 2010 </u>		
O	8 B (16 100	# 0 411 107		
Current and other assets	\$ 8,615,133	\$ 9,411,107		
Noncurrent assets	<u>4,573,728</u>	<u>4,316,521</u>		
Total assets	\$ <u>13,188,861</u>	\$ <u>13,727,628</u>		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 46,114	\$ 182,528		
~ ~	• ••••	•		
Other liabilities	<u>800.644</u>	<u>1.001.691</u>		
Total liabilities	\$ <u>846.758</u>	\$ <u>1.184.219</u>		
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets	\$ 1 ,853,533	\$ 1,596,326		
Restricted for inventory of land for resale	2,720,195	2,720,195		
Restricted for debt service	140,000	130,000		
Unrestricted	<u>7,628,375</u>	<u>8,096,888</u>		
Total net assets	<u>\$12,342,103</u>	<u>\$12,543,409</u>		

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority is able to report a positive balance in net assets. The same is true for the prior fiscal year.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the Authority's net assets by \$201,306. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

ł

ī.

ł

ļ

÷

ł

ī

	Government Activities				
	2011	2010			
Revenues:					
Program Revenues:					
Sale of land	\$-	\$ -			
General Government	17,475	40,640			
General Revenues					
Ad valorem taxes	3,102,792	3,084,737			
Revenue sharing	113,043	111,733			
Unrestricted investment earnings	73,367	226,868			
Miscellaneous	24,188	<u>22.618</u>			
Total revenues	<u>3,330,865</u>	3,486,596			
Expenses:					
General government	3,520,896	2,350,973			
Cost of land sold & asset disposals	-	86,158			
Interest on long-term debt	<u>11,275</u>	<u>18,150</u>			
Total expenses	<u>3,532,171</u>	<u>2,455,281</u>			
Increase (Decrease) in net assets	(201,306)	1,031,315			
Net assets - beginning	<u>12,543,409</u>	<u>11,512,094</u>			
Net assets - ending	<u>\$12.342.103</u>	<u>\$12,543,409</u>			

Lafayette Economic Development Authority Changes in Net Assets

- Unrestricted investment earnings decreased by \$153,501 due to the decrease in the interest earned from 3% down to 1% per the fiscal agency agreement.
- General government expenses increased by \$1,169,923 of which \$718,282 was due to increased expenses in the Business/Park Expansion or Attraction Fund and \$113,074 in the Entrepreneurship, Technology and Innovation Fund.
- Cost of land sold & asset disposals decreased by \$86,158 due to no disposals occurring in 2011.

Financial Analysis of Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Lafayette Economic Development Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds The focus of the Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Lafayette Economic Development Authority's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,674,684 which is a decrease of \$584,927 in comparison with the prior year.

Approximately seventy-five percent of the amount, \$7,915,737, constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is already committed.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$5,113,112. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance represent over 200 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority's general fund increased by \$304,527 during the current fiscal year. Key factors for the net increase are as follows:

- Ad valorem taxes increased by \$18,055 due to increases in the taxable property valuation in 2011 by the Lafayette Parish Assessor.
- Intergovernmental revenue decreased by \$21,855.
- Miscellaneous revenue decreased by \$68,543.
- Capital outlay decreased by \$31,757. Most Capital Outlay purchases in 2011 were made out of the Capital Projects funds.

i.

1

Transfer out to other funds decreased by \$387,500.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be summarized as follows:

- \$25,000 increase in Taxes Revenue
- \$1,000 increase in Intergovernmental Revenue
- \$350 increase in Miscellaneous Revenue
- \$102,650 decrease in General Government Expenditures
- \$20,000 increase in Capital Outlay
- \$1,500 decrease in Interest Earned
- \$107,500 increase in Transfers Out

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Lafayette Economic Development Authority's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2011 amounts to \$1,853,533 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes a building, furniture, fixtures located in the building, and manufacturing equipment. The total increase in the Authority's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year was \$257,207.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Completion costs on the expansion of the LEDA facility was \$37,353 and acquisitions of Furniture, Fixture and Equipment related to the expansion was \$122,753.
- Leasehold improvements and acquisitions of Furniture, Fixture and Equipment located at the Opportunity Machine were \$198,358.

Additional information on the Lafayette Economic Development Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 1 on page 18 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

The Authority's total debt decreased by \$337,461 during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this decrease were a decrease in Accounts Payable of \$100,198, a decrease in Other Accrued Liabilities of \$110,849; and a decrease in outstanding long-term Taxable Certificates of Indebtedness of \$140,000.

Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in footnote 7 on page 26 of this report.

ļ

l

ţ

Other Information

In August of 2006, LEDA and Louisiana Economic Development (LED) entered into a Cooperative Endeavor Agreement (CEA) with a private company regarding the establishment of a Call Center in Lafayette with the requirement of creating 1,000 new positions and payroll levels for several years in exchange for financial incentives from LEDA and LED. Clawback provisions were incorporated in the CEA in case job creation requirements were not met. In the last few years, the private company has been experiencing significant problems hiring and maintaining employees and in late 2011 lost a critical contract they were servicing from their Lafayette Call Center. The company has decided to close the Call Center in Lafayette. LED and LEDA have been negotiating the amount and term of payment of the clawbacks owed to LEDA and LED due to failure to meet the payroll requirements as stipulated in the CEA.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- The unemployment rate for the Lafayette Parish in October 2011 was 5.1 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 5.8 percent a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate for the month of October 2011 of 7.1 percent and the national average rate for October 2011 of 8.9 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

These factors were considered in preparing the Lafayette Economic Development Authority's budget for the 2012 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Gregg Gothreaux, President and CEO, Lafayette Economic Development Authority, 211 East Devalcourt Street, Lafayette, Louisiana, 70506.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1

i

i

ł

į

÷

I

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

T

ĩ

ļ

÷

ł

ł

1 1

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2011 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2010

.

ļ

|

1

ľ

ļ

į

I

ļ

	2011	2010
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 6,030,775	\$ 6,386,209
Restricted cash	130,000	130,000
Other receivables	1 4,872	9,370
Prepaid expenses	77,886	32,182
Due from State of Louisiana	799	7,735
Receivables - taxes (net of		
allowance for uncollectibles)	2,360,801	2,845,611
Total current assets	<u> </u>	<u>9,411,107</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Inventory of land held for resale	2,720,195	2,720,195
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>1,853,533</u>	<u>1,596,326</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>4,573,728</u>	4.316.521
Total assets	<u>\$13,188,861</u>	\$_13,727,628
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 591,736	\$ 691,934
Other accrued liabilities	68,908	179,757
Current portion of bonds payable	140,000	130,000
Total current liabilities	800,644	<u>1,001,691</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:		· · · ·
Bonds payable	-	140,000
Compensated absences	46,114	42,528
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u> </u>	<u>182,528</u>
Total liabilites	<u>\$ 846,758</u>	<u>\$ 1,184,219</u>
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets	\$ 1 ,8 53,533	\$ 1,596,326
Restricted		
Inventory of land for resale	2,720,195	2,720,195
Cash restricted for debt service	140,000	130,000
Unrestricted	7,628,375	8,096,888
Total net assets	<u>\$ 12,342,103</u>	<u>\$ 12,543,409</u>

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Basic Financial Statements

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Progra	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Government Activities: General government Cost of land sold and	\$ 3,520,896	\$ 7,750	\$	9,725		\$ (3,503,421)
asset disposals Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	11.275 \$ 3,532,171	\$ 7,750		9,725		- (11,275) (3,514,696)
General r Ad val State r Únrest Misceli	General revenues: Ad valorem taxes State revenue sharing Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous	ഷനന്മട				3,102,792 113,043 73,367 24,188
Total	Total general revenues					3.313.390
5	Change in net assets					(201,306)
Net asset	Net assets-beginning					12,543,409
Net assets-ending	s-ending					<u>\$ 12,342,103</u>

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Basic Financial Statements. \$

ł

1;

ļ

í

|

,

;

•

L

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I

.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2011

		General	(B) E	pital Project usiness/Park Expansion Attraction)	F (E	Capital rojects fuilding ritenance)	(Entre Tech	al Revenue preneurship, nology and ation Fund)	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS		2 760 110	s	5 185 613	\$	46,897	s	76,147	\$	6 030 376
Cash	\$	2,750,118	3	3,157,613	3	40,097	Þ	/0,14/	Э	6,030,775
Restricted cash		130,000		-		-		1.000		130,000
Other receivables		5,515		8,129		-		1,228		14,872
Prepaid expenses		38,752		-		•		39,134		77,886
Due from State of Louisiana		799		-		•		-		799
Receivables - taxes (net of										
allowance for uncollectubles)		2,360,801		-		•		-		2,360,801
Inventory of land held for resale				2.720.195		<u> </u>		==		2.720.195
Total assets	٤.	5.285.985	<u>s</u>	<u>5.885.937</u>	٤	46.897		116,509	٤	11.335,328
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	65,213	\$	520,035	\$	-	\$	6,488	\$	591,736
Other accrued liabilities		68,908		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				68,908
Total liabilities	_	134.121	_	<u>\$20,035</u>		:	<u> </u>	<u>6,488</u>		660.644
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		38,752		2,720,195		-		-		2,758,947
Restricted		• • •						110,021		110.021
Committed		-		2,645,707		46,897				2,692,604
Unassigned	_	5,113,112		<u>*</u>				<u> </u>		5,113,112
Total fund balances		<u>5,151,864</u>		5.365.902		46.897		110.021		10,674,684
Total habilities and fund equity	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,285,985</u>	<u>s</u> _	5.885.937	<u>s</u>	46.897	5	116.509		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	1,853,533
Long-term habilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$ 12,342,103</u>

; ; ;

;

ļ

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2011

:

ł

.....

1

	General	Capital Project (Business/Park Expansion or Attraction)	Capital Projects (Building Maintenance)	Special Revenue (Entrepreneurship, Technology and Innovation Fund)	Total Governmental Punds
Revenues					
Taxes - ad valorem	\$ 3,102,792	s -	S -	\$-	\$ 3,102,792
Intergovernmental	130,518	-	-	-	130,518
Miscellaneous	60.463	<u>33,546</u>	1,109	2.437	97,555
Total revenues	<u> </u>	33.546	1.109	2.437	3.330.865
Expenditures.					
Current:					
General government	2,379,692	728,924	2,875	253,783	3,365,274
Capital outlay	50,779	-	1 60, 1 06	198,358	409,243
Debt service	141.275		<u> </u>		141.275
Total expenditures	<u>2.571.746</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	452.141	3.915.792
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	722.027	(695.378)	(16).872)	(449.704)	(584,927)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	87,500	10,000	320,000	417,500
Transfers out	(417,500)	_		<u> </u>	(417.500)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(417.500)	<u> </u>	10.000	320.000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over					
expenditures and other uses	304,527	(607,878)	(151,872)	(129,704)	(584,927)
Fund balances, beginning	4,847,337	5,973,780	198,769	239,725	11,259,611
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$5,151,864</u>	<u>\$ 5.365.902</u>	<u>\$ 46.897</u>	<u>\$ 110.021</u>	<u>\$ 10.674.684</u>

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Basic Financial Statements.

ł

ł

ł

1

ł

÷

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	(584,927)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount		
by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		257,207
Some expense reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences and retirement plan, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(3,586)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		<u>130,000</u>
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	<u>s</u>	(201,306)

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Basic Financial Statements.

ł

÷

١

ł

: :

i

ł

:

I

· · · · · ·

ł

Т

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2011

ASSETS Cash Investments Total assets	\$ 4,193,633 <u>3,230</u> \$4,196,863
LIABILITIES Amounts due bondholders and lessees	<u>\$ 4,196,863</u>
NET ASSETS Held in trust for payments to bondholders and lessees	<u>\$111,287</u>

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Basic Financial Statements -14-

.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Lease payments received	<u>\$ 1,715,820</u>
Total contributions	<u>1.715.820</u>
Investment earnings.	
Interest	251
Total investment carnings	251
Total additions	1,716.071
DEDUCTIONS	
Bond interest paid	1,677,500
Requisitions paid	4,085,827
Other deductions	38,320
Total deductions	5,801,647
Change in net assets	(4,085,576)
Net assets - beginning	4,536,921
Net assets - ending	<u>\$451,345</u>

ł

ł

:

1

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Basic Financial Statements.

-15-

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Lafayette Economic Development Authority (Authority) is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana created under Louisiana Revised Statute 34:291-34:302. It was originally formed under the name of Lafayette Harbor, Terminal, and Industrial Development District. The Authority is governed by a board of commissioners consisting of twelve appointed members The Authority is authorized to construct or acquire industrial parks and industrial plant buildings, including sites and other necessary property and appurtenances, and to acquire, construct, improve, operate, maintain, and provide improvement and services necessary. It is also authorized to sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of, by suitable and appropriate contract, to any enterprise locating or existing within the parish, all or any part of an industrial plant site, industrial plant building, or other property owned by the Authority.

ł

The accounting and reporting policies of the Authority conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, as well as any applicable requirements set forth by <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units</u>, the industry audit guide issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the <u>Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide</u>

Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes all funds, account groups, and component units, which are controlled by or dependent on the Lafayette Economic Development Authority. Control by or dependence on the Authority was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, or other general oversight responsibility. At December 31, 2011, there were no entities that met the criteria to be considered a component unit of the Authority.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include proceeds received from the sale of land inventory. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. All individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Ad valorem taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

Ad valorem taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which such taxes are levied and billed to taxpayers. Other major revenues that are considered susceptible to accrual include earned grant revenues and other intergovernmental revenues, and interest on investments.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for a specific purpose.

ł

÷

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The capital projects fund accounts for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by banks in a trustee capacity for the Authority. These funds are used to account for lease and related receipts from lessees as well as bond, interest, and related payments made to bondholders for industrial development revenue bonds issued by the Authority.

Amounts reported as program revenues include proceeds from the sale of land inventory. General revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$250 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation Donated assets are immaterial.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	39
Building improvements	10
Office equipment	5-7
Computer equipment	3-5

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventory of Land Held-for-Resale

The inventory of land held-for-resale is valued at cost. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the land is sold. The inventory of land held for resale at year-end is equally offset by a fund balance reserve to indicate that it does not constitute "available expendable resources," even though it is a component of net assets.

ļ

÷

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

The ad valorem tax receivable is shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The ad valorem tax receivable allowance is equal to 3.50% of levied ad valorem taxes at December 31, 2011.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Vacation, Sick Leave, and Pension Plan

Vacation varies with longevity as follows.

<u>Serving Time</u>	<u>Vacation</u>
After six months up to two years From two years to seven years After seven years	One week Two weeks Three weeks
ATTOL SOVELL VESTS	HITCE WEEKS

No more than thirty days of allowed vacation time may be accrued and be carried over into the next calendar year and paid upon termination. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

Sick leave accrues at the rate of ½ day per month beginning after 3 months of service with a 30day maximum per year. Sick leave is available for carryover. Upon termination, either voluntary or involuntary, all accrued sick time will be forfeited. Sick leave is not recorded in these financial statements except for \$7,385, which is included in the balance of \$46,114. This amount is attributable to one employee who is grandfathered under an old sick leave policy.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Vacation, Sick Leave, and Pension Plan (continued)

For the years beginning January 1, 2004, LEDA employees are eligible participants of the Parochial Employees' Retirement System; a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. This retirement system provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries The plans funding policy requires employees to contribute 9.5% of covered salary. For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the employer contribution rate was 15.75% and 15.75%. For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, total salary subject to the Parochial Employees' Retirement System was \$1,085,639 and \$1,013,766 and LEDA's contributions were \$170,988 and \$159,668, respectively.

The Parochial Employees' Retirement System issues an annual publicly available financial report and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7905 Wrenwood Blvd, P.O. Box 14619, Baton Rouge, LA 70809 or by calling (225) 928-1361.

i

Į

I

Т

Post-Employment Benefits

LEDA does not offer any of these types of benefits to employees and therefore has no liability in relation to the implementation of the new statement.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets – Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. LEDA has no restricted net assets at December 31, 2011

Unrestricted net assets - All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity Classifications (continued)

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. LEDA elected to implement GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in fiscal year 2011. In the fund financial statements, the governmental fund reports the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable at December 31, 2011, by LEDA are nonspendable in form LEDA has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

ł

ļ

i

Restricted - includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to directives of the Commission who has the highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through actions of the Commission.

Assigned – includes amounts that LEDA intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. The Commission may assign amounts to this classification.

Unassigned – includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. LEDA reports all amounts that meet the unrestricted General Fund Balance Policy described below as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, LEDA considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, LEDA considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless LEDA has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds except the capital projects funds. The budget is formally adopted by the Authority, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Notices of its completion and availability are published. After its adoption, any adjustments to the budget must follow the same process. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash represents amounts to be set aside annually in the sinking fund as required by the Certificates of Indebtedness, for repayment of the bond principal and interest.

1

ļ

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond year end are recorded as prepaid expenses

Transfers

.

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the Authority are classified as interfund transfers. For the purpose of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total* governmental funds and net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$186,114 difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$ 140,000
Compensated absences	<u>46,114</u>
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-	
total governmental funds to arrive at net	
assets- governmental activities	<u>\$ 186,114</u>

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 3 EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The details of this (\$257,207) difference are as follows:

I.

1

I.

ł

Depreciation expense and abandonments	\$	(152,036)
Capital outlay		409,243
Net adjustment to increase net changes m		
Fund balances-total governmental funds		
To arrive at changes in net assets of governmental		
Activities	<u>\$</u>	257.207

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities " These details of the \$130,000 difference are as follows:

Principal repayments General Obligation debt	<u>\$ 130,000</u>		
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund			
balances-total governmental funds to arrive			
at changes in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$ 130,000</u>		

NOTE 4 CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

Under state law, the Authority may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Authority may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Authority has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$6,160,775 and \$6,516,209, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 4 CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS-CONTINUED

Custodial Credit Risk Relating to Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Authority's deposits might not be recovered. The Authority does not have a policy for custodial credit risk, however, under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances), must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal bank. l

ł

The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31, 2011 and 2010, are as follows:

	2011	2010
Bank Balances	<u>\$ 5,824,821</u>	<u>\$ 6,546,470</u>

At December 31, 2011 and 2010, the deposits are secured as follows

	2011			2010	
Federal Deposit Insurance	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	
Pledged Securities (Category 3)		7,818,629	_	7,708,818	
Total	<u>\$</u>	8,068,629	<u>\$</u>	7,958,818	

Pledged securities in Category 3 are comprised of uninsured and unregistered investments with securities held by the pledging institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Authority's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Authority that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

NOTE 5 AD VALOREM TAXES

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year Taxes are levied by the Parish Government in June and are actually billed to the taxpayers by the Assessor in October. Billed taxes are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January 1, of the following year.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 5 AD VALOREM TAXES-CONTINUED

Ad valorem taxes are budgeted and recorded in the year levied and billed. The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Lafayette Parish and are collected by the Sheriff. The taxes are remitted net of deductions for Assessor's compensation and pension fund contributions.

L

ł

For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, taxes were levied at the rate of 1.92 mills and 1.92 mills, respectively, for general corporate purposes on property with assessed valuations totaling \$1,994,635,544 and \$1,975,116,139, respectively, less homestead exemptions of \$350,895,141 and \$345,680,685, respectively.

The allowance for uncollectible receivables at December 31, 2011 and 2010 is \$110,459 and \$109,498, respectively.

Net revenues from ad valorem taxes represent 94% and 92% of total general fund revenues, excluding other financing sources, at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of general fixed assets follows.

	Balance			Balance
	1/1/2011	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2011
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 1,024,486	\$ 777,672	s -	\$ 1,802,158
Equipment and Furniture	736,919	271,890	-	1,008,809
Manufacturing Equipment	85,093	-	-	85,093
Construction in Progress	640,319	37,353	(677,672)	
Total capital assets	2,486,817	1,086,915	(677,672)	2,896,060
Less Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	282,992	47,119	-	330,111
Equipment and Furniture	559,888	92,76 1	-	652,649
Manufacturing Equipment	47,61 1	12,156		59,767
Total accumulated depreciation	890,491	152,036		1,042,527
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 1,596,326</u>	<u>\$ 934,879</u>	<u>\$ (677,672</u>)	<u>\$ 1,853,533</u>

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

On April 17, 1997, the State Bond Commission approved the Lafayette Economic Development Authority to incur debt and borrow the amount of \$1,330,000 and to issue Certificates of Indebtedness for the purpose of paying a portion of the cost of acquiring sites for industrial parks, and acquiring, constructing and providing improvements necessary therefore, and to pay the costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Certificates The Certificates are dated May 1, 1997 and bear interest at a rate of 7.25% per annum, payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing November 1, 1997, and maturing on May 1 in each of the years 1998 through 2012. With approval from the State Bond Commission, effective August 1, 2004, the Certificates were amended to bear interest at a rate of 5.5%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Certificates of Indebtedness, including interest of \$3,850 are as follows:

		F	rincipal	Ir	terest		Total
December 31,							
	2012	<u>\$</u>	140,000	<u>\$</u>	3,850	<u>\$</u>	143,850

A summary of changes in general long-term debt follows:

	Balance 1/1/2011	A	dditions	I	Deletions	-	Balance 2/31/2011
Obligation under long- term bonds Compensated Absences	\$ 270,000 42,528	\$	53,749	\$	130,000 50,163	\$	140,000 46,114
Total	\$ 312,528	\$	53,749	\$	180,163	\$	186,114

The Authority issues industrial development revenue bonds for the purpose of financing the acquisition of certain industrial facilities, which it leases or sells to qualifying industrial businesses. Such facilities and the revenue derived from their sale or lease are pledged to service the bonds. These bonds do not constitute an indebtedness or pledge of the general credit of the Authority and therefore, are not included in the financial statements. A detailed summary of all industrial development revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2011 is shown on page 37.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 8 OPERATING TRANSFERS IN/OUT

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund	S	-	\$	417,500
Special Revenue Fund		320,000		-
Capital Projects Fund		97,500		-
	\$	417,500	\$	417,500

NOTE 9 OPERATING LEASE

On January 1, 1999 the Authority entered into an agreement under a non-cancelable operating lease. The 30-year lease provides for two renewal options at the end of the lease, each for a tenyear period The agreement calls for an irrevocable transfer of property owned by the Authority, as well as annual payments of \$22,000 per year during the primary term of the lease. ł

2

ŝ

Future minimum lease payments for the lease are as follows:

December 31,	
2012	\$ 22,000
2013	22,000
2014	22,000
2015	22,000
2016	22,000
Thereafter	 264,000
	\$ 374,000

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2011

NOTE 10 AGREEMENT WITH CINGULAR WIRELESS LLC

During 2002, LEDA entered an agreement with Cingular Wireless LLC, whereby LEDA issued revenue Bonds in an amount agreed to by LEDA and Cingular for an amount up to \$10,000,000 and to expend the proceeds to finance the acquisition, construction, and installation of a facility (the Project) for Cingular to house a customer support center in Lafayette, Louisiana.

Upon delivery of the Bonds and receipt of the proceeds, LEDA acquired the Project from Cingular and subsequently leased the Project to Cingular. Cingular's obligation is to make payments under the agreement sufficient to enable the payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds as well as paying agent fees, trustees' fees, and all other costs and charges in connection with the servicing of the Bonds. The Bonds shall not constitute an indebtedness or pledge of the general credit of LEDA Accordingly, neither the asset nor the related Bonds are recorded on LEDA's books.

ļ

ł.

NOTE 11 CONTINGENCY

In 2006, LEDA and Louisiana Economic Development (LED) entered into a Cooperative Endeavor Agreement (CEA) with a private company regarding the establishment of a Call Center in Lafayette with the requirement of creating 1,000 new positions and payroll levels for several years in exchange for financial incentives from LEDA and LED. The CEA contained provisions for repayment of investment funds to LEDA and LED if future performance did not meet required benchmarks. In 2011, the private company made the decision to close the call center in Lafayette. Subsequent to the date of closing, LED and LEDA have been negotiating the amount and term of payment of the clawbacks owed to LEDA and LED due to failure to meet the payroll requirements as stipulated in the CEA In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, no gain contingency has been recognized in these financial statements.

NOTE 12 LITIGATION

There was no litigation pending against the Authority as of December 31, 2011.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1

ţ

T

ł

1

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 3,020,000	\$ 3,045,000	\$ 3,102,792	\$ 57,792
Intergovernmental	1 28,250	1 29,250	130,518	1 ,268
Miscellaneous	20,650	21,000	<u>22,928</u>	<u> </u>
Total revenues	3,168,900	3,195,250	3,256,238	<u>60,988</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	2,697,625	2,594,975	2,379,692	215,283
Capital outlay	60,000	80,000	50,779	29,221
Debt service	141,275	141.275	<u>141,275</u>	
Total expenditures	<u>_2,898,900</u>	_2,816,250	2,571,746	244,504
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	270,000	379,000	684,492	305,492
Other financing sources (uses):				
Interest earned	40,000	38,500	37,535	(965)
Operating transfers out	<u>(310,000)</u>	<u>(417,500)</u>	<u>(417,500)</u>	
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures and other uses	-	-	304,527	304,527
Fund balance, beginning	4,847,337	4,847,337	4,847,337	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 4.847.337</u>	<u>\$ 4,847,337</u>	<u>\$ 5,151,864</u>	<u>\$304,527</u>

1

1

ł

÷

1 :

ł

1

i

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts			Variances with Final Budget
_	Original	Amended	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues.	_			
Miscellaneous	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> =	<u>\$1.260</u>	<u>\$ 1,260</u>
Total revenues			1,260	<u>1.260</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	377,146	300,800	253,783	47,017
Capital Outlay	95,000	200,000	<u>198,358</u>	1,642
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	500,800	<u> </u>	48,659
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	(472,146)	(500,800)	(450,881)	49,919
Other financing sources (uses):				
Interest earned	1,500	1,300	1,177	(123)
Operating transfers in	300,000	320,000	320,000	
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures				
and other uses	(170,646)	(179,500)	(129,704)	49,796
Fund balance, beginning	239,725	239,725	239,725	<u> </u>
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 60,225</u>	<u>\$_110.021</u>	<u>\$ 49,796</u>

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

OTHER INFORMATION

ļ

ł

٩.

Wright, Moore, DeHart, Dupuis & Hutchinson, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants 100 Petroleum Drive, 70508 P O Box 80569 • Lafayette, Louisiana 70598-0569 (337) 232-3637 • Fax (337) 235-8557 www.wmdth.com REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH

and Members of the Board of Commissioners

Lafayette Economic Development Authority

JOHN W. WRIGHT, CPA * JAMES H. DUPUIS, CPA, CPP * JAN H. COWEN, CPA *

LANCE E. CRAPPELL, CPA. CGMA

MICAH B. VIDRING, CPA *

TRAVIS M. BRINSKO, CPA •

RICK L. STUTES, CPA, CVA/ABV, APA *

CHRISTINE R. DUNN, CPA**

DAMIAN B SPIESS, CPA, CPP

* A FROFESSIONAL CORPORATION ** A LIMITED LABILITY COMPANY

M. TROY MOORE, CPA *+ MICHAEL G. DEBART, CPA, CVA, MBA *+ JOE D. HUTCHINSON, CPA *+

+ RETIRED



STEPHANIE & BLANK, CPA BOBERT T DUCHARNIE, E, CPA JUDITH FAULK, CPA MARY PATRICIA KERLEY, CPA ROBIN T L-BLANC, CPA JOAN MARTIN, CPA, CVA, CPF, DABPA TANYA L. MIGUES, CPA STREHEN C. MODER, CPA WENDY ORTEGO, CPA, CVA ROBIN G. STOCKTON, CPA BRIDGET B. TILLEY, CPA, MT TINA S. VIATOR, CPA We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of the Lafayette Economic Development Authority of the Parish of Lafayette, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditung Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Chairman of the Board

Parish of Lafayette, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Lafayette Economic Development Authority of the Parish of Lafayette, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

CERCULAR 200 DISCLOSURE - To ensure compliance with the recently essued U S Treasury Greeker 230 Notice, unless otherwise expressivy indicated, any tax advice contained in this communication, or ensuring interests therein, was not ensured or written to be used, and ensure he used, far the purpose of (1) availing unvertised penables under the Internet Revenue Code, or (1) promoting, environment, and recommendation any two related matter address of herein.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lafayette Economic Development Authority of the Parish of Lafayette, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the board of commissioners and others within the entity, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Wright, Moore, DeHart, Dupuis & Hutchinson, LLC

WRIGHT, MOORE, DEHART, DUPUIS & HUTCHINSON, LLC Certified Public Accountants

ì

June 19, 2012 Lafayette, Louisiana

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1

1

1

[

İ.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments, which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

i

ł

ı.

!

1

!

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	2011			
	Final		Variance - Favorable	2010
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Actual
			<u>(childrentoilo)</u>	
Current:				
General government:				• • • • •
Salaries, taxes and benefits	\$ 1,485,000	\$ 1,426,669	\$ 58,331	\$ 1,296,385
Existing business retention/expansion	20,685	20,607	78	20,908
Professional development	33,000	20,779	12,221	44,283
Business Recruitment	71,000	46,415	24,585	11 7,85 5
Louisiana Crossroads Initiative	82,500	77,765	4,735	42,612
Downtown Development	12,390	10,863	1,527	11,101
Marketing and advertising	32,750	25,152	7,598	15,721
Office operations	125,000	120,885	4,115	118,480
Industrial property maintenance	20,000	18,527	1,473	14,971
Legal notices and audit	15,000	9,704	5,296	9,771
Insurance	23,000	20,280	2,720	15,468
Louisiana Public Retirement	118,000	113,281	4,719	112,320
Legal and Professional fees	40,000	27,836	12,164	21,370
Governmental & UL Lafayette liaison	42,000	38,517	3,483	34,426
Contingencies	15,000	2,720	12,280	3,032
Trade development	5.000	· -	5,000	2,113
Information services	18,595	14,193	4,402	12,871
Technology	32,350	19,728	12,622	33.018
Workforce Connection Programs	38,000	36,607	1,393	30,562
Special projects	325,705	289,164	36,541	49,144
Acadiana Economic Development Council	40,000	40,000	50,541	40,000
LEDA Labs			-	9,704
Capital outlay:	1			
Equipment and furniture	80,000	50,779	29,221	82,536
Debt service:	· · · · · ·			
Principal	130,000	130,000	-	120,000
Interest	11,275	11,275	-	18,150
			<u> </u>	
Total	<u>\$_2.816.250</u>	<u>\$ 2.571.746</u>	<u>\$ 244.504</u>	<u>\$_2,276,801</u>

Т

Ì

ł

:

AGENCY FUNDS

To account for assets held by banks in a trustee capacity for the Authority. These funds are used to account for leases and related receipts from lessees as well as bond principal, interest, and related payments made to the holders of industrial development revenue bonds issued by the Authority.

i

:

ì

i

ł

ļ

ł

ł

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS - AGENCY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2011

1

i

÷

: |

4007770	Cingular Project Senes 2001	University of Louisiana at Lafayette Art Museum	Stirling Properties of Lafayette	Totals
ASSETS Cash	s -	S -	\$ 4,193,633	\$ 4,193,633
Investments	J	3,230	······	<u>3,230</u>
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$3.230</u>	<u>\$ 4,193,633</u>	<u>\$ 4.196.863</u>
LIABILITIES				
Amounts due to bondholders and lessees	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$3.230</u>	<u>\$ 4.193.633</u>	<u>\$4.196.863</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

ASSETS

ADJEIJ				
Cash, January 1	\$ -	S -	\$ 4,193,633	\$ 4,193,633
Investments, January 1	<u>-</u>	3,230	<u> </u>	3,230
	<u> </u>	<u>3,230</u>	4.193.633	4,196,863
Additions				
Lease payments received	1,610,000	67,500	38,320	1,715,820
Interest/Dividends carned	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	251	251
	1.610.000	<u>67,500</u>	<u>38,571</u>	1.716.071
Deductions:				
Bond interest paid	1,610,000	67,500		1,677,500
Requisitions Paid	-	-	4,085,827	4,085,827
Other deductions	•	<u>-</u>	38.320	38_320
	1.610.000	<u> </u>	4.124.147	5.801.647
Cash, December 31	•		108,057	108,057
Investments, December 31	<u> </u>	3.230	•	3,230
Total assets	<u>s</u>	<u>\$3.230</u>	<u>\$108.057</u>	<u>\$ [11.287</u>
LIABILITIES				
Amounts due to bondholders				
and lessees, January 1	s -	\$ 3,230	\$ 4,193,633	\$ 4,196,863
Additions	1,610,000	67,500	38,571	1,716,071
Deductions	(1,610,000)	(67,500)	(4,124,147)	(5,801,647)
Amounts due to bondholders				
and lessees, December 31	<u>s</u>	<u>\$3.230</u>	<u>\$ 108,057</u>	<u>\$ 111.287</u>

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT REVENUE BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Outstanding December 31, 2011
University of Louisiana at Lafayette Art Muesum	03/28/02	\$ 8,500,000	\$ 1,500,000
Cingular Project Series 2001	12/21/01	23,000,000	23,000,000
Gulf Opportunity Zone Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 (Stirling Lafayette, LLC Project)	01/31/08	29.400.000	29,295,000
		<u>\$_60.900.000</u>	<u>\$ 53,795,000</u>

Compensation Paid to Members of the Board of Commissioners December 31, 2011

The commissioners of the Authority receive no compensation and are only reimbursed for their expenses incurred relating to the Authority's business, which must have appropriate supporting documentation

١.

1

Ĺ

Ţ

i

ł

! !

Т

т

Summary of Corrective Action Taken on Prior Year Findings December 31, 2011

There were no prior year findings.

Schedule of Finding and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2011

PART 1 SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Auditor's Report

An unqualified opinion has been issued on the Lafayette Economic Development Authority of the Parish of Lafayette, Louisiana's financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011.

I

i

ļ

i

÷

Reportable Conditions - Financial Reporting

There were no reportable conditions.

Material Noncompliance - Financial Reporting

There were no material instances of noncompliance.

FEDERAL AWARDS

This section is not applicable

PART 2 FINDINGS RELATING TO AN AUDIT IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

There were no findings.

PART 3 FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS RELATED TO FEDERAL PROGRAMS

This section is not applicable.